"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER
Fair and cool today and tomorrow.
Temperature yesterday—Max., 65; min., 52.
For full weather report see Page 10.

VOL. LXXIII....No. 23,991. NEW YORK, MONDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1923.—SIXTEEN PAGES TWO CENTS in Greater New York | THREE CENTS Within 200 Miles | FOUR CENTS Elsewhere

BONUS BILL SURE TO PASS CONGRESS, DECLARES LEGION

Legislative Committee Reports a Heavy Majority for Measure in Each Branch.

FIGURES HOUSE AT 8 TO 1

Bill May Get Fifty Majority in the Senate, It Is Asserted.

DECLARES A VETO FUTILE

But Insists "Big Interests" Will Attempt to Kill Bonus by Delay.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—A soldiers' bonus bill will be passed in the first session of the Sixty-eighth Congress, and if it is vetoed by President Coolidge, Congress will refuse to sustain the Chief Executive, according to the Legislative Committee of the American Legion. The committee claims an eight to one majority for the bonus in the House and a possible majority of fifty in the Senate. The Senate total is based on the reported desertion to the bonus ranks of four Senators—Cameron of Arizona, McKinley of Illinois, Edge of New Jersey and Owen of Oklahoma—who voted in the last Congress to sustain President Harding's veto of the measure.

In its report dealing with the bonus situation the committee contends that the result of the November, 1922, election indicated resentment of the voters at the failure of the Senate to override the Harding veto, and names ex-Senators Calder of New York, Frelinghuysen of New Jersey, du Pont of Delaware and Pearce of Maryland as anti-bonus members of the Sixty-seventh Congress who were "repudiated at the polls by the people of their States."

Claims Majority in Each House.

"There has never been any question," the committee continues, "about the overwhelming desire of the House of Representatives to repeatedly pass our bill, and a careful check-up shows that as a result of the election it will pass the House in the coming Congress by a vote of seven or eight to one."

A poll of hold-over Senators indicates, according to the Legion men, that the only Senators who were in the Sixty-seventh Congress who can be counted on to oppose bonus legislation are Ball of Delaware, Borah of Idaho, Dial of South Carolina, Ernest of Kentucky, Fernald of Maine, Glass of Virginia, Keyes of New Hampshire, King of Utah, Moses of New Hampshire, Pepper of Pennsylvania, Phipps of Colorado, Reed of Pennsylvania, Shields of Tennessee, Smoot of Utah, Sterling of South Dakota, Swanson of Virginia, Underwood of Alabama, Wadsworth of New York, Warren of Wyoming and Weller of Maryland.

Three of the twenty-one new Senators are classed as possibly opposed to the legislation. The three are not named, but report has it that they are Bruce of Maryland, Green of Vermont and Stephens of Mississippi.

"There is one thing absolutely certain," the Legion committee continues, "and that is that the Adjusted Compensation bill will become a law during the session of Congress. The opposition realizes this and are making their plans accordingly. They no longer hope to defeat the measure, so that the tactics of delay will be invoked and the old subterfuge of loading it down with unpopular or impractical amendments will be again attempted.

"Legionnaires may expect the maximum of publicity 'barrages' opposed to the measure and the invocation of every parliamentary ruse or device, in committee and on the floor, to delay the passage of the bill. But delay can only serve to strengthen the determination to push this just measure to early enactment."

Says "Big Business" Is Opposed.

It is charged that "powerful financial influence" will do everything possible to defeat the bill, and that the Chamber of Commerce of the United States already has started a campaign to prevent its passage.

"The Chamber of Commerce, the chief representative of 'big business,' is again to the fore," the committee asserts, "and is preparing a comprehensive campaign of propaganda designed to persuade Senators and Representatives in Congress that the people of America do not desire adjusted compensation for the soldiers."

The National Association of Manufacturers also is named as an organization which seeks to prevent the enactment of a bonus law, and another, according to the Legion, is the National Industrial Conference Board. These two organizations, with the Chamber of Commerce, are referred to as representatives of "big business interests," the committee adding that "it would be an interesting study after a perusal of their personnel, allied and affiliated interests to ascertain to what extent these industries benefited out of the war."

"From the beginning of the hostilities," the report concludes, "this has been inevitable."

The report clearly indicates that the bonus is going to figure prominently in the proceedings of the national convention of the American Legion, which will meet in San Francisco Oct. 15. That the convention will endorse the proposition by an overwhelming majority is the opinion of the officials of the organization.

How old your garters look this morning! Did you notice you needed a fresh pair? If so, this is a reminder that it will pay you to buy "Bostons."—Adv.

Samuel Randall's Daughter To Run for Goshen Office

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 30.—The Democrats of Goshen have nominated for the office of Overseer of the Poor Mrs. Susan Randall Bacon, daughter of the late Samuel J. Randall, for three terms Speaker of the House of Representatives and at one time mentioned as a Presidential possibility.

Mrs. Bacon, who is the widow of Henry Bacon, for years a member of Congress, if elected will be the first woman to serve as Overseer of the Poor in Goshen.

The Republican nominee is Robert W. Bruce, Chief of Police of the village.

MITCHELL DEMANDS ZEV RACE MY OWN

Air Service General Insists Upon Elimination Trial for Right to Meet Papyrus.

SENDS LETTER TO BELMONT

Asserts Public Is Dumfounded Over Actions of Jockey Club Selection Committee.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Brigadier General William Mitchell, Assistant Chief of the Air Service and an enthusiastic follower of racing, said today he was so exercised over the dispute as to which horse should race Papyrus, winner of the English Derby now in this country, that he had written August Belmont, Chairman of The Jockey Club, a letter which voiced the views of most horse lovers with whom he has discussed the question. His letter today follows:

Washington, Sept. 29, 1923.

Mr. August Belmont, Chairman of the Jockey Club, New York City:

Dear Sir—The country a few weeks ago was thrilled by the announcement that The Jockey Club just arranged an international race to be run at Belmont Park on Oct. 20. It was to be the first occasion in history when the greatest English and American three-year-olds were to fight for world supremacy. Those of us who love the sport, who have given our surplus time and money to the encouragement of its best aspects were delighted, not only at the prospect of such a race in itself but because we felt that it would do more than any other thing to remove a prejudice which has arisen against racing because of abuses which in the past have tended to commercialize and degrade it.

Many who cared nothing for racing looked upon the announcement as an excellent method of cementing relations between the two great English speaking peoples and hoped that such an affair would become an annual event. They believed it would be worth more than years of activities in diplomacy, propaganda and other things which are now taking so much money and efforts on both sides of the Atlantic. In fact, the race took a distinctly official turn when our Ambassador at the Court of St. James's, Mr. Harvey, at your request assisted vitally at the psychological moment in making it a certainty.

Papyrus Was Inevitable Choice.

There was never a question concerning a horse that should represent Great Britain. Papyrus, the magnificent animal which won the Derby was the inevitable choice, and Benjamin Irish, the gallant tenant farmer who owned the animal, graciously consented to take the great chances consequent upon the long and trying trip from England to America to meet our horse. It is unnecessary to discuss the possible losses which might arise as the result of such a trip.

Papyrus has arrived safely and the world knows who will represent Great Britain, but who knows what horse will represent America?

There isn't the slightest use in blinking at the facts. Many people who cheered the original announcement are dumfounded by the manner in which your club has chosen or rather has neglected to choose the American standard bearer.

Consider the circumstances: A few

Continued on Page Eight.

POLICE HERE TAKE UP DEATH OF MRS. WEBB; OPEN INQUIRY TODAY

Husband Will Be a Witness as Poison Case Investigation Starts.

DISPUTE OVER SECOND WILL

Webb Contradicts Statement of Friend That He Had Denied Its Existence.

CONTEST OVER ESTATE NEAR

Judge McIntyre Expects to Be a Witness if Prosecution Starts —Deathbed Scene.

Charles Webb will be questioned today at Police Headquarters by a high police official, thus opening an official inquiry here into the death of his wife, Mrs. Gertrude E. Gorman Webb, last Tuesday night in the Westchester Biltmore Country Club at Rye, N. Y.

Mrs. Webb died under circumstances, her friends said, which induced them to suspect she might have been murdered with bichloride of mercury in small doses.

Announcement of the prospective examination of Webb was the first positive disclosure that the authorities of this city have undertaken an investigation on the theory that if Mrs. Webb were killed by slow poisoning the application of the drug began before she went to Rye on August 29 and therefore was started in this city. For some weeks before she went to Westchester, Mrs. Webb had been in New York City.

It was known on Saturday that police headquarters had assigned at least two detectives of the Homicide Squad to the case after a consultation between Captain Arthur Carey and Assistant District Attorney Ferdinand Pecora. One detective remained outside the Webb home at 226 Madison Avenue during the funeral services on Saturday, and two detectives of the Homicide Squad attended the burial services in Philadelphia.

Webb Admits Ten-Line Will.

Webb acknowledged yesterday the existence of a ten-line will signed by Mrs. Webb during her illness. This was the instrument she was reported to have executed after it had been drawn up by her husband in his handwriting. The will was reported to have left all the $2,000,000 estate under Mrs. Webb's control to her husband. It superseded a will she had executed in February, 1921, before her marriage, in which the property was distributed among relatives. It was reported that Webb had presented a third will, which divided the estate among him and several relatives and friends and which she declined to sign.

Two of the wills, those signed by Mrs. Webb, may be filed in the Surrogate's Court for probate today. Webb said yesterday he would consult today with his attorney, Colonel Howard Thayer Kingsbury, of 2 Rector Street, as to the immediate filing of the second, or ten-line will. Irving E. Burdick, the attorney who drew up the 1921 will, will submit that document early this week, possibly today. Presentation of the two conflicting instruments would automatically develop a contest. Mr. and Mrs. William T. Hunter, uncle and aunt of the dead woman, came back to New York from their Devon, Pa., home yesterday, and their friends said they believed they had returned to take up the matter of the wills.

Judge McIntyre May Testify.

General Sessions Judge John F. McIntyre made known last night that he expected to be called as a witness in the event of prosecution. He and his wife had long been friends of Mrs. Webb and her mother, the late Mrs. S. Jennings Gorman. Mrs. McIntyre, Mrs. Burdick and Mrs. Robert S. Johnstone, wife of the former Judge of General Sessions, were constant companions of Mrs. Webb, their life-long chum, in the latter days of her illness.

Information received by Judge McIntyre, after Mrs. Webb had imparted certain important confidences to her attending physician, Dr. William J. Meyer of White Plains, and to others, impelled Judge McIntyre to visit the sickroom twice in the week before Mrs. Webb

Continued on Page Three.

Uruguay Nips Plot to Evade Our Immigration Quota Law

MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, Sept. 30 (Associated Press).—The forging, on a large scale, of Uruguayan naturalization certificates, with the object of enabling Europeans to enter the United States as Uruguayans, has been discovered by the police, whose suspicions had been aroused by an abnormal number of applications for passports by persons not born in Uruguay.

Investigation revealed that a majority of these persons recently had arrived from Europe, and therefore were ineligible for naturalization, the law requiring a residence of five years.

The certificates were obtained by false declarations of witnesses who, according to the police, apparently were members of a strong organization devoting its activities to obtaining papers for persons desirous of entering the United States from countries whose immigration quota had been exhausted. The organization, according to the police, appears to have ramifications in Argentina and Brazil.

FRENCH DIRIGIBLE FLIES 4,500 MILES

Aloft 118 Hours and 41 Minutes, It Breaks Record for Distance and Endurance.

STARTED CRUISE TUESDAY

It Went South to the Sahara Desert, Returning by Way of Sicily and Corsica.

MARSEILLES, France, Sept. 30 (Associated Press).—The French dirigible Dixmude broke today all records for distance and endurance when it landed at the Cuers-Pierrefeu airdrome at 6:46 o'clock this morning, after an uninterrupted voyage of 4,500 miles, lasting 118 hours and 41 minutes.

Leaving Cuers-Pierrefeu Tuesday morning at 7:55 o'clock, the giant dirigible made straight across the Mediterrean, flying over Algeria and Tunisia to the outskirts of the Sahara Desert on Wednesday. Starting back home Thursday and meeting with a hurricane over Sardinia, the airship was compelled to turn back to Africa.

On Friday the Dixmude started across the Mediterranean northward, flying over Sicily and Corsica. Sighting Toulon, it then shifted its course northwestward to Bordeaux, and then, steering a northeasterly course, flew over Paris Saturday morning at 7 o'clock.

Heading southward once more the Dixmude passed over Moulins, where it dropped a wreath on the monument to the aviators killed when the dirigible Republique collapsed and crashed there some years ago. The airship was over Nice and Monte Carlo at 11:30 o'clock last night. Skirting the Mediterranean during the night, it landed at its starting point this morning at daybreak.

American Fliers Are Impressed.

News of the achievement of the French dirigible Dixmude in covering 4,500 miles in an unbroken flight of 118 hours and forty-one minutes was communicated to the United States Naval Air Station, Lakehurst, N. J., last night by THE NEW YORK TIMES. Commander Frank R. McCrary, who leaves today in charge of America's dirigible ZR-1 for St. Louis, was much impressed.

It was pointed out that the mileage of the Dixmude's flight would have carried it, without landing, from Toulon, France, to St. Louis—over land to the Atlantic Ocean and across the ocean—equalling the feat of the British R-34, and thence over the miles of America, between the Atlantic coast and the Missouri city.

"That must certainly be a record," remarked Commander McCrary. "Once during the war I heard of a German airship traveling from Bulgaria down over North Africa in unbroken flight. That ship covered more than 4,000 miles, but the exact distance and the time I do not recall now. The flight of the American ZR-1 to St. Louis tomorrow, however, will be in no sense an effort for a record."

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Sept. 30.—Because of heavy rains this morning the international airplane races, scheduled to start tomorrow, have been postponed to Thusday, Friday and Saturday. B. Russell Shaw, Chairman of the Contest Committee, in making the announcement following a conference with Major Gen. Patrick of the Air Service and Lieut. Commander Mitecher of the navy said that the newly constructed air port was so filled with pools of water that it seemed impossible that the field would be in condition before Thursday.

The sessions of the Air Institute of the National Aeronautic Association, arranged in conjunction with the races, will begin Tuesday.

Lawrence Sperry, who flew here from Bolling Field, Washington, on Friday in his "flivver" plane, gave St. Louis a thrill today when he landed his ship in front of the Hotel Chase and drove up to the door, where he greeted friends. A few minutes later he "taxied" his plane, which had a wing spread of only fourteen feet, up to a boulevard, where he took off in less than 150 feet flying to the Bridgeton Air Field, eleven miles from the city.

During the day practice speed tests were made by army and navy fliers. Lieutenant S. W. Callaway, U. S. N., in a navy Wright fighter, with a 700-horse power engine, went around the thirty-mile course at a speed of 210 miles an hour. At one part of his flight he reached a speed of 230 miles an hour.

ZR-1 Starts Today for St. Louis.

Special to The New York Times.

LAKEHURST, N. J., Sept. 30.—Officials at the United States Naval Air Station announced tonight that the navy dirigible ZR-1 would leave for its cross-country flight to St. Louis at 5 o'clock tomorrow morning. If dawn proves unfavorable, the flight will be started as soon as the weather lifts. The airship will return to its huge hangar next Wednesday.

On her flight tomorrow the ZR-1 will pass over Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Dayton and Cincinnati, making a landing at the air field at St. Louis. No predictions as to the time were ventured. Commander McCrary will be in charge and will have a crew of eight officers and [illegible] men.

Mahogany Dressers, [illegible] or money back. All Furniture [illegible]—Adv.

WALTON MOBILIZES 100,000 TO PREVENT OKLAHOMA VOTING

Calls 5,000 in State Guard, 22,000 in Secret Service and 75,000 Armed Volunteers.

BARS TUESDAY REFERENDUM

But High Court Held It Legal and Legislators Urge People to Defy Governor.

BOARD ORDERS BALLOTS

Election Machinery Goes On as Constitution Provides Despite the Executive's Threats.

OKLAHOMA CITY, Sept. 30 (Associated Press).—The entire force of arms of the State will be thrown into the field Tuesday to prevent the holding of a special State election, at which a measure would be submitted providing a way for the Legislature to consider impeachment charges against Governor J. C. Walton, and to curb rioting that might result from closing of the polls, it was announced by the Governor tonight.

Early today the Governor issued a proclamation indefinitely postponing the special election, declaring that court proceedings involving his authority to call the election had prevented the Secretary of State from complying with the law, which provides that questions at issue shall be published in newspapers in each county at least five days before the election.

The Election Board could not be reached to ascertain if it had complied with this law, but it was pointed out that the State Supreme Court recently ruled that publication of such notice is not mandatory and on Friday decided that the special election set for Tuesday was legal and ordered it held. The Governor, declaring that the special election, in his opinion, would be illegal, asserted that he would revoke it.

The Governor said that mobilization orders for the entire Oklahoma National Guard, numbering approximately 5,000 men, had been issued today and that tonight 75,000 volunteer militiamen will be called to designate strategic centres for an emergency. He declined to reveal details of the mobilization plans.

In addition the Executive said that he had instructed his special corps of secret service operatives, which he said numbered 22,000 men, to assist regular county authorities to keep the polls closed.

George F. Short, State Attorney General, declared tonight there was no precedent for the Governor's action in the postponement of the election. Law book writers, he added, were unanimous in the opinion that the date of an election, when once fixed, could not be changed.

Legislators in State-Wide Appeal.

Meanwhile, plans directed by W. D. McBee, member of the State House of Representatives, and other legislative opponents of the Executive went forward rapidly, to insure an attempt by the public to vote. Following the proclamation by the Governor postponing the election, the leaders of the movement to override him established communication by telegraph and telephone with every county in the State, and tonight they announced that meetings were in progress in virtually all sections, at which speakers were urging citizens to attempt to vote in defiance of the Governor's proclamation.

Simultaneously the Governor declared that he was on the verge of proclaiming more stringent martial law throughout the State.

"I have been very patient," he said, "but one more crack and I am going to put this State under martial law that will be martial law. I am going to make them go to bed at 6 o'clock, and there will be very few passes issued after that hour.

"I have no doubt there will be many vacant houses in Oklahoma soon."

"May Be Bloodshed But No Election."

Governor Walton made no effort to minimize the seriousness of the situation.

"There may be bloodshed," he asserted, "but there will be no election.

"This is my election. I called it and I certainly have the right to postpone it. Furthermore, it would be illegal to hold it now, for the reason that the law has not been complied with through proper publication of the questions to be voted on."

The executive declared that W. C. McAlister, Secretary of the State Election Board, by whose orders machinery of the election was put in motion, was "playing with that Klan crowd."

Mr. McAlister, following the announcement of the Governor's proclamation, declared that he was powerless to stop

Continued on Page Two.

SCORE ARE KILLED, HUNDREDS INJURED AS SEPARATISTS AND FOES CLASH IN RUHR; DICTATOR OF BAVARIA DEFIES BERLIN

Holland Guards Border, Fearing German Revolt; 60,000 in Vienna Join Anti-French Demonstration

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

THE HAGUE, Sept. 30.—Great anxiety prevails in Holland regarding recent political developments in Germany and the possibility of a revolution. Detachments of Dutch troops, especially companies of cyclists, have been sent to the German frontier to be ready for emergencies, as the bands of armed and destitute Germans and desperadoes roving about the frontier increase daily, looting and robbing lonely farmhouses and residences, often killing the inhabitants.

All the Red Cross authorities have also received instructions to hold themselves in readiness.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

VIENNA, Sept. 30.—An enormous manifestation of the German Nationalist Party with affiliations in military formations and societies took place today in Vienna, some 60,000 marching along the Ringstrasse, singing patriotic songs and making speeches denouncing the French policy toward Germany.

POINCARE DEMANDS WORK IN THE RUHR

Otherwise Germany's Withdrawal of Passive Resistance Means Nothing, He Says.

MUST EXPLOIT GUARANTEES

Attacks Berlin in Speech at Ailly for "Surly Proclamation" and Threats.

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—"Our task is not finished. The surly proclamation of an inevitable truce is nothing; it is the execution which is everything."

In these words the French Premier today gave his views of Berlin's declaration of the end of Ruhr resistance.

Standing at the foot of the monument to the war dead at Bois d'Ailly, the French Premier declared France intended to remove from Germany both the desire and means to make another attack on France.

The tenor of his carefully prepared speech gave final proof if any were needed that Germany's display of ill-feeling over being forced to cease passive resistance will cost her dearly and, as M. Poincaré said "it puts on us the necessity to remain constantly on guard and in consequence to continue these weekly mediations on an inexhaustible subject for which we are furnished [material] in the memory of our experiences."

Pointing to the ruins still staining the landscape five years after the end of the war the Premier called the scene "scandalous and defying justice," and said it explained "our desire to obtain what is due us and remove forever from Germany the desire and the means to begin again her criminal enterprises." He said his soul would be filled with joy if Germany would understand the situation, "but every day she gives us new proofs she does not understand." Turning to last week's events he said:

Germany Yields to the Inevitable.

"It is true on one important point Germany has yielded to the inevitable. She declares she has been obliged to end passive resistance in the Ruhr. She declares she spent on that effort 3,500 trillion marks in one week and would have been obliged to throw 7,000 trillion into the gulf this week. She thus recognizes that she has been foolishly wasting her resources in recent months and has found it impossible to continue this crazy policy.

"Facing such a sad adventure and facing the disavowal of the interested populations, that she should seek to cover her retreat with a fake barrage was only human. But why all this boasting, these threats, these mildewed thunderbolts?"

The speaker then reviewed at length the war scenes which centred about Ailly Woods and paid a tribute to the Americans' part in freeing the district in the Fall of 1918.

"That must never happen again," he said at the end of picturing the war horrors. "Does any one imagine we

Continued on Page Two.

MONARCHIST TIDE RISES IN BAVARIA

Prince Rupprecht, at Parade of Guard Regiment Veterans, Is Hailed as King.

NATIONAL FLAG IS DROPPED

Law for Protection of the Republic Declared by Kahr Inoperative in Bavaria.

By CYRIL BROWN.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
By Wireless to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—Crown Prince Rupprecht of Bavaria was acclaimed in Munich today by the enthusiastic populace as "king" and his young Luxemburg Princess wife was just as joyously hailed as "queen."

The occasion was a reunion and grand celebration by the veterans of the "Leibregiment," an elite infantry organization which before and during the war was bodyguard to the Bavarian King or Regent. Today 20,000 turned out and paraded as ex-members of this regiment, which was abolished under the military articles of the Versailles Treaty.

If at the sound of a bugle 20,000 fighting men respond to a roll call of one defunct Bavarian regiment how many would answer if the defunct Germany Army forbidden under the peace treaty should issue invitations for a memorial and resuscitation day? From 6,000,000 upward, according to a very conservative estimate after a survey of all parts of Germany. Officers say that this is the deep significance of the Bavarian parade.

After service in the Munich Cathedral, Crown Prince Rupprecht and other local notabilia came out and reviewed the veterans, Prince Rupprecht being assisted by the self-appointed Bavarian State Commissioner and practical dictator, Dr. von Kahr, and also by the Bavarian Minister-President, von Knilling. Socialists, Democrats and ardent Republicans were conspicuously absent.

After this military show Crown Prince Rupprecht did a further popular thing by reviewing a parade of the Munich police veterans, who had served twenty-five years or more.

Crown Prince Rupprecht, in Berlin's view, continues to play a shrewd waiting game, however, starting nothing prematurely, but playing the favorite son, receptive attitude game with his ear to the ground waiting until "the people call him."

Ludendorff plays no part in these Bavarian doings; he is written off as a negligible quantity.

Dictator's First Appearance.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

MUNICH, Sept. 30.—Dr. von Kahr this morning made his first public appearance since he assumed the office of General State Commissioner. The occasion was a massed parade of police held in front of the Army Museum in the Hofgarten. He was accompanied by Prince Rupprecht and the two had a moderately enthusiastic welcome from a large crowd who were attracted by the parade.

It is evident that Dr. von Kahr is prepared to disregard completely the authority of the central Government. The law for the safeguarding of the Republic, which was passed at the time of the murder of Dr. Rathenau, has been declared officially to be inoperative in Bavaria.

A warrant for the arrest of the commandant of the Reich Flagge organization, who has been particularly violent in his attacks on the Berlin Government, had been issued under this act, but the authorities at Augsberg declined to execute the warrant, declaring it not valid in Bavaria.

Hitler's Paper Not Interfered With.

Hitler's newspaper, which had been permanently suspended in all parts of Germany by order of War Minister Gessler, appeared as usual last night and the ban is obviously not to be enforced here. The offense committed was presumably the publication of a state-

Continued on Page Two.

MASSACRE IN DUESSELDORF

Big Crowd Is Fired Upon As Matthes Begins Republican Speech.

PEOPLE FLEE IN MAD PANIC

Women and Children Hit and Trampled as Shooting Becomes General.

CAVALRY CHARGES POLICE

French Accuse Security Force of Starting Trouble—Proclaim Martial Law.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Sept. 30.—General Simon, commanding the French forces in Duesseldorf, declared a state of siege tonight following sanguinary incidents at the separatist meeting this afternoon, when ten to twenty persons were killed and a hundred or more were injured.

Patrols are circulating through the streets and ordering all persons indoors. The arrest of all Security police who, according to some observers, tried to break up a peaceful meeting with great brutality has been ordered. Several high officials will also be placed in custody as a penalty for what the French authorities call "revolting savagery."

I myself saw Security police shoot indiscriminately at men, women and children.

Communists who were holding a meeting some 2,000 strong remained grouped within 800 yards of the point where the police attacked, maintaining absolute calm. They were not molested, as they were carrying out orders, and the Security police were aware that all others were Separatists or French, apart from the newspaper men.

One journalist was badly beaten about the head by the police after they had conducted him to a "safe place" up a side street, he having demanded their protection. About 200 Security police engaged in the fight.

The population cheered the French troops re-establishing order. There is a rumor that a French Captain was killed, but it has so far been impossible to verify it.

Swore Allegiance to Colors.

Arriving by twenty special trains from all parts of the Rhineland, some 15,000 adherents of Dr. Dorten and Herren Smeets and Matthes spent the greater part of the morning peacefully swearing allegiance to the green, white and red republican colors in the railroad depot, where they were undisturbed by the German police, the French having told them to do as they liked so long as they did not disturb the peace.

Toward 1 o'clock the Separatists emerged from the station and marched toward the city, where they were joined by about 15,000 Düsseldorf supporters. Then followed a great parade and eight meetings at which orators addressed them.

Finally toward 3 o'clock a mass meeting took place in the Hindenburg Mall. It is difficult to estimate the numbers even approximately, but certainly well over 30,000 persons were there. Order was maintained very efficiently by "republican guards," mostly young men armed with heavy sticks and clubs, only a few, as was obvious later, having firearms.

Meanwhile the inhabitants of Düsseldorf who were not immediately interested in the movement had remained indoors behind barricaded doors and windows. Orders had been issued last night for everybody to stay home "lest they be mistaken for Separatists." The restaurants, theatres and public places were closed. Street cars and automobiles were not running. The municipal employes had orders to be at their posts to defend the public buildings in case of need.

Whistles the Signal for Riot.

Everything at the meeting was going smoothly when suddenly a few whistles blew. Then a Blue policeman was attacked with sticks, whether by republicans or Government agents in order to start a row it is impossible to say. Two shots were fired from a window. A young German pulled a revolver from his pocket and fired in the direction of a policeman across the street.

A few seconds later a strong detachment of Green police, hidden in a side street, emerged and opened a steady fire. The crowd, panic stricken, fled in all directions, followed by squads of police firing as they pursued. In the immediate neighborhood of the spot where I was standing over a thousand shots must have been fired. There was no quarter. Several French civilians attempting to explain that they were spectators and drawing identification papers from their pockets were shot down.

It is impossible to say how many were wounded, but I myself passed six dead before they were picked up by ambulances.

The French, who had studiously abstained from interference, all troops being consigned to barracks, finally intervened. While the Security Police were chasing the panic-stricken people Chasseurs were ordered out. These sur-

Cedric and Scythia Crash in Fog Off Ireland; Latter Is Slightly Damaged, Returns to Port

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 30.—The Scythia, outward bound for Boston and New York, and the White Star steamer Cedric, inward bound, were in collision today during a fog off the south coast of Ireland, with slight damage to both liners.

As a measure of precaution the Scythia is returning to Liverpool with her passengers, to enable a full examination to be made of the damage, which is all above the water line.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 30.—After waiting outside Queenstown Harbor since early afternoon for the Scythia to arrive from Liverpool to embark passengers for New York, a tender with more than 100 passengers returned here at nightfall, and it was learned that the Scythia and Cedric, which arrived early this morning from New York and resumed her voyage for Liverpool, had been in collision in the Irish Channel.

A dense fog has prevailed here for the last few days, and liners have had to make the harbor entrance with the utmost caution.

QUEEN[illegible], N. Sept. 30 (Associated [illegible] Cedric and the Cunard Line steamer Scythia have been in collision in a dense fog, according to a wireless dispatch from the Scythia, which is returning to Liverpool.

It is believed that there were no casualties.

The Scythia is only slightly damaged.

The Cedric had called at Cork between 6 and 7 o'clock this morning and landed passengers. She proceeded, and was off Tuskar when she came into collision with the Scythia.

The steamship Moorfowl, which runs between Cork and Pinhguard, Wales, is reported to have struck a rock off Ballycotton today in a fog. The passengers were put ashore. The vessel is reported to have been seriously damaged.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 30.—A wireless dispatch received this evening announced that the steamer Cedric was due here Monday morning.

The steamer Cedric sailed from New York Sept. 22 for Queenstown and Liverpool. The Scythia left Boston Sept. 18 for the same ports.

A QUART OF CRANBERRIES WILL serve 12 persons. Makes the finest sauce for roast beef or pork. Buy HATHON brand.—Adv.

Companion of Eloping Princess Louise Dies In Poverty in Paris Hotel Where They Lived

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—One of Europe's greatest court scandals came to an end today in a small Paris hotel with the sudden death of Count Mattachich, an Austrian nobleman and army officer, who twenty years ago eloped with Princess Louise of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, daughter of Leopold, King of the Belgians. The end of the scandal is also the end of a romance, because, except for a period when both the Count and the Princess were incarcerated, they had never been separated since their flight, and to the end, in the face of poverty, they remained ardent lovers.

The great attachment between the couple, which scandalized the courts of Europe, began when Mattachich rescued Princess Louise in a runaway. The Princess had been forced at an early age into the usual political marriage, with no consideration of love, and was extremely unhappy. Two years after her rescue the couple defied courts and customs and eloped.

The Court of Berlin was interested not only because of the position of the injured husband, Prince Philipe of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha, but also because the daughter of the Princess was married to Duke Ernst Gunther, brother of the Kaiserin. Austria was equally concerned, and through the influence of the two Emperors Mattachich was imprisoned on a charge of forgery, and Princess Louise was incarcerated in an asylum.

After four years Mattachich obtained his freedom and devoted himself to the single thought of freeing his sweetheart. Finally, after two years of planning, he carried out an audacious abduction of the Princess at Elster. From that time their life was a series of hardships. The Princess was disinherited and the couple were snubbed at every capital; but through it all the love that had caused their material ruin was never dimmed.

TAKE BRIL-ANS AFTER MEALS. Gives Amazing Benefit. Start Today.—Adv.

SALLY—MARILYN MILLER—LEON ERROL—Last Week. New Amsterdam Theatre.—Advt.

PHILADELPHIA'S NEWEST HOTEL, The Robert Morris. On the Parkway.—Advt.

rounded the police, drew a cordon around the police barracks and arrested the reserves there. Armored cars, tanks and cavalry are now patrolling the streets.

"Red Sunday" Was Predicted.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Sept. 30 (Dispatch to The London Times).—Today, as the united trade unions and political leaders of Duesseldorf had announced, has proved a "Red Sunday."

The political parties of Duesseldorf from the Nationalists to the Social Democrats and all trade unions issued on Saturday a proclamation urging the whole population to remain indoors from 1 to 4 o'clock today, during which time the Separatists would be in town.

Trams would not run, cinemas, cafés and hotels would all be closed as a protest against this invasion, against which, owing to the French occupation, they could not protest in any other form.

All public officials would remain in their offices in order to defend them as best they could against seizure by the Separatists if a putsch was attempted.

Only the Communists refused to sign this declaration and announced their invention of holding a counter-demonstration at the same time and place as the Separatists.

At about 2 P. M., an hour and a half after the advertised time as a result of the delay in the arrival of many of the "Separatist specials," the Rheinwehr with revolvers and truncheons moved off from the station. At the bottom of Königsallee Herr Matthes, the Separatist leader, made a speech reminding his hearers of their oath of loyalty to the republic which they had sworn, an "oath to which they would be true to death."

From here part of the "storm troops" marched to the Hindenburg Mall through empty streets. The people who usually crowd the broad boulevards of Düsseldorf had stayed at home in obedience to the counsel of the trade union and political leaders of all parties except the Communists.

Another section of storm troops marched to the station to escort the main body of Separatists.

A tedious wait of nearly an hour elapsed before the main body—some one hundred thousand strong—marched up under the escort of storm troops.

Suddenly Shots Are Fired.

Further delay followed. I went into the Breidenbacher Hof Hotel, from the windows and balconies of which the best view could be obtained of the masses packed around the five points at which speeches were to be delivered.

Eventually speakers arose and began haranguing the crowd, when I saw from the balcony a rush toward the side streets. In the distance there was a cry of "Communists," and almost immediately two revolver shots were fired.

The Rheinwehr Guards drew their revolvers, evil looking clubs and lengths of lead pipe covered with rubber from under their coats.

For two minutes, however, there was quiet, and I thought my hearing had deceived me with regard to the shots. Then suddenly the revolver spat violently again 200 yards away, not once but half a dozen times.

With that panic began. Up and down the Hindenburg Mall resounded the noise of shooting from every side. The hundred thousand people broke and ran wildly in every direction.

Outside the Breidenbacher Hof, under the statue of Moltke, a Separatist took up his stand and deliberately fired a dozen rounds into the flying crowd, but in his panic it is more likely he hit his own friends than an innocent foe.

Fired at Advancing Helmets.

Gradually as the fear-stricken masses squeezed their way out of the street in which they were bottled up in this wild mêlée of firing, we saw—crouched behind the balustrade of a balcony to avoid flying bullets—the glint of helmets in the sun advancing down the Hindenburg Mall toward us. From behind every tree and around every corner in the street Separatists fired at them.

Just below my balcony one fellow emptied and reloaded his mauser continually. Bullets began to strike the wall immediately behind him and he fled down a side street, an old man, hastening as fast as his years would permit him followed the Separatists and as he turned the corner received a bullet intended for the latter and coming from the direction of the helmeted men. With a cry of pain he dropped, shot in the leg, and then hobbled off with the help of another fugitive, leaving a trail of blood behind him.

Now, in the practically clear Hindenburg Mall, a number of bodies lay still, dead or wounded. Behind the car from which Matthes had been haranguing the crowd crouched a man and two terrified women. Suddenly from the broad Königsallée, only a hundred yards away, came the sound of rapid firing—from machine guns or the continental fire of magazine pistols with which the German police are armed. From my balcony I could see the crowd rushing wildly across the broad allée. Several of them dropped and lay still, and writhing on the ground were two, obviously very badly hit, down the Hindenburg Mall.

Green and Blue Police Appear.

The helmeted men came into view—the Green and Blue police. Every man had his revolver in his hand and as the bullets continued to whistle past from the enemy no longer visible to them I saw one man fire several times well up into the air. To stragglers in the street, men and women, now in terror seeking shelter, they cried "Hands up!" and let them pass when they complied with the orders.

At the end of half an hour the shooting had died down and the streets were emptied save for the Green police. Those wounded were carried to the Breitenbacher Hof and given first aid. Then, more than twenty minutes later, we saw for the first time the French—armored cars, tanks and cavalry.

Policeman Beaten to Death.

I had just re-entered the hotel, thinking everything was over, when perhaps the most horrible incident of Düsseldorf's red Sunday occurred. Twenty French cavalrymen, led by a dozen men of the Rheinwehr, galloped up to a green policeman on duty close to the hotel, surrounding and disarming him. When this was done the Separatists turned on the disarmed man and beat him to death with leaden pipes. The policeman covered his face with his hands and sank to the ground. A score or more blows were rained on him during the half minute it took to kill him. The French remained impassive and when it was over the Separatists shook hands with them.

A few yards away the hideous scene was re-enacted, although this time the green policeman appeared not to be killed outright. Both bodies were left where they were.

Separatists who tried to repeat these murders on another already wounded German policeman with a different group of French cavalry were foiled, the latter interfering to protect the policeman.

By 3 P. M. a few groups of Separatists had straggled back to the Hindenburg Mall and quiet seemed to be restored. The French estimate the casualties roughly at 300 killed and wounded, and are probably not far wrong. The wounded whom I saw were mostly hit in the lower part of the leg.

A Scene of Massacre.

DUESSELDORF, Sept. 30 (Associated Press).—The great Separatist demonstration here today terminated in a veritable massacre. A score of persons are known to have been killed, and the wounded are believed to be numbered in the hundreds.

The French occupation authorities hold the German Green Military Police (the Security Police) responsible for the outbreak, declaring that they started the shooting, in which the Communist groups later joined. The hospitals and police barracks are filled with wounded, and French military doctors are rendering all possible assistance.

The city awoke early, teeming with excitement; thousands were abroad in spite of an appeal addressed to the population to remain indoors. But street cars, automobiles and other vehicles were absent from the streets and the hotels and stores had all lowered their iron and steel gratings.

About 11 o'clock the first of the 25 trains bearing the manifestants to Duesseldorf arrived, and was received by a company of Rhineland public militia, which had just sworn allegiance to the green, white and red flag.

Soon after noon all the manifestants from points in the "Rhineland Republic" had reached the city and a procession formed and marched behind innumerable green, white and red Republican emblems to Hindenburgstrasse—a thoroughfare 200 feet wide by 1,000 feet long, adorned with heroic size statues of William I., Bismarck and Von Moltke.

The procession filed past in impressive marching order to the number of about 15,000 republicans, but with curiosity seekers added, the assembly probably totaled 40,000 when the open air meeting place was reached.

Standing directly under the statue of William I., the Separatist leader, Joseph Matthes, began speaking.

"The Separatists," he declared, "are animated by hatred toward none, but only desire peace, security and tranquility."

Shots Fired Without Warning.

Suddenly, without warning, several shots were fired from behind a lowered steel curtain protecting the plate glass entrance to a store. In the panic that ensued a small group made a concerted rush for the speaker.

The Security police fired a fusillade, and the shooting became general, the police being especially active in smashing their way through the crowds and taking prisoner many who were transferred to headquarters.

French military forces were rushed to the scene and ordered the Green police to cease using their revolvers, but according to the French, the police refused and continued to fire. The cavalry seized many of the police and surrounded their barracks, quelling the disturbance in a few minutes.

Various versions are given of how the rioting started. According to one account shots were fired either in the air or into a group of Separatists when Herr Matthes was speaking. Separatists rushed forward to deal with the disturbers and ran into a group of security police. Immediately the police opened fire into the crowds, and in less than five minutes several thousand Separatists were driven from the assembly ground and pursued relentlessly to the railroad, leaving behind a trail of dead and wounded.

Matthes Escapes Unhurt.

Matthes managed to jump into an automobile, and escaped unhurt. One spectator, who was present when the firing began, asserted that the security police did not interfere until they saw a group of anti-Separatists, lined up in a side street, firing old army revolvers point-blank at the Rhinelanders.

This spectator (an American newspaper photographer) said he saw several Separatists killed or wounded by the anti-Separatists before the police took a hand.

When the French cavalry patrols were sent out to round up the security police, they found the Separatists so enraged that the soldiers had difficulty in stopping them from killing the police. A correspondent saw two of the police clubbed to death by Separatists, who broke through the French cavalry escorting them to prison.

Later in the evening armored cars patrolled the streets and guards were placed in all the buildings in the city occupied by the French. After a semblance of order had been restored the Separatists returned to their meeting place and Herr Matthes wound up the proceedings briefly. The visiting Separatists finally left Duesseldorf in their special trains.

PLAN TO PROCLAIM REPUBLIC.

Matthes Says Revolution Will Be Resorted To if Necessary.

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DUESSELDORF, Sept. 29.—Joseph Matthes, the Separtist leader, said tonight that he would use revolutionary means to establish a republic unless the German officials in the Rhineland joined the movement peaceably.

"We will proclaim a republic before the end of Autumn. The republic will grow with the Rhenish grapes next spring," he said. "We will proclaim it in a place least expected. Paris is the best place for the announcement."

Herr Matthes said that Chancellor Stresemann sent agents last week to Cologne and Düsseldorf to offer the Rhineland a Federal status like that of Bavaria, but the Separatist Party rejected it.

"We have formed committees which soon will become provincial governments taking over power from the Prussian officials," he continued. "I will assume dictatorial powers. Other officials do not need to be Rhinelanders, but they must swear allegiance to the Rhineland ideals.

"Our frontiers must be wider than the present occupied zone, including Elberfeld and Barmen. We will not dissolve the trade unions, but will convert them to Rhenish unions. We consider the present an opportune time to declare a republic, because of the political and economic breakdown of the Reich."

Herr Matthes was accompanied by a private bodyguard to prevent assassination.

PLEDGE LOYALTY TO REICH.

All Parties at Cologne Join in a Big Demonstration.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

COLOGNE, Sept. 30.—A mass meeting of Cologne citizens of all political parties, including Communists, was held in Centre Hall of the Cologne Fair Building today. Some 15,000 persons were present. The celebrated Cologne male choir officially opened the demonstration with singing a Rhenish national hymn.

Herr Scheven, Town Councillor, was selected from a group of Reichstag members and local notabilities to deliver an address on the undying loyalty of the Rhineland to the State and Reich. His words were greeted with cheers. The oath of fealty was sworn to with upraised hands, and the German national anthem was sung by the vast gathering.

The only discordant note was furnished through an attempt by a number of youths to deprive Communists of their banner, bearing the Soviet star, which had been borne to the demonstration.

RUHR LABOR LEADERS URGE RETURN TO JOBS

Many Men Go to Work for the French, But Others Still Hold Out.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DUESSELDORF, Sept. 30.—While the outstanding feature throughout the Ruhr seems at first sight to be the apathetic calm of the inhabitants, it would be difficult to imagine a more confused situation than exists here today. Nobody seems able to conceive even remotely of what is going to happen and how the country is to return from its present state of chaos to the normal conditions of a civilized community.

Not that desire for this return does not exist. On the contrary, it is very strong on all sides. But the reaction has been too great and too sudden not to leave the people in a state of comprehensible confusion.

The communist flare-up last Thursday proved to be a mere flash in the pan. The general strike, which they declared with such forceful demonstrations as to somewhat alarm the military, turned out nothing more than a twenty-four hour demonstration "against Berlin's surrender." It was followed by a meeting of the recognized trade union leaders at Essen at which return to work was urged strongly as the only road to salvation, the workers being told to obey the order to cease resistance.

Many are doing so, although a section exists which cannot quickly get over a fit of bad temper caused by defeat. This display of temper is also shown by many industrialists, who refuse to do business with anybody despite Berlin's orders, "because passive resistance was spontaneous." All that was foreseen. It will cease quickly. The postal officials at Düsseldorf announce their intention to return to work tomorrow like their colleagues in several other cities.

The situation of the railroads, however, is not so simple. The Germans demand that all railroad men be taken back. But the Franco-Belgian régime cannot within a few hours supply nearly 200,000 with jobs on the curtailed railroad system. They have brought large numbers of men from France and Belgium with whom contracts were made, many being lodged in the habitations of expelled German strikers. It is impossible to adjust matters without much delay.

It is also necessary to establish a modus vivendi with German railroad officials. France cannot give up control of the railroads, which constitute her most important pledge here. Means must therefore be found to take back the Germans gradually to work under French control.

MONARCHIST TIDE RISES IN BAVARIA

Continued from Page 1, Column 7.

ment which was attributed to Dr. von Kahr, who is alleged to have said that whatever action he took was on behalf of Prince Rupprecht and that the time was not far distant when the Prince himself would be in a position to assume the responsibility. The statement was officially denied, but it was not thought necessary by Dr. von Kahr to inflict any punishment on the proprietors of the paper.

There seems to be little expectation that the various very drastic powers outlined in the proclamation will be exercised—yet. But the transition from a dictatorship to a monarchy must be considered as a possibility for which Thursdays' coup was merely an advance step. Bavaria considers that by her action she has given a lead which all patriots throughout Germany must sooner or later follow.

Events have at any rate helped to clear the usually cloudy political atmosphere of Bavaria. Various patriotic and political associations are hastening to avow allegiance to the new dictator, with the exception of the Hitler and Rossbach groups, who may be considered now as a negligible influence. The more reputable adherents even of these associations will probably soon transfer their services to Dr. von Kahr.

Berlin Suspicious of Kahr.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Although Bavaria remains tranquil, says a Reuter dispatch from Berlin, the Berlin press is becoming more suspicious of the ambiguous attitude of Dr. von Kahr, the Bavarian Military Dictator. It is considered, the dispatch adds, that his actions show clearly his animosity toward republican institutions, and his contempt for the Central Government's orders.

The fact that he so hurriedly rendered inoperative in Bavaria the law for the safety of the republic, says the correspondent, is viewed with particular suspicion by Socialists and Republicans, who also are furious because he suppressed the Socialist and workers' defense organization while making no attempt to suppress the organization of Adolph Hitler, the National Socialist leader.

Moreover, although Dr. Gessler, the Federal Military Dictator, ordered the suppression of the Voelkischer Beobachter, that newspaper continues to appear in Bavaria, and also was being sold on the streets of Berlin yesterday.

The Socialist and Republican papers declare it must be definitely decided who is to be master in Germany, and they urge the Government to act energetically and make clear to the Bavarian Government that it must obey the Central Government.

LEAGUE UNMOVED BY CHINESE THREAT

Talk of Her Withdrawal Starts After Failure to Keep Place on Council.

IS STILL OWING FOR DUES

These Amount to More Than a Million Gold Francs for Each Year.

GENEVA, Sept. 30 (Associated Press).—The covert threat of China to withdraw from the League of Nations because she was not re-elected to membership in the Council of the League has been received coldly in Geneva and is not expected to cause complications. As the Far East continues to be represented in the Council by Japan, which played a leading constructive rôle during the sessions under the leadership of the President of the Council, Viscount Ishii, it is the general opinion that China's remonstrance that the principle of geographical distribution has been violated is not well founded.

Another observation in China's note of yesterday was that she was obliged to support a heavy burden and pay more than a million francs in gold yearly as dues. Friends of China remarked that the League's official report showed that China was one of the heaviest contributors to the League treasury, with sixty-five units of the expense, as against eighty-eight for the British Empire, seventy-eight for France and seventy-three for Japan. It was pointed out also that the Japanese tax for the forthcoming year would be reduced by twelve units on account of the earthquake.

Commenting on China's protest, League officials said today that China's resignation would not prove a blow financially to the League, because, like several smaller States, she was in arrears. China's withdrawal, however, would be a great loss to the League from every other point of view, and efforts will be made to placate the Peking statesmen and prove that by substituting Czechoslovakia on the Council no insult was intended, but that there was only a desire to give a seat to one of the newer countries of Europe in pursuance of the principle of rotation.

Persia's solitary vote in opposition killed for this year any attempt to interpret Article X. of the Covenant of the League—an interpretation Canada and many other countries desired. The Council decided to drop the matter temporarily, and Clause X. stands integrally as framed by President Wilson and the other statesmen.

The session of the Assembly of the League of Nations ended with an impressive demonstration that disarmament, gradually achieved, stood forth as the ultimate hope of mankind, but with full recognition of the staggering difficulties in its path. The Persian representative, Zokad-ed-Bowleh, pointing out that his country was surrounded by three powerful states—Russia, Turkey and Afghanistan—non-members of the League and not amenable to its dictates, voiced the convictions of the weaker States when he insisted that the League must make a more serious effort for both moral and material disarmament.

The Persian delegate paid tribute to the South American countries for what he termed their pacific policy and praised Japan's spirit of good-will in carrying out the provisions of the Washington naval conference. Appreciation of South America's contribution to armament limitation was also contained in the official report which the Disarmament Commission submitted to the League.

The immediate efforts of the League of Nations will be devoted to securing an international arrangement to curb private manufacture and traffic in arms and to induce the United States to participate in the projected conference. An aggressive campaign also has been planned against chemical warfare in an elaboration of the Washington treaty.

7,000 ALIENS DUE TODAY.

Liners Have Agreed Not to Race to Quarantine.

Nine steamships are expected to arrive in New York today, bringing about 7,000 immigrants from Europe. There will not be any race to reach Quarantine, however, by ships belonging to companies in the North Atlantic Passenger Conference. With the approval of Henry H. Curran, Commissioner of Immigration at Ellis Island, the steamships with immigrants on board will start at ten-minute intervals from the Ambrose Channel Lightship for Quarantine according to the order in which they arrived off the lightship.

The ships include the Anchor liner Columbia, from Glasgow and Moville; the Baltic-American liner Polonia, from Libau; the Consulich liner Presidente Wilson, from Piraeus, Naples and Trieste; the George Washington of the United States Lines, from Bremen, Cherbourg and Southampton; the French liner Paris, from Havre and Plymouth; the Cunarder Carmania, from Liverpool and Queenstown, and the Royal Mail liner Orca, from Hamburg, Southampton and Cherbourg.

1,000 PRESSMEN GET CARDS.

Expect to Return to Work Today, Evening Newspaper Men First.

It was announced at the headquarters of the International Printing Pressmen and Assistants' Union yesterday that about 1,000 of the striking pressmen had now applied at the offices for cards of the International Union preliminary to returning to work. They were taking this action as individuals, it was said, instead of waiting for their chapel chairmen to turn in lists. The International officers said that the men were getting cards to return to work today, beginning with the day men employed on the evening newspapers.

Assistant District Attorney Pecora expects to begin a formal inquiry today into complaints of the mishandling of funds of the defunct New York Web Pressmen's Union No. 25. Isaac Rosenthal, Secretary-Treasurer of the local, said yesterday that the books were audited monthly by certified public accountants and were open to inspection.

MOBILIZES TO STOP OKLAHOMA'S VOTING

Continued from Page 1, Column 5.

the work that had been started, and that if the election was to be prevented the burden would be on the Governor alone.

Today ballots were being printed in ever county in the State.

Governor Walton again bitterly assailed the Oklahoma press, declaring that the opposition of newspapers to his program in the State was alone responsible for conditions in the State.

"If the Muskogee Phoenix, The Oklahoma City Oklahoman and its echo, the Oklahoma City News, and the Tulsa Tribune had been locked up and the keys to their doors thrown in the river six weeks ago, we would not be having trouble in Oklahoma today," he asserted. "If there is bloodshed you can lay it at their door and there may be bloodshed, although I dread to say it."

The Governor's proclamation postponing the election was issued after the legal manoeuvring had revolved back virtually to its starting point. Several barriers were erected to prevent the election, all of which were subsequently removed, the final action coming late last night when two opposing pleas in the United States District Court were dismissed by agreement of counsel. One sought a writ of mandamus to compel the State Election Board to put the legislative question on the ballot. The other prayed a restraining order to keep it off.

With the withdrawal of both, all legal obstacles were removed. The Governor's proclamation followed within two hours.

Mr. McAlister could not be located for a statement tonight. Upon his earlier declaration that he was powerless to stay the election, after having put the machinery in final motion, several newspapers in the State printed extra editions this afternoon advising citizens that the election would be held.

Election Board Orders Ballots.

TULSA, Okla., Sept. 30 (Associated Press).—Orders to print 30,000 ballots for Tulsa County and more than 100,000 for adjoining counties were placed with local printers today following receipt by Secretary John Smiley of the County Election Commission of a special delivery letter from W. C. McAlister, Secretary of the State Election Board at Oklahoma City.

The special vote on all six measures, including the legislative initiative question, were ordered in the ballots. The election will be held according to law, it was announced at Smiley's office.

RIGHTS IN CONSTITUTION.

Oklahomans Are Guaranteed Vote Without Military Interference.

The Constitution of Oklahoma seems to make plain the rights of the people to vote without interference by civil or military power at elections provided for balloting on initiative or referendum measures or on amendments to the State Constitution.

The Bill of Rights in the Constitution of the State of Oklahoma, Article II., provides that "all power is inherent in the people; and government is instituted for their protection, security and benefit, and to promote their general welfare; and they have the right to alter or reform the same whenever the public good may require it, provided such change be not repugnant to the Constitution of the United States. * * *

"The people have the right peaceably to assemble for their own good and to apply to those invested with the powers of government for redress of grievances, by petition, address or remonstrance.

"No power, civil or military, shall ever interfere to prevent the free exercise of the right of suffrage by those entitled to such right. * * *

"The military shall be held in strict subordination to the civil authorities. No soldier shall be quartered in any house in time of peace without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war except in a manner to be prescribed by law."

According to Article V., Section 3 of the State Constitution, under the initiative and referendum provisions of the instrument, the veto power of the Governor does not extend to measures voted on by the people, who, though regularly voting on such measures at regular elections, may be called to the polls by either the Governor or the Legislature at a special election for the purpose. The text of this portion of the Constitution is as follows:

"Referendum petitions shall be filed with the Secretary of State not more than ninety days after the final adjournment of the Legislature which passes the bill on which the referendum is demanded. The veto power of the Governor shall not extend to measures voted on by the people. All elections on measures referred to the people of the State shall be had at the next election held throughout the State, except when the Legislature or the Governor shall order a special election for the express purpose of making such reference. * * * Petitions and orders for the initiative and for the referendum shall be filed with the Secretary of State and addressed to the Governor of the State, who shall submit the same to the people."

The people of Oklahoma may also be called to the polls at a regular or a special election to vote upon an amendment to the State Constitution, as that instrument provides in Article XXIV., Section 1. The text of the section is as follows:

"Any amendment or amendments to this Constitution may be proposed in either branch of the Legislature, and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment or amendments shall, with the yeas and nays thereon, be entered in their journals and referred by the Secretary of State to the people for their approval or rejection, at the next regular election, except when the Legislature by two-thirds vote of each house, shall order a special election for that purpose. If a majority of all the electors voting at such election shall vote in favor of any amendment thereto it shall thereby become a part of this Constitution."

POINCARE DEMANDS WORK IN THE RUHR

By EDWIN L. JAMES.

Continued from Page 1, Column 6.

wish to continue in peace time these strenuous efforts, which must match the efforts of endurance and firmness of war times? No, we do not wish to have to fight day by day and foot by foot to drag from Germany thin parcels of the billions she owes us.

"The Berlin Government has announced to the world with a sound of cymbals it is going to end organized resistance in the Ruhr. It could not do otherwise. It had not the money to keep up and knew it risked losing to the Reich the local populations. But we wait to see if Germany gets to work. She no longer tries to impose conditions on us. That is as it should be. But now it is up to her to show she really is disposed to help us exploit the guarantees we hold.

"If she asks us to revoke the measures we judge indispensable to our safety or to the payment of reparations, if she dreams of receiving advantages from us in return for simple words of resignation, then we have not moved one step toward a settlement.

"The moment is not yet come to consider our task finished. The work of tomorrow is more difficult than that we have finished. The results she has obtained, France owes to her admirable spirit of patriotic co-operation which has so happily fortified her action. Do no doubt public opinion, which for long months has shown its firmness and wisdom, will continue with farsightedness and sang froid to sustain the wish for peace and justice which animates the Government of the Republic.

"Lead of Ally Woods France, has not yet got the victory the treaties promised her but she will get it. We have sworn it to you and we shall keep our word."

Tonight's papers feature Poincaré's speech with big headlines by the side of news that 20,000 Ruhr railroad workers have offered to return to their posts under Franco-Belgian direction.

It is apparent from today's speech that before opening negotiations with Germany Premier Poincaré intends to wait until the Ruhr has got back to work, which will place the French and Belgian officials in the position to collect important taxes. This would of course take a strong card away from the German negotiators. For the present the whole policy seems to be that he will take account of Germany's acts, but her words will count for nothing.

STRESEMANN MAY SEND BERGMANN TO PARIS

Question of Resuming Contact With Poincare Through an Ambassador Agitates Berlin.

BERLIN, Sept. 29 (Associated Press).—The Cabinet is confining its deliberations to a study of the nation's altered foreign relations as they have resulted from defeat in the Ruhr battle. The question of resuming contact with M. Poincaré through a duly appointed Ambassador has again become acute and Chancellor Stresemann is in consultation with several available candidates.

Among these Dr. Bergmann, former Under Secretary of the Finance Ministry and subsequently the Government's chief reparation adviser, is suggested as a suitable candidate. He is thoroughly conversant with the whole reparation history and ranks as a skilled financial negotiator. In all probability the Government will dispatch the usual diplomat to Brussels, although no choice has yet been indicated.

Parliamentary leaders believe that Chancellor Stresemann's ability to keep the coalition intact depends wholly upon the measure and promptness with which he succeeds in getting Germany's foreign affairs disentangled, now that he has made an unconditional surrender of passive resistance.

The attacks upon the present Government in Nationalist quarters primarily feed on charges that he has placed himself at the mercy of M. Poincaré without having obtained even such informal concession as "points of honor."

Unless the Chancellor is in a position to appear before the Reichstag next Tuesday with positive proof that an early resumption of the formal negotiations will be vouchsafed him and that the question of Germany's sovereignty in the Ruhr will also receive speedy clarification, his position, in the opinion of some of the leaders, is likely to become one of awkward defense.

Despite the fact that the floating debt increased five quadrillions during the second September decade and the internal situation suggests chaos in many directions, Chancellor Stresemann's supporters assert that with a state of emergency preserving physical order at home he now must have a fair chance to arrive at an understanding with Premier Poincaré before even a preliminary liquidation of the Ruhr and the Rhineland can be attempted.

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Interest allowed even though your account is closed between dividend periods.
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"What a Snob!"

So said Knickerbocker Ned sarcastically, to teammate Winnie, as she joggled along in silence. "Well, I do want to meet those Polo ponies at Meadowbrook," sighed Winnie. "Got the society bug in your bonnet, have you?" asked Ned. "No, just feeling a bit highbrow. Polo ponies are so intelligent and so well-trained"—

"And I'm just an ice wagon horse,' growled Ned — "that attends to business day-in-and-day-out in return for as good lodging, as good board and as good attention as any Polo Pony has. And don't forget, Young Lady, that we both have dandy Polo Coats in the moth balls to be worn on the first cold day."

Knickerbocker ICE Company

McCreery's 66th Anniversary Sale

The McCreery Men's Shops Offer These Sale Values

Once a year we hold an Anniversary Sale—once a year such values are offered. *The time to act is now!*

New Fall Suits—2 Pair of Trousers $35.00
New Fall Suits of all wool worsteds, unfinished worsteds, cassimeres and cheviots in a variety of new colorings. Blues, Tans, Grays, Browns in stripes and mixtures. Single, double breasted and sport models. All sizes.
After the Sale $45.00

Fall Top Coats $33.50
These top coats just arrived from London, were tailored over there expressly for the McCreery Men's Shop and priced especially for the Anniversary Sale. Shetlands, Cheviots and Tweeds in distinctive weaves and designs. Three button single breasted models with Raglan shoulders or set-in sleeves. Sizes 34 to 48.
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Men's Felt Hats $2.95
Brand new styles in brand new colors, welted, stitched or bound edges.
After the Sale $4.00

Wool Dressing Gowns $12.50
Warm, comfortable gowns either braided or cord trimmed. Oxford, Tan, Blue and Green.
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Fifteen models in Brogues, Bluchers and Balmorals. Calfskins, Cordovans, Scotch Grains, Viking Calf and Vici Kid are the leathers. The low sale price gives you no means of judging the quality—prices will return to normal after the sale.
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Medium weight union suits in regulars and stouts.
After the Sale $4.00

English Broadcloth Shirts $2.55
Imported English Broadcloth Shirts made with box pleat center, full cut—white only.
After the Sale $3.35

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THIRTY-FOURTH STREET ▼ FIFTH AVENUE ▼ THIRTY-FIFTH STREET

16.75
Plaided or Striped
Fall Coats
Reduced to
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CHOICE, soft-toned, fleecy weaves. School, sport, street and travel styles, for Madame or Mademoiselle. Serviceable now and the year round.
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Special Sale
Dinner Cloths at Less than Half Price
An unusual occasion enables us to offer 110 fine Dinner Cloths of pure Damask Linen (without Napkins), individually worth up to $50.00, at the following special prices:
$10.50 to $21.00 each
Sizes, 2¼ x 2½, 2¼ x 3, 2¼ x 3½, 2¼ x 4
2½ x 2½, 2½ x 3, 2½ x 3½, 2½ x 4
Also a group of splendid quality Cloths and Napkins of handsome design, at the following reduced prices:
Table Cloths
2 x 2 yds. at $5.00, $6.00 and $6.25 each
2 x 2½ yds. at $6.25, $7.25 and $8.00 each
Napkins
$6.00 and $7.00 per dozen

RAID SHILOH HOUSE, SEEKING PURNELL

Fifty Michigan Officers Fail to Find "King" of the House of David.

AIDED BY FORMER MEMBERS

Mother Denounces Bamford Girls as Informers—Colonists Profess Faith in Purnell.

BENTON HARBOR, Mich., Sept. 30 (Associated Press).—State police aided by Berrien County deputies invaded the House of David colony here early today in a fruitless search for Benjamin Purnell, missing head of the cult, sought on a warrant charging him with a statutory crime.

The raid had its dramatic moments, nevertheless. One was when Gladys Bamford Rubel and Ruth Bamford Reed, former Shiloh girls, were suddenly confronted by their mother, a colony member. Facing Mrs. Reed, she raised her hand in a threatening gesture and said:

"Gladys and Ruth, you have brought all this trouble upon us. I want nothing more to do with you."

Mrs. Reed turned half away. "If that's the way you feel, mother," she answered. Other colony members interposed and led Mrs. Bamford away, advising her "not to have any words."

"Queen" Mary Purnell, wife of Benjamin, appeared momentarily while the party was moving through Shiloh House. She denounced the affair as "an outrage," and protested at "bringing a mob into the house." Then she asserted that it was "all the work of outsiders," and "Israel will sooner or later come into its own."

The huge structure where Purnell made his headquarters is like a beehive in construction. There are many rooms, and the "king" had his quarters at the back of the front section, separated by a court from an adjoining building.

Two small rooms, connected by a hall, with a bed in each room, a huge chest bound with brass, a desk ornamented with some unique fabric work, two clothes closets full of clothing and a vault containing an iron safe were discovered by the raiding party under the command of Colonel Roy C. Vandercook. The furniture was plain. The safe in the vault was not opened. There were some robes, trimmed with imitation jewels. No trap doors or secret passages were found, nor was there evidence that there had been. The Bamford girls said they had existed but had been sealed up.

The other rooms in Shiloh House were even plainer. The floors were bare and the furniture was almost dilapidated.

The search was conducted without a hitch, and the objections from the members of the colony were few. The women members expressed all the vehemence that was evident, objecting to the presence of the newspaper men and photographers, who attempted to take photographs of the inside of Shiloh House.

As the motor cavalcade came near the colony two bearded men appeared and looked intently at the string of automobiles. They then disappeared, and immediately there was a stir. The State Police and Deputy Sheriffs of Berrien County received search warrants and then started through the colony. The Bamford girls and their husbands led the members of the party, which searched Shiloh House. H. T. Dewhirst, a member of the House of David Council, and Francis Thorpe, Secretary and acting head of the colony in Purnell's absence, offered their services.

After the first flurry the utmost composure prevailed among the colonists. Behind a long row of smaller buildings, in which the lesser members live, women were husking corn, peeling potatoes and drying clothes. Breakfast was interrupted for many colonists. A number of girls apparently in their teens and dressed in plain house dresses, short, and of ordinary material, were about the grounds. Young men, with their hair in two plaits and dressed in overalls, were at work.

The Bamford girls clung to the arms of the searching officers. Many of the members were willing to talk, expressing their utmost faith in Purnell. They professed to know nothing of his whereabouts.

LANSING, Mich., Sep. 30.—The one-man Grand Jury investigation of the House of David colony will be resumed at St. Joseph, Tuesday, Oct. 2, according to an announcement made today by Assistant Attorney-General Homer Quay. Statements taken by Judge Harry J. Dingeman here recently from Gladys Bamford Rubel and Ruth Bamford Reed will be read into the Grand Jury record at that time. It is probable that additional witnesses from the colony will be called.

As a result of the decision of Judge Dingeman and Mr. Quay to reopen the inquiry there is a possibility, it is said, that perjury warrants may be issued. Mrs. Reed has been in Lansing for some time checking over the testimony given by colony inmates in the Grand Jury inquiry. She is said to have found many discrepancies. Indications are that some of the former witnesses will be recalled to verify their statements.

The proceedings at St. Joseph will be conducted by Judge Dingeman and will be secret.

PUBLIC WANTS NEWS.

Features and "Stunts" of Less Account, Says La Nacion Circulation Manager.

John A. McNeill, circulation manager of the newspaper La Nacion of Buenos Aires, who arrived yesterday from South America on the Lamport & Holt liner Vestris, said that his paper spent $60,000 a month on cable news from all parts of the world.

"The newspaper that prints the best news today gets the circulation, no matter how much may be spent on features, novels and other stunts," said Mr. McNeil. "The public wants good news service like that which is printed in THE NEW YORK TIMES.

"The people in Buenos Aires and South America generally desire to have better understanding with Americans than they have at the present and hope that visitors from the United States will be a little more tolerant of the conditions there than they have been in the past. The majority of the educated natives in Argentina and Uruguay speak French and English fluently besides their own language, Spanish. Seventy per cent. of the American and English residents there can speak neither French nor Spanish."

Mr. O'Neill added that people in Buenos Aires and Montevideo went out of their way to explain things to English speaking visitors and that policemen had walked blocks to guide a stranger who had lost his way.

OSAKA IS AROUSED BY TOKIO DEMANDS

Threat to Hold Insurance Men Stirs Old Feeling of Rivalry.

MAY WITHDRAW RELIEF

Proposal to Rebuild National Capital by a General Tax Is Also Resented.

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OSAKA, Sept. 29.—The people of Osaka are highly indignant at reports from Tokio that the municipal assembly there at an executive session decided that Osaka fire insurance representatives will not be allowed to return home until they agree to pay insurance losses. Seventeen such delegates now in Tokio are apprehensive and secured a pledge before leaving for Tokio that the safety of their persons and lives would be guaranteed. The Yokohama assembly is reported to be acting in concert with Tokio.

This promises to bring to a head the long existing rivalry between the two cities, possibly antagonizing Osaka to an extent that it will refuse further to aid the earthquake sufferers. Osaka merchants and bankers suffered severely during the moratorium, having to meet their own bills and being unable to collect from their Tokio debtors.

Tokio's suggestions to restore the capital at national expense is the subject of much covert criticism here, where it is felt that the Osaka district will be taxed to recreate a rival trade centre.

STARR TELLS OF ESCAPE.

American Scientist Found Refuge in a Tokio Temple.

AUBURN, N. Y., Sept. 30.—A letter has been received here from Professor Frederick Starr, anthropologist, recently of the University of Chicago, describing his escape from the earthquake and fire in Tokio. Professor Starr was saved, he writes, by his Japanese boy, who guided him to the enclosure of Zojoji, a famous Buddhist temple. After telling of the night of horror and confusion and narrow escapes from death, Professor Starr says:

"We went to the temple grounds, but at midnight the priests took us up higher and higher to the innermost temple. Here on the topmost step I sat till morning, watching the brazen sky beyond the slope meaning ruin to millions."

Professor Starr will remain in Japan to complete the work he was about to undertake—a study of the terrain about Fujiyama.

10,000 ATTEND FIELD DAY.

Firpo Aids Red Cross at Sports for Japanese Relief Fund.

Ten thousand persons were present at the Red Cross field day for the Japanese earthquake fund held under the ... of the military authorities at Fort Hamilton. Lieut. Col. Elvin Wagram, commandant of the fort, presided. Bay Ridge religious, civic and fraternal organizations were represented.

After addresses by Japanese Consul General J. Ameha and Representative William E. Cleary, athletic events were held. A feature of the program was the appearance of Luis Firpo, the boxer, who played a national Argentine game, roscita. This consists of attempting, while on horseback, to untie a ribbon on the arm of an opponent. A polo game between Governors Island and Fort Hamilton teams ended in a victory for the latter.

SOFIA ASKS SERB AID TO CATCH RED CHIEFS

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SOFIA, Sept. 29.—Seeking to avoid surrender, the defeated Bulgarian rebels, whose number has been reduced to about 1,000, have scattered in the mountains of Tchlprovitze, whose crest marks the line of the Serbo-Bulgarian frontier, with the intention of passing in isolated groups into Yugoslavia.

The presence in this centre of Kolaroff, the Secretary of the Communist International, and of Dimitroff, one of the most violent leaders of the Bulgarian Communists, has caused the Sofia Government to ask for the assistance of the Yugoslav Government, with a view of preventing the escape of the two chiefs of the Communist movement.

With the flight of these insurgents, the Agrarian-Communist rebellion has been definitely suppressed. Order and tranquility have been re-established throughout Bulgaria, except for a few insignificant incidents here and there.

LADDIE BOY ENDS SITTINGS.

Mrs. Harding Will Soon Get Statue Bought by Newsboys' Pennies.

BOSTON, Sept. 30.—Laddie Boy, the former White House dog, has completed his arduous fifteen sittings for Miss Bashka Paeff, sculptress, and the model of his statue to be presented to the widow of President Harding will be completed soon, it was announced tonight at the offices of the newsboys' nation-wide "Laddie Boy" Penny Campaign. The newsboys of the country plan to contribute one penny each to the statue fund as a tribute to the memory of the late President.

Among the former newsboys who will serve on the National Committee, it was announced tonight, will be Governor Smith of New York; United States Senator David I. Walsh of Massachusetts; Adolph S. Ochs, publisher of THE NEW YORK TIMES; Cyrus H. K. Curtis of Philadelphia; Charles Marshall, Chicago Opera Company baritone; Aaron Sapigo of San Francisco, founder of the California Farmers' Co-operative Marketing Association; Matt C. Brush, President of the American International Corporation; Major George L. Berry, President of the International Pressmen and Assistants' Union, and Master Wesley Barry, moving picture actor.

A letter of Mr. Ochs's in reply to the committee's request that he act on the honorary committee follows:

"I shall be glad to be included in the list of former newsboys. I am of the class of 1869-72—a bit over fifty years ago."

Others replied in a similar vein.

PARIS POLICE CHECK PUT ON FOREIGNERS

Reds' Activities Lead Authorities to Enforce the Registration Law.

ALL ALIENS TO BE LISTED

Concierges Will Furnish Necessary Information Link Between Residents and the Police.

Copyright, 1923, by The New York Times Company. Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—Activities of foreign Communists in the French capital has caused the Prefect of Police to begin a rigorous control of all non-French visitors and residents in this city. The new régime of supervision of foreigners, which was drawn up yesterday and announced today, will go into effect immediately.

Foreigners stopping in Paris more than two months have been required all along to register their presence by taking out cards of identity, and they are supposed to report to the local commissariat all changes of domicile. Till now, however, these rules have not been overstrictly enforced, and when a raid was made on tourists in order to recall to them the existence of this regulation, those found in default suffered fines of only 2 or 3 francs.

Now, with the frequent recurrence of Communist activity, this is all changed. Commissaries throughout Paris and the Department of the Seine are to be supplied with indications of all foreigners residing in their districts, and these are to be checked up by personal investigation. At the same time, a list of all foreigners residing in various districts is to be made by the police and checked against the list of those registered. Those found in default will be severely dealt with.

Carrying out the new orders will not be so difficult as might be imagined. Concierges supply the link between the populace and the police, and all foreigners can be sure their actions will be known to the commissariat before they are well completed.

M. F. EGAN HAS RELAPSE.

Ex-Minister to Denmark's Condition "Extremely Critical."

BEACH HAVEN, N. J., Sept. 30.—Members of the family of Maurice Francis Egan, former Minister to Denmark and author of international fame, were called to Egan's home, Gables by the Sea, here tonight, when physicians announced that the author, who has been ill for three weeks, took a turn for the worse. Physicians tonight said his condition was "extremely critical."

Mr. Egan, who is 71 years old, has suffered for many years from chronic kidney trouble. On Sept. 8 he became extremely ill and several physicians were called to attend him. After a period of grave concern it was announced, last Friday, that the patient was out of danger.

Today, however, he gave evidence of a general breakdown and subsided into a dangerous relapse.

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161-11 Jamaica Ave. . Jamaica, N.Y.

Lawyers Title and Trust Company

The Ambassador

PARK AVENUE AT FIFTY-FIRST STREET

"Where Dining Is an Art"

ANNOUNCES the opening on October 3rd of the

AMBASSADOR GRILL

Informal dinner and dancing, 7 to 9.30. After theatre supper dancing 11 till 2.

Cortez and Peggy will appear nightly in a new and startling series of whirlwind dances.

Music Coleman's Ambassador Dance Orchestra

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To those unable to secure immediate accomodations in the Allerton House group, a service is extended by which carefully selected and investigated rooms are available. This service brings together the right man, the right room, at the right price, and without the uncertainty which attends individual "room hunting". No charge is made for this convenience.

Allerton Club Residences
Room Service Bureau
369 Lexington Avenue
Telephone, Vanderbilt 4964

The new Fraternity Clubs Buildings, 22 East 38th Street, will be available to college men of the participating fraternities about October First.

Metropolitan Art Auction Galleries

Auctioneers and Appraisers
45-47 WEST 57TH STREET

Public Auction Sale of over 700 Miscellaneous Lots of

Fine Furniture also Complete Household Belongings

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Sale Days:
Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday
October 3, 4, 5 and 6
Afternoons at 2:30 o'clock
On Exhibition Today and Tomorrow from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.

S. G. RAINS, Auctioneer.

A Definite Departure in Apartment Hotel Arrangement

Gladstone

114-122 EAST 52ND STREET at PARK AVENUE

Apartments One to Six Rooms
FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED
NOW OPEN

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Furnished and decorated by Wm. Baumgarten & Co.

The Gladstone is not too large, and therefore yields to the intimate touch of service. Possesses features never before obtained in a hotel.

EDWARD S. WILTBANK,
Resident Manager,
Formerly of Hotel Chatham.

A Woman's First Duty Is To Be Beautiful!

CERTAINLY, no woman should neglect to set off her natural endowments to advantage. And of all the aids to beauty none takes precedence over pearls, nor shares equality with them as an ornament of feminine loveliness.

Let us interest you in a Necklace of Técla Pearls, the prized possession of many of the world's most beautiful women.

Técla Pearls can be procured in America only from Técla, 398 Fifth Avenue, New York.

Técla Pearl Necklaces with Diamond Clasps $100 to $350

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to connect with an old-established First Mortgage Bond Institution is open to five or six salesmen of high calibre.

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Bonds sold by this house offer an attractive advantage to those who have solicited investors in New York City and surrounding territory, and salesmen who are looking for a profitable and permanent connection should investigate.

The members of our sales organization have been informed that this advertisement will be published.

All correspondence treated in the utmost confidence.

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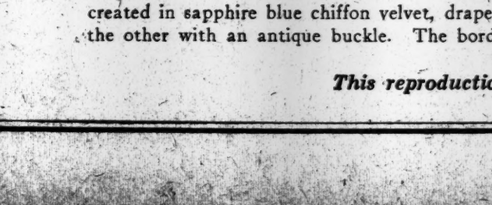

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Suites of 2—3—4 Rooms
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POLICE HERE TAKE UP DEATH OF MRS. WEBB

Continued from Page 1, Column 3.

died. As a consequence of these visits he consulted with Mr. Pecora Tuesday afternoon. It was then that Mr. Pecora urged an ante-mortem statement. But Mrs. Webb's condition forbade. Mr. Pecora, before her death, had arranged that in event of death Dr. Otto H. Schultze, Medical Examiner should participate in the autopsy. Dr. Schultze was reported later to have said that he had found evidence of a corrosive substance.

"I do not want to appear by innuendo or in any other way to direct suspicion against any person," said Judge McIntyre last night. "There must be a presumption of innocence. Whether the conversations I had with Mrs. Webb will be regarded as a death-bed statement and admissible in the event of a prosecution is a matter that it will be necessary for some other judge to determine. These conversations, however, would be material in the case of litigation over the estate.

"The only notes I made of my two visits to the club were notations of the dates and hours of those visits, together with a record of the names of the persons who accompanied me there and of the persons I found in the sick room. At this time I cannot disclose what those conversatoins were. I cannot make known anything about them until I am called. All I can say is that Mrs. Webb expressed dissatisfaction with a certain period of her life.

"It must be remembered that my interest in the case is that of an old-time close personal friend and former counsel to Mrs. Webb's mother and of a man who had a deep paternal affection for Mrs. Webb."

Judge McIntyre related incidents that had been told him by Mrs. McIntyre of the hour before Mrs. Webb's death. This story had to do with Webb's presence at the threshold of the room just before his wife died and his absence from the hotel during her last moments and for a time following her death.

Continuing his discussion of the case, Judge McIntyre said he had been told that a preliminary examination had revealed a corrosive substance in the viscera. He added, however, that he was not in possession of evidence to this effect and that the matter was one now for the authorities to handle. He went on:

"I knew Mrs. Webb for years, having been her mother's attorney and having to do with the handling of the estate when I was practicing law. That is why I am so intensely interested in the manner of Mrs. Webb's sudden taking off and the facts relating to her death."

McIntyre on the Estate.

Judge McIntyre said that the death-bed confidences reposed in him had to do with the condition of the estate as he knew it and not with any suspicions Mrs. Webb may have had with regard to the nature of her illness. These latter confidences, it was said, were made to Dr. Meyer, the two nurses and, it was added in some quarters, to Mrs. Johnstone, Mrs. Webb's close friend and confidante.

"The only notes I took, as I have said, were the dates and the names of those present," said Judge McIntyre. He added that when Mrs. McIntyre, who accompanied him, realized that Mrs. Webb's minutes were numbered, and that no clergyman was at hand, his wife knelt beside the bed and read the litany of the dying. It was in the midst of this reading, he added, that there came a knock on the door and Webb appeared. Webb was said to have not been in the sick room for ten days. He professed to fear violating orders of Dr. Meyer to keep out of the room.

Judge McIntyre denied making a statement that Mrs. Webb confided to him she may have signed a will while dazed. "She told me she signed no will and that she was not dazed," he said. "Mrs. Webb refused to sign the third will because of its intricate nature."

Confusion Over Ten-Line Will.

Some confusion was created as to the existence of the reported ten-line will when George Taylor, an insurance man of 56 Pine Street, living at 329 West Eighty-third Street, told reporters that Webb had denied to him that there was a second will. Taylor attended the funeral services here and the burial in Philadelphia. Webb repudiated the quotations attributed to him by Taylor with regard to the second will.

The interview with George Taylor included information that up to last night could not be verified. Other information he yielded was brought to the attention of Webb and commented on by him. Taylor said:

"Webb and I talked on the train to Philadelphia yesterday. He said he telephoned the night before to the District Attorney's office and that they told him there was no suspicion of poisoning in connection with his wife's death and that no poison had been found. I asked him about the will. He said, 'What will?' I told him I was speaking of the will he drew up for her to sign. 'There was no such will,' he said. Then he paused and went on, 'Don't you know that the Hunter family comes into a large share of the estate under Gertie's will, as do a large number of the other relations?'

"Then Webb said, 'George, did you notice at the funeral that almost every one ignored me?' I replied that the only thing I thought he had done improperly was not to have insisted on forcing his way into his wife's room during her illness.

"He said in reply, 'Why should I go in there when the doctor's orders were for me to keep out, as her heart might snap almost any time?' I said that should make no difference, as it was as liable to snap with one person in the room as another. I reminded him that the doctors and nurses were in the room.

"'Have you read the newspapers?' I asked next. He replied, 'No, I do not want to, as I have enough on my mind.'"

Disturbed by Friend's Talk.

In a telephone interview yesterday Webb expressed regret that Taylor had talked of their conversation.

"Mr. Taylor has told reporters that you said to him, while riding to the funeral Friday, that there was no ten-line will," Webb was informed. "He quoted you as saying there was no second will, referring to the one said to have been drawn up by you, leaving you all the estate, and which Mrs. Webb was reported to have signed."

"Listen, now, man to man," protested Webb, "we are discussing the most confidential affair of a person not living. I have made an appointment to meet my attorney, Colonel Howard T. Kingsbury, tomorrow with regard to the publication of the will in his hands. We are to discuss the immediate filing of the will."

"Mr. Taylor insisted you said there was no ten-line or second will," Webb was reminded.

"I will discuss with my attorney tomorrow the filing of the last will. It is in his possession," Mr. Webb repeated.

Captain Carey Sees Friend of Webb.

It was learned last night that Taylor was interviewed yesterday by Captain Carey and a detective of the Homicide Squad, who obtained from Taylor a long statement, in which he told of a conversation with Webb shortly before Mrs. Webb's death. He also related to the police conversations he had with Webb after the death and while en route to Philadelphia.

Taylor had written out a detailed account of his conversations with Webb from notes which he jotted down immediately after the conclusion of these talks. The information which he gave to Captain Carey, according to friends of Mrs. Webb, who have been in communication with the authorities, were considered most important, they said. The contents of this statement were also known to Irving E. Burdick, attorney for Mrs. Webb.

This was Taylor's account, in part:

"I was a friend of Mrs. Webb for sixteen years. I knew her very well and we all thought the world of her. I knew Webb only as an acquaintance. Nevertheless, I was one of the ushers at his wedding, on Nov. 4, 1922, and accompanied Webb on the funeral trip to Philadelphia. I also was at Mrs. Webb's bedside at the Westchester Biltmore Country Club, and feel terribly broken up over her sudden and unexpected death. On the trip to Philadelphia Webb began to take hold of himself and to become less moody.

"It was then that I sought to question him about some of the things that had appeared in the newspapers, and he asked me why they were directing their suspicions as they were and why some of his former friends had shunned him. It was then that I told him that I thought it was because of the second will that he drew up and which his wife executed, leaving all the property to him. He, however, flatly denied that there was a second will and mentioned the fact that the Hunter family, under his wife's will, came in for a large share of her estate, as did other relatives.

Taylor said he learned of Mrs. Webb's severe illness early last Tuesday (the date of her death), when he was notified by Burdick's secretary. He said he then telephoned Mrs. Hunter of Devon, who was at the Gedney Farms Hotel in White Plains and that she verified the report of her niece's serious illness and expected death. Mrs. Hunter told him, he said, that if he wished to see her before she died he had better hasten to the Westchester Biltmore. Taylor said he had seen Mrs. Webb three weeks before the day of her death at the Roosevelt Hospital and that he was stunned when he noted the change in her condition. She was there found to be suffering from kidney trouble.

Taylor at Deathbed.

When he reached the club, Taylor said, he found Webb in the hall. Others near by included Judge and Mrs. McIntyre, Colonel Kingsbury, Dr. Meyer, Mrs. Johnstone, Mrs. Burdick, Dr. Davenport West and two nurses. Mr. Gorman, father of the dying woman, was also at the bedside. Mrs. Johnstone introduced Taylor to Dr. Meyer. Then he was taken into the sick room. He came forth a little later badly shaken. "My friends said I was white as a sheet," he replied. "I told Webb that I had never seen his wife looking so badly. He made no comment and I repeated what I had said. He was pacing up and down the hall. He said he had no sleep."

Taylor said Dr. West approached him, placed a hand on his shoulder and said both Webb and he were both tired out and nervous. Taylor said he pleaded with Webb not to pace so much. He said he thought Webb might collapse or lose control of himself.

Taylor said he made another visit to the sick room at 4:30 o'clock in the afternoon. Mrs. Webb had been semi-conscious for half an hour. Taylor thereafter went in and out of the room several times before Mrs. Webb's death, which was reported to have taken place at 7:03 in the evening. She had then been unconscious and unable to recognize any of her friends since shortly after 4:30 o'clock.

Webb at His Wife's Bedside.

Taylor said Webb was induced by some of the women present to go to his wife's bedside before she died. This contradicted assertions of others that Webb did not enter the room and Taylor said he knew there had been some confusion on this point. He said Webb gazed at his wife's ashen face and motionless form and once dropped to his knees. This, it was said by Taylor, was when Mrs. McIntyre read a litany for the dying from a prayer book, no clergyman being present.

During Mrs. McIntyre's recital of the prayer, Webb remained with his face pillowed on his elbow, said Taylor.

After Mrs. Webb's death, when her friends decided an autopsy was necessary, following a conference held in the home of Dr. Meyer, 85 South Lexington Avenue, White Plains, the body was turned over to McGrath's undertaking establishment at Bronxville. At the conference in Dr. Meyer's home, it was said, were Judge McIntyre, former Judge Johnstone and Mrs. Johnstone and other friends of Mrs. Webb. It was after this conference that Dr. Meyer called upon Coroner Fitzgerald to arrange for the autopsy and suggested the New York physicians whom he wanted to have perform the autopsy. Dr. Meyer and Coroner Fitzgerald married sisters.

The autopsy was to have been held secretly and all who attended it were pledged to secrecy, but the news leaked out and two newspaper reporters employed by Westchester County papers were on hand, although they could not gain admittance to the autopsy room.

These reporters were unable, that day (Wednesday) to verify the report that Mrs. Webb had died under suspicious circumstances and that Dr. Meyer had refused to sign the death certificate.

Taylor was one of the first to arrive at the Webb home Saturday morning for the funeral service, having previously sent flowers. There was some confusion when friends gathered around the coffin in one of the front rooms of the Madison Avenue dwelling. A cousin of Mrs. Webb was found remonstrating against Webb's efforts to open the coffin. The undertaker, however, prevailed upon Webb to refrain from pursuing his purpose, saying that the coffin had been sealed by orders of the Coroner.

It was during the train trip to Philadelphia and, again on the return ride, that Taylor, seated alongside Webb throughout, obtained the alleged denial of the existence of a second will made entirely in Webb's favor. Taylor said the denial was actually made on the return journey.

Took Notes of What Webb Said.

After they had reached New York, Taylor jotted down notes of his talks that day with Webb, which he later made public to reporters and to the police. These notes began with the conversations in the Madison Avenue home. Taylor said that if there was no second will in existence, as Webb had said, a great injustice had been Webb.

Later it was disclosed that the name of Wilson Woelpper, was believed to have been signed as that of a witness to the ten-line will alleged to have been executed by Mrs. Webb. Wolpper came into the employ of the Webbs as a confidential agent, accountant and bookkeeper when the former "business man" who had held that position was discharged.

Woelpper is said to be a close friend of Webb. When a representative of THE NEW YORK TIMES sought yesterday to question Woelpper at his home in Philadelphia with regard to the second will, Woelpper would not answer the doorbell. In answer to a telephone call, he replied that he had nothing to say "other than that I will be in New York in a day or so for an important conference."

Friends of Mrs. Webb are authority for the statement that Webb ordered the discharge of a stenographer who had been in the employ of Mrs. Webb for many years. Webb then installed another young woman as his stenographer at 280 Madison Avenue, from which offices the Gorman properties were managed. Friends of Mrs. Webb thought it possible yesterday that this new stenographer may have signed as a witness to the second will.

Webb Managed Property.

"Mrs. Webb," one of her friends said yesterday, "had been an aggressive and clear-headed business woman during the years in which she managed her mother's estate. She was very clever in the handling of real estate deals under the guidance and advice of Mr. Burdick, her attorney. I am told that soon after her marriage. Mr. Burdick ceased to act as general overseer and adviser in matters affecting the estate and that Webb took over the management entirely. He had served Mrs. Gorman, mother of Mrs. Webb, in helping in the management.

"Soon after her marriage Mrs. Webb seemed to lose track of her close friends. It appeared to these friends that she had changed in her demeanor from the aggressive, able business woman to a rather supine, lack-lustre type of person, with none of her old spirit or interest in life and things in general.

It was said last night at Bellevue Hospital, where Dr. Alexander O. Gettler, toxicologist, has been examining the viscera, that he would file this afternoon a preliminary report as to whether his analysis thus far had disclosed any evidence of poisoning.

Pending receipt of information from Dr. Gettler no questioning of witnesses would be undertaken, said District Attorney Arthur Rowland at White Plains last night.

Friends and relatives of Mrs. Webb were frankly impatient with the Westchester County authorities, blaming them for making known prematurely some of the facts relating to the case.

Dr. Meyer said last night:

"I don't know what is the matter with the county officials. They don't seem to know where they are at. I went to the District Attorney. He did not come to me. He never approached me about the case. I told him of my suspicions, and he did not say a thing. He did not do a thing. I won't say until I am called as a witness what it was that Mrs. Webb confided to me from her sick bed. She died under very mysterious circumstances. If the toxicologist's report shows what we think it will show, the case will become one of the most sensational in the history of crime in this country."

Dr. Meyer has been a student of criminology for many years. He was a professor in Fordham Medical School and has had a large practice in White Plains and this city. He has offices here at 41 Park Avenue. He has been sought to deliver a series of lectures in the high schools of this city the coming Winter on certain phases of crime which he has studied from a scientific viewpoint. He has told friends of Mrs. Webb that his suspicions were aroused almost as soon as he entered the case and discovered the nature of his patient's ailment. From then on he carefully recorded each detail of the progress of the ailment. He is preserving this record in the event his suspicions are verified by the toxicological examination.

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BEGINNING TODAY, OCT. 1st, 1923,
ENDING FEBRUARY 1st, 1924.

$100 IN 6 CASH AWARDS
EACH MONTH for 4 MONTHS

To Amateur Photographers Only
(Residing within a radius of 50 miles of New York City)

for the BEST VIEWS *of* NEW YORK CITY

of Parks, Churches, Municipal Buildings, Public Institutions, Famous Streets, Hotels, Department Stores, Water Front Scenes, Bridges, Office Buildings, Driveways, Bird's Eye Views, Skylines, Etc.
(Taken during contest)

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110 West 32 St. *Opposite Gimbels*

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Stern Brothers

West 42nd Street —*And*— West 43rd Street

The straight and slender silhouette influences the styling of

WOMEN'S DRESSES

While the charm of the picturesque is achieved by numberless subtle touches.

For the Daytime Costume one notes first and foremost the tailored and coat dress developed in charmeen, Poiret twill, treco, and repp, in brown tones, navy and black. One particularly smart model by Lanvin is of navy trico, long and slender in line, with tight sleeves, back, and a trimming of bone buttons.

The exact reproduction of this model is priced at $150.00

Flounces and Draperies Vary the Smartest Afternoon Gowns

fashioned of crepe satin, brocades, chiffon velvets, and many novelty fabrics. A black crepe gown, designed by Philippe et Gaston, has tiny set-in kimono sleeves, inserts on the waist, and the skirt embroidered in rich Chinese colorings on red, with inserts of brown embossed leather.

We have reproduced this smart model at $69.50

The New Brocades and Velvets distinguish the Lovely Evening and Dinner Gowns

There are distinctly new touches in a sleeveless evening gown by Jenny, created in sapphire blue chiffon velvet, draped on one side and fastened on the other with an antique buckle. The border is of black monkey fur.

This reproduction is priced at $250.00

1 PUBLIC EMPLOYE TO 12 TAXPAYERS

Nation's Payroll $4,000,000,000 a Year, Says Industrial Conference Board.

3,400,000 PERSONS ON LIST

Each of Us Gives $91 Annually for Federal, State or City Salaries, It Says, Urging Cut.

One person out of every twelve over the age of 16 gainfully employed in the United States, on the basis of the most recent census figures, is on the public payroll, as the result of which the people are footing a salary bill of nearly $4,000,000,000 a year. These figures were made public in a statement issued yesterday by the National Industrial Conference Board, 10 East Thirty-ninth Street, discussing the rising wave of taxation and its relation to the public welfare:

In its statement the board says:

"The query arises whether governmental agencies in this country have not overextended themselves. The annual cost of salaries paid directly to active and inactive Government employes is $91 a person over 10 years of age gainfully employed, who comprise in the last analysis the large body of taxpayers in the nation.

"Outlays running into stupendous figures as above indicated are worthy of careful study conducive to rigorous retrenchment in public expenditures, to elimination of waste and duplication that still exist in our public economy and to a reduction of needless functions and services that abound."

The board has ascertained that, exclusive of pensioners, there are 2,700,000 public servants on the payroll of national, State and municipal government. They receive $3,500,000,000 a year in pay. Pensioners and other inactive beneficiaries of the Government number 670,000 persons, and they get annually $320,000,000. Totaling the active and inactive list, the board shows that the public's payroll is close to 3,400,000 men and women.

Further analysis of the board reveals a public payroll cost to every man, woman and child in the United States of $34 a year.

HEAVY EARTHQUAKE SHOCKS RECORDED

Seismographs in Washington, Denver and British Isles Show Severe Disturbance.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—A severe earthquake disturbance was registered on the seismograph of Georgetown University last night, beginning at 8:37 and ending at 9:35 o'clock. The maximum tremors occurred between 8:37 and 8:44 o'clock. Father Tondorf, in charge of the observatory, estimated the locality of the shocks as 2,300 miles from Washington.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 30.—An earthquake described by the Rev. Frederick L. Odenbach, S. J., as "pretty severe" was recorded on the seismograph of John Carroll University last night. Father Odenbach said the first record came at 8:31 and the maximum was reached at 8:45. At 10 o'clock the tremor was still being noted on the tape.

Father Forestall said the quake probrence at 5,000 to 6,000 miles from here, probably in a southerly direction.

DENVER, Sept. 30.—An earthquake of severe intensity was recorded on the seismograph at Regis College here, at 6:35 o'clock last night, according to a report made today by Father Forestall of the College faculty. The graphs indicated a shock nearly as great as that recorded by the recent earthquake in Japan, Father Forestall said.

Father oFrestall said the quake probably occurred "a great distance" from the United States.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—The West Bromwich seismograph at 1:25 o'clock this morning recorded a severe earthquake. The record was difficult to read, but it is thought the disturbance probably was about 1,500 miles distant, either in the East or the West.

DUBLIN, Sept. 30.—The Rathfarnham Castle seismograph this morning between 1 and 2 o'clock registered a severe earthquake about 1,000 miles distant on a line between Italy and Iceland. The shock lasted half an hour.

HURRICANE HITS BERMUDA.

Small Boats in Hamilton Harbor Are Swamped and Ferries Held Up.

HAMILTON, Bermuda, Sept. 30.—Bermuda today was in the grip of a hurricane which started at 2 o'clock this morning. The wind gradually increased until 1:30 P. M. It had reached a velocity of from sixty to eighty miles an hour. The barometer gradually fell, and it was believed this afternoon that the full force of the storm would not be felt until some time during the night.

With the exception of a few broken windows and slight damage to the telephone and electric light plants no damage has been done. Ferry service between the islands has been suspended. A few small craft at anchor in the harbor here have been swamped.

CHILD DRINKS IODINE.

Neighborhood in an Uproar Until Physician Gives Antidote.

While playing in the yard of his home Salvatore Santomassino, 2 years old, of 610 East 123d Street, picked up a bottle containing iodine which another boy had been applying to a cut and drank half an ounce of the poison. The screams of Salvatore's mother aroused the neighborhood, and Patrolman Marino of the East 126th Street Station telephoned Harlem Hospital for an ambulance.

Dr. Humphries responded, and after an antidote the boy was out of danger. The physician was considerably hampered in his work by friends of the Santomassinos, each of whom insisted on doing something to aid the boy.

Stewart & Co.

Correct Apparel for Women & Misses

FIFTH AVENUE AT 37TH STREET

When Paris Turns Her Head to the Beauty of Small Things She Evolves the

DRAPED TURBAN

of Crushed Velvet

18.50

AND NOW that we have emerged from the dominating influence of the large hat, Paris allows us the pert *chic* of the close fitting charm of the turban—draped very differently in soft velvets and in brilliant or subdued colors.

Exceptional Value in

ALL SILK HOSE

2.85

Our usual low price while our stocks last

Splendidly reinforced hose of superior first quality —all silk from tip to toe. In the new Fall shades:

Charcoal — *Meadow Brown*
Vagabond Brown — *Crane*
Log Cabin — *Dew* — *Musteline*

A Record Breaker

Our display of fall suits and overcoats surpasses even our former high batting average for variety, style, and fitting features.

Materials and colors of indisputable worthiness. Price values that will intensify your urge to purchase.

Fall weight overcoats and sack suits for as little as $45; more if you have the inclination.

BROKAW BROTHERS

BROADWAY AT FORTY-SECOND STREET

FOUNDED 1856

FRANKLIN SIMON MEN'S SHOPS

At Less Than One-Half of the Regular Price

Men's First Quality Pure Thread Ribbed Silk Socks

$2.00

Regular Price $4.50

The finest quality that money can buy. Nothing like them has ever been sold for so low a price. And with silk costs going up on account of the situation in Japan—now is the time to buy for Christmas or even for next Spring.

In black or white

Franklin Simon & Co.
Fifth Avenue

MEN'S SHOPS SEPARATE ENTRANCE
ON WEST 38TH AND 37TH STREETS . . . STREET LEVEL

Women's Afternoon Gowns

$39.50, $59.50

At $39.50 there are charmingly simple gowns such as the black satin sketched left. There is a delightful model in velvet, too, and several others in crepe. Some with two sides of the material used in the approved Paris fashion.

At $59.50 there is the gown sketched right, the slim Princess silhouette with tiers of fringe. Another gown uses the two faces of crepe, while one for more formal wear is of black velvet, and sleeveless.

Exactly the kind of gown you need for your immediate wardrobe. Brown, navy blue or black.

THIRD FLOOR

Lord & Taylor

FIFTH AVENUE

TELEPHONE FITZROY 1900

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The October Sale of

ORIENTAL RUGS

will open to-day (Monday)

Thousands of choice rugs in large, medium and small sizes, as well as hall runners, will offer splendid selections and phenomenal values.

Of extraordinary interest:

Oriental Rugs averaging 4½x8 ft.
Oriental Hall Runners, exceeding 11 ft. in length
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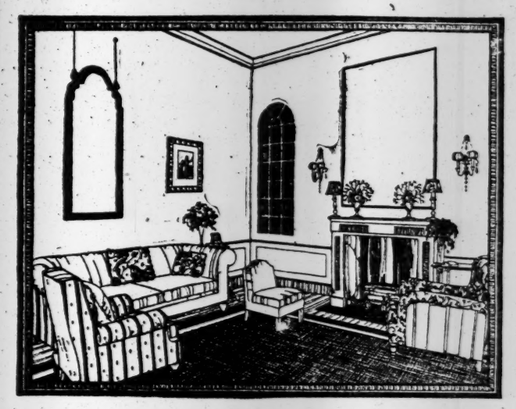

Two savings you make at Flint & Horner's

HERE IS a curious thing about furniture; it is either an investment that brings daily dividends, or it is almost a total loss.

For few people will live with a chair or a rug that they do not like. Soon it goes to the attic or to the auction.

But if you come to Flint & Horner's, you will buy well-made furniture that grows more charming and attractive to you every day you live with it.

There will be one saving when you buy, and even a greater saving later on, when you rejoice that you have bought the kind of furniture that does not need to be replaced.

Bedroom groups . $218 to $3935
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IMPROVEMENT in a room does not always mean complete renovation. Sometimes a wholly new effect is achieved by a simple rearrangement; sometimes by merely introducing a hanging or curtain that is different. Whatever the change McGibbon's staff of interior decorators will be pleased to advise you or to submit estimates for redecorating—without any obligation on your part. This expert service is at your disposal. Everything displayed by McGibbon is of the very best quality—and very moderate in price.

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TO MATCH
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JACQUETTES
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$6.75
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"Convenient to Everywhere"
RITTENHOUSE HOTEL
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A hotel of the highest type catering only to the best patronage

Rooms with hot and cold running water $2 UP
Rooms with bath $3 UP
Club Breakfast, 50c up
Special Luncheon, 90c
Evening Dinner, $1.25
As well as service a la carte.
Music During Luncheon, Dinner and Supper.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED 3 Months
Guaranteed First Class Free Service
Initial Payment Applies on Purchase
$6.50 up
REMINGTONS
UNDERWOODS
And Other Makes
American Writing Machine Company
321 Broadway Worth 8737
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LAY BRIDE'S DEATH TO MOTHER-IN-LAW

Kentucky Woman Is Accused of Poisoning Girl With Whom Her Son Eloped.

THREATS ARE TOLD IN COURT

But Bridegroom Testifies His Mother Welcomed His Wife to Her Lawrenceburg Home.

Special to The New York Times.

LAWRENCEBERG, Ky., Sept. 30.—Mrs. William Tipton, church leader and socially prominent, is in the Anderson County jail here tonight, held without bond and charged with murder. She is alleged to have poisoned her eighteen-year-old daughter-in-law, Jessie, wife of Leslie William Tipton. The young woman swallowed the poison while eating ice cream, it is claimed.

The accused woman will be tried in November. She denies all charges. She is just recovering from effects of poison she swallowed when she ate some of the same ice cream which killed Mrs. Leslie Tipton.

At the examining trial in the County Court late yesterday evidence against Mrs. Tipton was given by several witnesses.

Miss May Cook, a neighbor, testified that Mrs. Tipton had told her of the wedding of her son to Jessie Brewer, adding that "she should never come to her home," that "it would be a sad wedding," and that "she would be a dead woman."

C. C. Moffett, a former sweetheart of Miss Brewer, said he had heard Mrs. Tipton make threats against her son's wife, and Walter Perry said she had threatened the girl in his presence.

Sheridan Wood, a drug clerk, testified that on the day before the poisoning of Mrs. Leslie Tipton he had sold the mother-in-law an original package of strychnine, the purchaser saying she desired to kill some rats.

Leslie Tipton, the twenty-five-year-old widower, testified that he had eloped with Jessie Brewer on July 25, to Jeffersonville, Ind., where they were married against the wishes of his mother, who did not want him to marry anybody. When he and his wife returned here, Leslie said, they went to the girl's home "because he knew his mother would be mad at him." Later, they went to his home, where his mother welcomed him and his bride most cordially, and asked him to bring his wife home, saying she would welcome the girl and treat her kindly. Leslie took the bride to his home.

The poisoning occurred two weeks after a dinner at the Tipton home. Both women became ill, and when doctors arrived they found the younger in convulsions, which continued until death. The older woman was soon relieved.

It is alleged that the accused woman had sought from a physician an antidote for poisoning before the poisoning.

After Jessie Tipton died, it is asserted, strychnine was found in her stomach, but none was found in the residue of ice cream.

It is stated that a few days before the ice cream poisoning the two Tipton women had eaten watermelon and that both became ill, with symptoms similar to the convulsions in which the bride died.

WIDOW AND CHILD ARRESTED

Family in Distress, They Are Accused of Shoplifting.

In dire circumstances as a result of the death of her husband in an accident three months ago, Mrs. Elizabeth Lyons, 33, of 126 Halstead Street, East Orange, N. J., Saturday afternoon left her ten-months-old baby in the care of her five-year-old daughter, Elizabeth, and with another daughter, Mary, 13, went to the National Outlet store in West Twenty-fourth Street. There, according to the police, she stole stockings, combs, pins, &c., valued at $15.

She was arrested by Detective Stephens of headquarters and Mary Porkchell, a store detective. The detectives communicated with friends of the woman, who went to the aid of the family.

Mrs. Lyons in Women's Court yesterday waived examination and was held by Magistrate Jean Norris in $500 bail for trial in Special Sessions. The daughter will be arraigned today in Children's Court on a charge of juvenile delinquency.

GIRL'S BODY TAKEN HOME.

Funeral of Miss Clausen, Who Died In 20-Story Leap, to Be Tomorrow.

The body of Miss Alice Clausen, the 25-year-old music teacher who killed herself Saturday by jumping from the twenty-second story of the Fisk Building at Broadway and Fifty-seventh Street, was taken yesterday to Mamaroneck, N. J., her parents' home, for burial in the family vault tomorrow.

Members of the girl's family are still at a loss to explain her suicide. She had no love affair, they said. Miss Clausen's father, to whom she was greatly attached, is absent in Mexico City on business as an electrical engineer for the Western Union Company, but this is not regarded as sufficient motive for her taking her life.

Mayor of Lyons to Speak Here.

Edouard Herriot, Mayor of Lyons, France, is to speak before the American Manufacturers' Export Association at its monthly luncheon at the Hotel Astor tomorrow. Mayor Herriot is leader of the party opposed to Poincaré, and has been mentioned as possibly the next Premier of France. Mayor Herriot's visit is not political. He will give an outline of the commercial possibilities in France.

SILO'S
45th St. & Vanderbilt Ave.
—ESTABLISHED 1879—
CONTINUATION OF ESTATE SALES
ANTIQUE and MODERN
FURNITURE
Objects of Art, Rugs, China, Silver, etc.
Will be sold
AT UNRESTRICTED PUBLIC AUCTION
Thursday, Friday & Saturday
Oct. 4, 5 and 6,
at 2 P. M. each day
Above on exhibition Today (Mon.), Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 1, 2 and 3.
Tomorrow (Tuesday)
at 10:30 A. M.
The Contents of The Residence
108 West 58th Street
WILL BE SOLD
At Public Auction
On the Premises
JAMES P. SILO, Auctioneer,
40 E. 45th ST.

CLARK & WEINBERG
43 West 57th Street
Announce
The return from Paris of Mr. Perry A. Weinberg with an unusual collection of FUR COATS & WRAPS from the Recognized Fashion Creators, Also exclusive models from their own workrooms.

GOWNS Tappé HATS
12 West 40
"The Avenue Turns at Fortieth"

MADAM takes but a few steps from the Avenue to Tappe to secure the really distinctive—at a price that makes every step an economy.

Special Values
FOR MONDAY AND TUESDAY
In Tappé Quality Apparel

120 COATS An interesting variety of materials. Models suitable for street, motor and utility wear. Value $35 17.50

164 COATS Hand-tailored and silk lined throughout. Choice collection of Homespuns and Tweeds. Value $65 29.50

Special Values in other coats — FUR TRIMMED and Untrimmed, $75 to $225

78 SUITS Tweeds and Homespuns. Hand-tailored and silk lined throughout. Suitable for travel and street wear. Value $45 29.50

SUITS for Slender Silhouettes
For the slender woman or miss, we have extraordinary values in suits of Poiret Twills, silk lined throughout, hand tailored.
136 SUITS Value $60 29.50
142 SUITS Value $75 39.50
Our Three-piece Models Included

670 FROCKS
Cloth and Silk
Tappé styled—for dinner, dance, afternoon, street and sports wear, Poiret Twills, Knit Wear, Wool Jerseys, Wool Plaids, Flat Crepes, Crepe-back Satins, Crepe Roma, Crepe de Chines, Taffetas and Satins.
27.50 Value $45 Exceptional Quality 39.50 Value $75
226 Cloth and Silk Frocks
Greatly Reduced 17.50
For street and afternoon. These are very extraordinary values.

In the SPORT APPAREL Shop
COATS, SUITS and DRESSES at Moderate Prices

Jay-Thorpe Inc.
24-26 FIFTY-SEVENTH STREET WEST
DAYLIGHT SAVING AND STANDARD TIME
bring to mind
Jay-Thorpe
CLOCKED STOCKINGS
Clocks of Time and clocks of Fashion—both are of interest to the New York woman today.
Therefore, we are offering imported 44-gauge French hose, attractively clocked and of an excellent quality of sheer chiffon, for *daylight* wear—full-fashioned and in all the autumn colorings.
And, whatever the time, the Jay-Thorpe *standard* remains the same.
7.90

Broadway Saks & Company At 34th Street
IMPORTANT OFFERING of
Medium-Weight Wool-and-Cotton
UNION SUITS FOR MEN
At 2.50 Each
GARMENTS of the finest quality—every one cut to fit the body comfortably and perfectly. Athletic models finished with long or short sleeves; also ankle or knee length styles with long or short sleeves.
Search where you may there is no finer underwear to be found at 2.50 per garment. Sizes 34 to 50.
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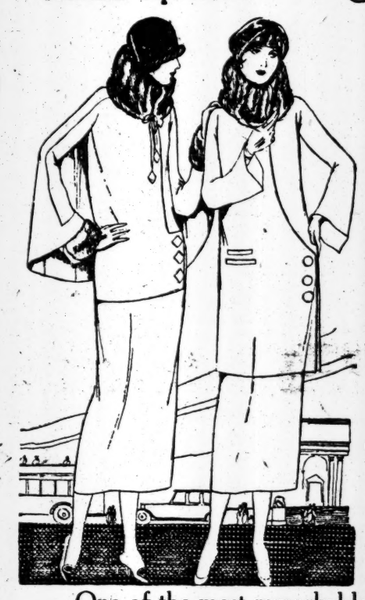

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The Sale of
Autumn Costume Suits
In Two and Three-Piece Effects
$58.75
Our usual prices $74.75 to $139.00
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Black, Kit Fox, Navy, Coolidge Brown.
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NEW YORK, MONDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1923.

THE ROUT OF THE PROPHETS.

In recording the complete defeat of German plans in the Ruhr, one ought not to forget to set down the entire failure of a large number of eminent prophets in England and the United States. It would be almost cruel to recall their forecasts in detail and by name. Yet every one knows how dire were their predictions. France was about to ruin herself forever. The franc was quickly to go as low as the mark or the ruble. Moreover, all social cohesion and political order in Europe were to disappear. Civilization itself was in danger of being hurled into the abyss. One belated prophet, Mr. E. D. MOREL, a member of the House of Commons, sums up in Current History for October the general predictions of those who could see nothing but gloom and despair, and calmly writes it down that today "Europe totters to damnation."

It is needless to dwell on the fact that the event has discomfited those public men and writers for the radical press who foresaw the wreck of the European world. But it is desirable to remind them of their egregious misreading of the signs of the times, because they are obviously ready to come forward now with an equally positive set of prophecies. They think that people will forget their past monumental blunders and give credence to them when they set about producing a new collection. A sense of modesty, if they had it, would seem to dictate that they retire from the prophet business for a decent period.

A LEAGUE-STONE.

There is an obsolete use of the word "league" which, in view of last Friday's action of the Council of the League of Nations, heartily supported by the Assembly, might be revived. It is the definition which only the dictionaries remember: "A stone erected near a public road to mark the distance of a league." The resolution adopted by the Council is as a mark along the highway of the nations showing how far international cooperation has traveled since Serajevo. The distance is written in the agreement, to which Italy's representative, on the very day after her withdrawal from Corfu, consented: "Any dispute between members of the League likely to lead to a rupture is within the sphere of action of the League." It is a distance greater even than from Serajevo to Corfu.

Whatever the differing opinions of those on this side as to America's joining the League, there must be general satisfaction that the representatives of at least fifty nations have made this progress toward "the reign of law," as Lord ROBERT CECIL characterized it. It has a dramatic significance that the resolution was drawn up, it is said, by a representative of Spain, pronounced in "slow French" by the Japanese President of the Council, Viscount ISHII, presented to the Assembly under the presidency of a Cuban, and supported in speeches by representatives of England, Ireland, Sweden, Norway, Denmark, Persia, Finland, Colombia, Holland, India and South Africa. There was not a dissenting voice except in opposing the reference of certain questions to a committee of jurists instead of to the Permanent Court of International Justice, unless, indeed, SALVADA'S silence be so interpreted.

Abyssinia was on the same day admitted to the Assembly of the League in the persons of "three pallidly robed Ethiopians." The cynic and the cynic, viewing the whole day's proceedings, will doubtless be prompted to ask with an ancient pessimist: "Can the Ethiopian change his skin?" The answer which makes still hopeful of humanity make us that he is not required to if only he will agree to the settlement of disputes in a civilized and sensible way. The League has passed one league-stone and is still on the way.

JUDGE LEHMAN'S NOMINATION.

The Democratic State Committee refrained from the crime of putting forth a platform. The tender consciences of the Republican State Committee, though quivering not a little at Governor SMITH'S not too resonant "keynote speech," were quieted. So Supreme Court Justice LEHMAN is the candidate of both parties for Associate Justice of the Court of Appeals. His fitness for that eminent post by temperament and character, by learning, intellect and experience, is known to the bar and the public. He went on the bench at 33 and is now but 47. So the State has every prospect of enjoying the benefit of his faithful service for his full term.

Since Judge HOGAN'S retirement on account of the age limit at the end of this year leaves but one Democrat in the Court of Appeals, it is fair and right and in accordance with the tradition and principle of a non-partisan judiciary that his successor be a Democrat. It is not for mere citizens to penetrate the mysteries of the professional politician's mind. So they can't hope to understand why the nomination of Judge LEHMAN would have been spurned by the high-minded Republicans of the State Committee if direct primaries and municipal ownership and operation and the other delicacies of the Syracuse platform had formally been "reaffirmed" in the Town Hall Friday night. What has the election of a Judge of the Court of Appeals to do with all that Syracusan patter, good, bad and indifferent? How many of the multitude of Smith men and Smith women, in 1922, can now remember, if ever they read, that egregious document?

If the Republicans shuddered at the thought of a Democratic State platform because they would have had to have one of their own, they are to be congratulated for nominating Judge LEHMAN. Many hasty and unwise counselors advised the wrong course. The right, even the politically sound, thing was done for all that. Meanwhile, the voters in the First Judicial District humbly await the pleasure of the Grand Elector in Fourteenth Street. It is expected that he will consent to give us four trained Justices of the Supreme Court. Who will the other six be?

AN OLD-STYLE MAGYAR.

Count ALBERT APPONYI, one of Hungary's ablest statesmen, will be welcomed in this country not only as a representative of the Magyar people for whom America has had long friendliness, but as the eloquent spokesman for international peace, who won many admirers when he toured this country twelve years ago. A representative of the feudal aristocracy of Hungary, overlord of vast properties, his political activities were nevertheless long identified with the moderate elements in Hungarian politics. His brilliant oratorical gifts early won him distinction at home and abroad, and made him a powerful influence in European politics.

He was one of the leaders of the movement in Hungary to prevent the cession to Rumania of those parts of the former Hungarian State largely populated by Rumanians, and to Czechoslovakia of regions largely inhabited by Slovaks. Nor has this group of Hungarian Nationalists ceased, since the signing of the peace treaty, to talk of the day when Hungary will be strong enough to win back from its neighbors those territories which had formerly been hers. To the credit of Count APPONYI it must be said that such were his feelings about the dismemberment of Hungary that he refused to sign the Trianon Treaty, although he had been head of the Hungarian delegation to the Peace Conference.

Count APPONYI, an ardent supporter of the Hapsburg claims to the Hungarian throne, will again tour America in the interests of world peace. One of the first lessons which he might preach is that those Hungarians who declare that Hungary will never rest until she has demolished the Little Entente, and taken back from Rumania, Yugoslavia and Czechoslovakia their territories which once were Hungarian, are doing all that they can to foment a new war rather than to encourage peace.

THE RESERVE BOARD'S MEMBERSHIP.

The full text of the recommendations concerning the Federal Reserve Board, submitted to the Bankers' Convention last week by the council of the Bankers' Association, shows that the proposals were more tentative in character than the dispatches indicated. Regarding the suggestion that "two of the members of the board should be appointed by, or be representative of, the Federal Reserve Banks," the report merely states that "the question ought to be examined whether or not it would be possible in some way to revert to" such a provision, or "whether it may not be possible to provide that members of the board, at the expiration of their terms, might be reappointed by the President without subjecting them once more to the hazards of a confirmation by the Senate."

Examination of the question would probably convince most people that either plan would be politically impracticable. The reason stated for the suggested representation of the Reserve Banks in the board is that no legal proviso now exists requiring any representation of "persons experienced in banking or finance." We were in error last week in assuming that this clause, which was a part of the Reserve act until last year, was still in force. It was dropped from the statute in an amendment adopted during the Congressional attacks on the Reseve Banks' policy of 1920 in the matter of the rediscount rate.

The spirit in which that change was made was most unfortunate; yet it may be asked whether the language even of the original provision would not hav permitted great latitude in the selection of appointees. The safeguard for the Federal Reserve is now, as it always has been, the public sense of the vital importance of a properly administered system and a President's sense of his own responsibility in naming capable members of the board, together with the realization of their own important trust by the men appointed to it. Without in the least approving the attitude of the last Congress, it will not be forgotten that during much the greater part of its history it was a recognized tradition, even of the Bank of England, that its governing board should be made up of business men who were not bankers by profession.

CHAMPIONS AGAIN.

The annual struggle somewhat too ambitiously called the world's series is getting to be as regular a fixture of New York life as the opening of the Follies. For the third successive year Mr. MCGRAW'S Giants and Mr. HUGGINS'S Yankees will fight for the world championship. It is getting to be old stuff, yet the proprietors expect to pack in fifty or sixty thousand people at each game, many of them at five dollars and a half a head. The sporting public of our city can take a lot of punishment, and does.

New York complacently accepts her supremacy in baseball, but how do other cities feel about it? They have mixed emotions. They obviously desire New York to have teams that will attract the great audiences which mean such welcome receipts for visiting nines, but they do not enjoy the spectacle of the New York players winning monotonously. They profess to see in this a malign power of the purse. The New York baseball treasuries are so filled to overflowing that star players can be bought at any price demanded. This is said to be bad for the game; and there is already reported a movement to compel the strong clubs in New York to help out the weaker members of the leagues by giving or lending to them some of their superfluous players. Such a step is not likely to be taken; and if it were, with the result of cutting down the attendance in New York, and thereby reducing the income of out-of-town clubs, the latter would be sure to make a loud protest.

The undisturbed triumphal progress of the Yankees toward the American League pennant was far less picturesque than the protracted effort of our often-slipping-but-never-falling Giants. More than once Mr. MCGRAW seemed on the verge of ruin, but at the critical moment Cincinnati failed this year, as St. Louis had failed last year and Pittsburgh the year before. Whether or not this centralization of glory is bad for the game, as some contend, Mr. MCGRAW'S triumph this year must be satisfactory to all conservative thinkers. He won by virtue of the discovery that three three-inning pitchers are numerically equal to one nine-inning pitcher. In this age when all established institutions are under fire it is well to have the multiplication table so handsomely vindicated.

GENERAL WOOD NOT A FIGUREHEAD.

Filipino leaders like MANUEL QUEZON and MANUEL ROXAS, the latter Speaker of the House of Representatives, are alienating the sympathy of their friends in the United States when they declare their purpose to be "to reduce the Governor General to a mere figurehead." That was not the intent of the Jones act, which promised the Filipinos independence "as soon as a stable Government can be established." The organic law gave the Governor General the right to veto bills passed by the Legislature. If they were passed over his veto by a two-thirds vote of both houses, he could still record his disapproval and send the measures to the President of the United States for a final decision. In the Governor General is vested general supervision and control of all the departments and bureaus of the Government, so far as is not inconsistent with the organic law. He appoints, with the consent of the Senate, the important public officers, except the Vice Governor, Justices of the Supreme Court and Insular Auditors. He may order investigations of official conduct; reserve public lands from settlement; determine when the right of eminent domain shall be exercised, and deport a citizen of a foreign Power. The organic law declares that "all executive functions of the Government must be directly under the Governor General, or within one of the executive departments under the supervision and control of the Governor General." The representative of the President, of Congress and the American people is in no sense a figurehead, unless he abdicates his functions.

Speaker ROXAS boasts that "Filipino members of the Cabinet and our other representatives in the Government have encroached on the powers and prerogatives of the Governor General, because in that guise liberties are won." This has also been done, or attempted, by local legislation designed to modify the organic law. It does not seem to have occurred to Speaker ROXAS that these encroachments were in effect disregard of the authority of Congress. In an address at Manila on Sunday night, MANUEL QUEZON said that "it is unpatriotic for any Filipino to stand by Governor WOOD in his policies." If General WOOD had been complaisant enough to ignore incompetence in office and remain silent and inert while his reform program was neglected by the Legislature, and if he had permitted the finances to go from bad to worse, he doubtless would have had few critics and no enemies in the Philippines.

In July MANUEL QUEZON declared that President HARDING "should send us a Governor General who would work in harmony with the Filipino people. He should appoint a Filipino Governor General." In that case there would be a figurehead indeed.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

"Not Guilty" Means "Not Proven."

Seemingly all, or at any rate a large majority, of the people who gathered in and around the handsome old Court House in White Plains to hear the verdict in the Ward case agreed with the decision of the jury and were pleased by it. Elsewhere the verdict, though expected, and even deemed inevitable because of the prosecution's obvious failure to make out a convicting case, has had a different reception, and has caused not a little talk as to what a rich man can do and "get away with it."

This talk is entirely unreasonable, for WARD'S wealth, at least after the dismissal of the first indictment, has worked against him, rather than in his favor; it had not a little to do with the reopening of a case once dropped for lack of evidence.

Such dissatisfaction with the verdict as exists is confined, largely if not wholly, to people who forget that under our system of criminal procedure a man accused of crime is under no obligation to prove his innocence, and under none to help the prosecution to prove his guilt. They forget, also, that while the jurors say "Guilty" or "Not guilty," that is not what they really mean. What they do really decide is whether or not the State has succeeded in making it reasonably certain that the defendant committed the crime of which he was accused. If they said "Proven" or "Not proven," they would be better understood by the general public.

To a lawyer the expressions "Not guilty" and "Not proven" are equivalent, if not the same, for to the lawyer mind there is no such thing as unproven guilt, and guilt must be proven in strict accord with the law and the established rules of evidence. Everything else is innocence. In argument the layman takes the same position—admits that the "assumption of innocence" is right, that is—but emotionally or instinctively he doubts or denies it in many cases. It is then that he talks about one law for the rich and another for the poor.

Assumptions Are of Two Kinds.

Another difference between lawyers and laymen is that the former, thanks to their careful training, seemingly are able to refrain from drawing against a defendant an adverse deduction from his failure or refusal to take the witness stand in his own defense. Laymen find it difficult or impossible to do that, because, in the ordinary conduct of their lives, they observe no such rule. They are well aware that when accusation of any kind is brought against themselves by their neighbors or associates they promptly do what they can to prove their innocence, and they expect those whom they accuse to do the same thing if they can. Failure to do this, or even hesitation to attempt it, counts heavily against such "assumption of innocence" as exists outside of courts.

The familiar legal view of guilt and innocence began as a protection of the weak from the strong, and it served a most excellent purpose in the days when common men were in real danger of oppression by the great and powerful. Whether it still serves that purpose—whether it has not become a protection for guilt rather than of weakness—these are questions open to argument, with a good deal to be said on both sides. It hardly can be denied, however, that the prosecution now is unnecessarily hampered by out-of-date fears as to the conviction of the innocent, and certainly it is deplorable that essential testimony in a murder trial cannot be secured if the witnesses choose to cross a State line and keep beyond it till the trial is over.

Lake Champlain's Veteran Still Active.

On the day that ex-Senator CORNELIUS COLE of California celebrated his 101st birthday Captain E. B. ROCKWELL of the Lake Champlain steamer Vermont was discovered again. At the age of 93 he is still in active service in the pilot house of the trim ship that is always moving between scenes of beauty on her voyages up and down the lake. The latest biographer of Captain ROCKWELL says that he looks like a man of 50. As a matter of fact, he would be taken for an older able seaman, but he still performs his duty with alacrity and a commanding eye. The blue and gilt of his uniform become him. On every trip he is pointed out as the oldest skipper in the world. He is a greater institution than Mansfield or Whiteface. He promises to be another of Vermont's numerous centenarians.

Although not a salt water mariner, Captain ROCKWELL knows what a gale of wind is, and tradition says that he has experienced fire and shipwreck as a pilot on Lake Champlain. He has a record of several rescues. On the island North Hero, where DE CHAMPLAIN attended his first mass in sight of the lake he discovered, Captain ROCKWELL was born. From its shores a panorama of two mountain ranges and many miles of shimmering water, a prospect that is always an inspiration, may be seen. The Captain's eyes have rested on it from childhood. As an aid to the simple life which he has lived it must be reckoned in the story of his career. For more than seventy years he has breathed the tonic air of the New York-Vermont boundary that runs down through Lake Champlain. He has survived more than one ship called the Vermont. Their timbers decay, but he continues to sail the blue. May Captain ROCKWELL round out his century in the pilot house.

VETERANS DEMAND DRY LAW REFORM

"Enforce Prohibition or Modify It," 78th Division Men Urge at Reunion.

ASK DRAFTING OF CAPITAL

Money and Labor Must Serve in Next War, They Say—Attack "Unpatriotic Histories."

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J. Sept. 30.—Veterans of the Seventy-eighth Division renewed their memories of the fighting in the Argonne and St. Mihiel offensives at their second annual reunion here today, and in a memorial to the President of the United States, President of the Senate, and Speaker of the House of Representatives, demanded that the Government either enforce the Eighteenth Amendment or modify the law.

"There has been an element of our population," the memorial said, "which has willfully and flagrantly violated these laws and willfully brought about a condition in some of our larger cities which approaches riot, and the result has been to make the country appear ridiculous in the eyes of the world."

In a resolution the veterans asked the President and other high officers to take official cognizance of certain supposedly unpatriotic history textbooks now in use in public schools.

Another resolution, adopted in a roar of cheers and applause, declared that "if this country is good enough to live in it is good enough to fight for," and asserted it to be the will of overseas men that "the Government of the United States, in any possible future emergency, draft not only men, but capital and labor."

The service men once more went on record in favor of the soldier bonus, and in another resolution called on the Government to provide better care for men who have lost their reason as a result of the war.

Accuse Propagandists.

The resolution attacking some of the school textbooks, which was passed unanimously by the more than 2,000 men present, declared that these teachings were "the willful result of foreign paid propaganda." The resolution read in part:

"Whereas, Attention has been called to the fact that at the present there are certain history textbooks being used in our public schools which tend to hold up our forefathers and founders of our country to ridicule and disdain; and

"Whereas, These books create a distorted and erroneous and absolutely false version in the minds of our children as to the character and integrity of our national heroes, at a time when their minds are particularly impressionable; and

"Whereas, Some of the books charge President Washington, the father of the greatest nation in the world, with being a man of ordinary ability who merely seized an opportunity to make himself great; President Jefferson with being a man of little credibility; John C. Calhoun with being a notoriety-seeking lawyer and bootlegger; the Boston Tea Party with being nothing but a wanton act of destruction of private property; the description of the Battle of Lexington is confined to only seven lines; and

"Whereas, It is our firm conviction that the teachings are the willful result of foreign paid propaganda to poison the minds of the future guardians of our flag and to gradually undermine and eventually destroy American institutions and finally the glorious nation of these United States of America; be it therefore

"Resolved, That this association, composed of veterans from practically every State in the Union, go on record as condemning the use of all books of this character by virtue of our belief that the principles and teachings emanating from them are a betrayal of our country and flag and a betrayal of those whom we left behind, sleeping beneath the white crosses in France; and be it further

"Resolved, That copies of the resolution be sent to the President of the United States, President of the United States Senate, Speaker of the House of Representatives, Governors of the several States, President of the New Jersey Board of Education and President of the Board of Education of City of Newark requesting suppression and removal of all unpatriotic textbooks and particularly the history books above referred to."

Ask More for Army.

Another resolution deplored the fact that Congress so far had failed to make sufficient appropriations to maintain the provisions of the National Defense act of 1920, and petitioned the next session to furnish adequate funds to carry out its intent. The resolution viewed with concern that "our Congress has never once appropriated funds sufficient to keep up even to one-half strength the small regular army personnel."

In connection with the resolution urging the passage of the bonus, members of the division pledged themselves to pool their money, unless an emergency exists, to the relief of wounded service men and the widows and orphans of men killed in the World War.

The resolution criticising the methods of caring for disabled veterans read in part:

"Whereas, men whose minds suddenly give way as result of their services in the late war are placed in municipal and State institutions in the same wards with drunkards and lunatics and are so classified; now therefore be it

Resolved, That the Federal Government be requested to establish in the immediate future a Federal hospital, with all necessary departments for the exclusive care and treatment of ex-service men so as to eliminate the necessity of sending men thousands of miles away from their homes and loved ones."

The veterans tabled a resolution which urged the cancellation of the interallied debts.

Cheer Former Commander.

Atlantic City was selected for the next convention. Major Gen. James H. McRae, commander of the division in France, was re-elected Honorary President today, and was accorded a demonstration. Colonel A. J. L'Heureux of New York was re-elected President.

Other officers are: Honorary Vice Presidents, Brig. Gen. S. Stanbury of Cincinnati and Brig. Gen. C. C. Hearn, Washington; Vice President, Captain J. G. Schurman of New York; Recording Secretary, Ray F. Listman of Syracuse; Secretary, Lieutenant A. F. Minisi, Newark; Treasurer, Major George T. Adee of New York; Chaplain, the Rev. F. R. Daniel Lynch, and Chairman of the Executive Committee, Major A. C. Judd of New York. The various units will elect one member each to the Executive Board.

361,913 USE FERRIES DAILY.

Total of 131,484,209 Crossed Waters Here in 1922, Whalen Reports.

The ferries operated under municipal and private ownership in New York harbor carried a grand total of 131,484,209 passengers and 13,131,544 vehicles in 1922, according to a report by Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, to the Mayor, made public yesterday. Commissioner Whalen said:

"At the end of the year there were 20 privately owned and operated ferry lines serving the city of New York in addition to the nine municipal ferries and three United States Government ferries.

"The privately owned ferry lines carried 103,396,166 passengers and 11,863,368 vehicles in 1922. Adding 28,088,043 passengers and 1,568,176 vehicles carried on the municipal ferries, the totals were: Passengers, 131,484,209; vehicles, 13,-131,544.

"This means that the average daily traffic on the ferries in this city in 1922 was 361,919 passengers and 36,263 vehicles."

SAYS LEAGUE WON VICTORY.

Caused Settlement of Greco-Italian Crisis, Fosdick Asserts.

Raymond B. Fosdick, former Under Secretary of the League of Nations, who was in Geneva during the Greco-Italian crisis, contributes an article to the current issue of the League of Nations Herald, official organ of the League of Nations Non-Partisan Association. In it he declares that the League established a new principle in settling international disputes in its handling of the affair. The article is published to counteract statements that the League was not a factor in the settlement.

According to Mr. Fosdick, the League "gained a substantial victory" instead of meeting a crushing defeat. The fact that the inquiry into the murder of the officers was made by the Council of Ambassadors, instead of an agency of the League, he argues, does not reflect upon the League. Regardless of statements made by Mussolini and others, he says, the dispute was really settled through the interposition of the League. The embarrassment of Signor Salandra, the Italian delegate at the meeting of the League Council on Sept. 6, he points out, was evidence of the weight attached to the moral influence of the League. Salandra realized from the chorus of disapproval at the meeting that Italy was morally isolated, according to Mr. Fosdick, and within a week Mussolini had "climbed down."

"What the League has done," Mr. Fosdick says, "is to harness up a new force in the government of the world's affairs—the force of international public opinion."

"No act of aggression such as Italy commenced can now be carried through without challenge," he says. "Fifty nations representing seven-eighths of the population of the world, stand up in the Assembly of the League to tell Italy that she is acting against the conscience of mankind. No other form of coercion is employed.

"The economic weapons in the armory of the League remain untouched. But Italy becomes suddenly amenable. Certain face-saving gestures are made, but a solution is found which comports with the pride of a great country and the claims to justice of a smaller one.

"It may not always be possible for the League to avoid the use of sterner measures. It is conceivable that the economic boycott, for example, may some day be called into play. But in this new instrument of public opinion—this new method of harnessing the moral judgment of fifty nations—the League has a weapon of infinite usefulness."

If the United States had been represented at the Council meetings of the League, Mr. Fosdick asserts, the problem could have been settled much more easily than it was.

ROOSEVELT HOUSE READY.

Dedication by Women's Memorial Association to Be Held Oct. 27.

Roosevelt House, at 28 East Twentieth Street, stands completed today. The work of moving into it the historical furnishings and collections will begin this week, and on Oct. 27, the anniversary of Theodore Roosevelt's birth, the building will be dedicated by the Woman's Roosevelt Memorial Association as an enduring memorial and a museum of Americanism.

Hundreds of notable men and women have signified desire to participate in the dedication ceremonies, of which a tribute by President Coolidge is to be a leading feature. Following the dedication the building will be opened to the public.

Shortly after Colonel Roosevelt's death, Jan. 6, 1919, the Woman's Roosevelt Memorial Association was formed for the purpose of raising a memorial which would be not only lasting but appropriate. The association has restored the house in which Theodore Roosevelt was born Oct. 27, 1858. It has been made fireproof, and space has been added for libraries and a museum to hold the Roosevelt collections, as well as for meeting rooms. The cornerstone of the memorial building was laid by Major Gen. Leonard Wood on Jan. 6, 1921. At a public rally that month Calvin Coolidge, then Vice President-elect, praised the project.

The three-story and basement brownstone front reproduces in exact detail the old residence in which the Roosevelts lived from 1854 until 1874. Additional space was obtained which permitted the erection of wing walls and a subordinated addition which set the building out from the surrounding business buildings of the block. There also was added a fourth story, not visible from the street, enclosing a little theatre which can be used for motion pictures and lectures. Theodate Pope, the architect, had the co-operation of Colonel Roosevelt's sisters, Mrs. William Sheffield Cowles and Mrs. Douglas Robinson, in planning the restoration of Roosevelt House.

Mrs. Leonard Wood is Honorary President of the association, the active officers of which are: Mrs. John Henry Hammond, President; Mrs. Charles A. Bryan, Secretary; Mrs. A. Barton Hepburn, Treasurer, and Mrs. Henry A. Alexander, Mrs. William Curtis Demorest, Mrs. Henry A. Wise Wood, Mrs. James Russell Parsons and Mrs. Alexander Lambert, Vice Presidents.

PRINTERS HONOR HARDING.

Government Printing Office Prepares Volume of Tributes.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Mrs. Warren G. Harding received yesterday at Marion, Ohio, at the hands of a special messenger from Washington a handsome memorial volume containing resolutions adopted by the printing divisions of the Government Printing Office at the time of her husband's death. Copies were also presented to Dr. George T. Harding, father of the President, and The Marion Star.

The volume is illustrated with photographs and a facsimile of the proclamation issued by President Coolidge announcing the death of President Harding. The proclamation bears the autographs of President Coolidge and Secretary Hughes.

William McIneaney, an employe of the Government Printing Office for twenty-nine years, designed and executed the memorial volume. Copies will be given to President Coolidge, King George V., Secretary Hughes, Chief Justice Taft and others.

For the purposes of preservation copies will be sent to the Library of Congress, the Vatican Museum and THE NEW YORK TIMES. In each of these the facsimile of the proclamation announcing President Harding's death will bear the autograph signatures of President Coolidge and Secretary Hughes.

WILL START HARDING ROAD.

President's Widow to Plant First Ohio Highway Tree.

LIMA, Ohio, Sept. 30.—Mrs. Florence Kling Harding, widow of the late President, in a letter to the Lima Republican-Gazette, has endorsed a proposed road of remembrance to be started in Allen County next Arbor Day as a memorial to her husband. She has promised to be present to plant the first tree, if she can arrange to do so.

The plan is to plant 6,000 elm trees, one every fifty feet, on either side of the Harding Highway for more than twenty-six miles across the country. The trees are being given by Lynn B. Timmerman of Lima, one for each of Lima's 6,000 school children.

URGES FARM RATES CUTS.

Representative Davey Asks Coolidge for Slash in Freights and Tariff.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Reduction of freight rates on farm products and farm supplies and a lower tariff are urged by Representative Martin L. Davey, Republican, of Ohio, as the only practical means of aiding the farmer now suffering from low wheat prices. A proposal for this solution was contained in a letter Representative Davey wrote to President Coolidge.

"What the farmers of this country need is a reduction of at least 25 per cent. in freight rates on everything they buy and sell and it would be highly desirable if this reduction could be made 35 or 40 per cent.," Mr. Davey said. "High freight rates really now stand as the greatest blight on the agricultural industry of this country."

DR. FOSDICK ASSAILS HORRORS OF WAR

First Presbyterian Church Crowded as Baptist Clergyman Resumes Sermons.

WORSHIPERS SIT ON STEPS

Pastor Says He Would Find It Difficult to Participate in Another War.

The Rev. Dr. Harry Emerson Fosdick, a Baptist and a professor in Union Theological Seminary, whose retention by the First Presbyterian Church as its special Sunday morning preacher was the cause last May of a bitter fight in the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church at Indianapolis, preached his first sermon since his Summer vacation yesterday morning in the First Church, at Fifth Avenue and Eleventh Street.

The church seats 1,088 persons, but it was estimated by ushers that yesterday 1,600 persons were jammed into the edifice.

Late-comers were seated on the white marble steps of the platform, blue velvet cushions having been made to fit the steps. One man was seated right next to Dr. Fosdick, the clergyman sharing a hymn book with the layman.

Dr. Fosdick, his wife and children, had spent the vacation at their Summer home on an island they own at West Booth Bay Harbor, Maine. A collection was taken up for the Japanese earthquake sufferers. The Rev. Dr. George Alexander, the venerable pastor of the church, explained that as almost all the members were away when the earthquake took place $1,000 had been sent to the Red Cross in the name of the First Church and that this sum had been underwritten by certain members of the church.

The text of Dr. Fosdick was from Galatians 11:20, "Nevertheless I live; yet not I, but Christ liveth in me."

"When one takes Jesus in earnest," said Dr. Fosdick, "he must see that war is the most colossal social sin that we are committing against Him; that war is utterly and irremediably un-Christian; that it means everything that Jesus does not mean, and it means nothing that He does mean; that it is a more blatant denial of every Christian ideal of God and man than all the theories atheists could devise.

"When one takes Jesus in earnest he must see that all these quarrels between Fundamentalists and Liberals, between High Church, Broad Church and Low Church, are nothing if Christians do not tackle this supreme moral issue of our time—Christ against war.

"For myself the more I ponder war, its causes, methods and results, its debasing welter of lies, hatred and cruelty, its horror when it is here and its futility in the end to produce any good thing, the more difficult I find it to imagine any circumstance under which I should feel justified in participating in another war."

In opening his sermon Dr. Fosdick asked "What is Christianity?" He answered it thus:

"Christianity is the reproduction in our lives of the spirit and quality of Jesus.

"Many think that by the 'hokus pokus' of sacrament and ordinance they can make matters right with their own souls."

Next Wednesday evening Dr. Fosdick will preach at the service in preparation for the administration of the Lord's Supper next Sunday.

CLOSES VOCATIONAL SCHOOL

Veterans' Bureau to Move Trainers and Equipment From Goshen.

Special to The New York Times.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 30.—The Brownleigh Park Vocational Training School of the Veterans' Bureau at Goshen will be closed as soon as removal of equipment and completion of present records can be accomplished. This work will begin Monday. Forty trainers remaining at the school will be transferred to other points next week.

The lease was signed June 23, 1922, and under it the cost to the Government was to be $72,000 the first year, $50,000 the next year and $30,000 for each of the next three years. The school was formally opened on May 1 of this year, when the first trainers arrived.

The largest number of veterans at the school at any one time since the opening was 150.

TOKIO WOULD MEET SOVIET.

New Cabinet Favors Reopening of Negotiations.

TOKIO, Sept. 30 (Associated Press).—Baron Ijuin, the new Foreign Minister, is quoted by the Tokio Hochi as saying the Cabinet favors reopening negotiations with Soviet Russia as soon as possible with a view to resuming relations with that country. This also was suggested recently by M. Karakhan, new Soviet Envoy to China, during an interview with Kenkichi Yoshizawa, Japanese Minister at Peking.

With Baron Goto a leading member of the Cabinet (Minister of Home Affairs) the reported attitude of the Cabinet is understandable, as it was Goto who brought about the informal conversations between M. Joffe, representing the Moscow Government, and Toshihiko Kawakami, representing the Japanese Government.

Although the conversations ended without positive results, they left the way open for further meeting.

MRS. HYLAN HERE.

Arranging Brooklyn Home for the Mayor's Return.

Special to The New York Times.

SARATOGA SPRINGS, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Mayor John F. Hylan continued to gain in strength today. His temperature, pulse and respiration were normal and he was greatly cheered by the assurance of the physicians that he probably would be able to return to New York within eight days.

Mrs. Hylan left for New York this evening to arrange for the Mayor's return to his home in Broklyn and will be back here tomorrow. She was accompanied by Grover A. Whalen, Commissioner of Plant and Structures, who arrived here this morning. Mr. Whalen said that the Mayor had greatly improved in appearance since his last visit.

EXPECTS LOAN FOR HUNGARY

Premier Bethlen Home, Optimistic About the League's Action.

BUDAPEST, Sept. 29.—Premier Bethlen arrived in Budapest tonight from Geneva. He broke his journey at Vienna, stopping at the Hungarian Legation to receive his visa.

While in Vienna Count Bethlen had conversations with the Austrian Chancellor, Herr Seipel, and Foreign Minister Gruenberger, detailing the progress of the Hungarian loan before the League of Nations. He described it as satisfactory, with probable definite approval before the end of the year.

Coincidentally with Count Bethlen's arrival in Budapest the Hungarian newspapers published optimistic editorials dealing with the Premier's visit to Geneva. For some days the public showed nervousness concerning the League's action, but now the Premier's optimism appears to be shared.

SERVICE FOR WAR DEAD.

Memorial for 27th Division on Hindenburg Line Anniversary.

A memorial service for members of the Twenty-seventh Division was held in the Cathedral of St. John the Divine yesterday, the fifth anniversary of the successful assault on the "Hindenburg line." Gold Star mothers occupied seats of honor and the sermon was preached by Bishop William T. Manning.

Major General O'Ryan, who commanded the Twenty-seventh, attended in uniform, and representatives were present from the 105th, 106th and the 107th Infantry, Squadron A, the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars and Military Order of World Wars.

The flag was carried in the procession, the national anthem was sung and "taps" were sounded.

In his sermon Bishop Manning said:

"New York feels a deep and just pride in the part played in that great conflict by her own brave sons of the Twenty-seventh Division. We think of the readiness with which they answered the call, we think of the part which they played on this very day five years ago in breaking the great opposing line and bringing the struggle to its end, we think of the great number of them who made the highest sacrifice that men can make, who gave their lives that the world might have peace and freedom. We pay our tribute of reverence and honor to them. May we never forget the debt that we owe to them.

"Our part is to try to be worthy of their sacrifice. They fought, not with hatred or ill will toward any, but that justice and brotherhood might be established and was brought to an end. We must fight to put down the spirit that causes war, in our own hearts, in our country and in the world.

"As we think here today of those in the Twenty-seventh Division, and all those who gave their lives for us in the war, let us pledge ourselves afresh to spread the spirit of justice, of service and of brotherliness.

"These are the things for which they died. These are the things which make human life holy and beautiful and worthy of God's purpose for it.

"These are the things which will make war and strife to cease among men."

16TH INFANTRY REUNION.

Fifth Anniversary of Argonne to Be Celebrated Thursday.

Governors Island will be the scene of interesting ceremonies to commemorate valorous deeds of living and departed heroes of the Sixteenth Infantry on next Thursday as part of the regiment's Organization Day celebration, according to

UPHOLD FREE STATE, JUDGE TELLS IRISH

Cohalan Now Calls de Valera a "Jealous and Disappointed Egotist."

SAYS COMMON SENSE RULES

Ireland Has Turned Corner, Justice Declares at Gathering of Irish-Americans.

Enemies here of the Irish Free State, particularly the supporters of de Valera and his plan for an Irish Republic, were served with notice at a national meeting yesterday, held in the ballroom of the Hotel Astor and attended by 1,100 representative Irish-Americans, that attacks upon the present Irish Government must cease. Supreme Court Justice Daniel F. Cohalan, who has recently returned from Ireland, offered suggestions for meeting problems there, which were accepted by those at the meeting as the keystone of the policy to be followed in America.

"The elections have made it clear that Ireland recognizes the truth that all government must be based on law and order," said Justice Cohalan. "She is not yet fully free, but she is determined to be free, and under her present Government she has taken a long step on the road to independence. The men who control the Government are mainly the men who survived from the last bitter fight against the English, and they are as strongly opposed to domestic anarchy as they were to foreign tyranny. What was wrung from Lloyd George will not be surrendered to de Valera.

"The Government which put down the revolution inspired by jealousy has won by a substantial majority and will be able to go forward in its work of constructive legislation. It has established law and order. There may be sporadic outbreaks from time to time. Men may be killed and houses burned, although these things are from month to month less likely. But the men who put down armed revolution can well laugh at an occasional riot, and it has ceased to be the fashion for the people to permit their own roads and bridges to be destroyed and their railroads torn up in order to satisfy the vanity of a doctrinaire or the restless energy of some group of boys.

"The common sense of the people has asserted itself, and while much remains to be done, Ireland has turned the corner and is on the high road to liberty, peace and prosperity. The people of Ireland are more than ever republican, but republican in the true not the sham sense. They want and will have those things for which a true republic stands — majority rule, freedom of speech, mutual toleration of opinion. They want, in a word, the republicanism of Washington and Jefferson, of Tone and Pearse, not the sham article of De Valera and his clique."

Justice Cohalan described De Valera as "a jealous and disappointed egotist."

Among the delegates at the meeting, who came from all of the large cities and most of the States east of the Mississippi, were Judge Thomas Cooney, Providence, R. I., who presided; Edward F. McSweeney of Boston, Michael J. Ryan and ex-Representative Michael Donohue of Philadelphia and Diarmuid Lynch, National Secretary of the Friends of Irish Freedom.

METROPOLITAN OPERA HAS NEW SINGERS

Nannette Guilford, Merle Alcock, Fleta, Ballester in List—"La Habanera" Among Novelties.

The Metropolitan Opera Company has issued its annual prospectus containing announcements of plans for the season which starts Nov. 5 and ends April 20. Of the fifty-four operas of the repertory, including the standard productions and the revivals and novelties, probably forty-two will reach the Metropolitan stage during the twenty-four weeks.

Revivals will be made of Rimsky-Korsakoff's "Le Coq d'Or," Mascagni's "L'Amico Fritz," Giordano's "Fedora," von Flotow's "Martha," Wagner's "Die Meistersinger" and "Siegfried" and von Weber's "Der Freischütz." Novelties, as previously announced, will include Laparra's "La Habanera" and Masgenet's "Le Roi de Lahore," both in French, and Riccitelli's "I Compagnacci" in Italian.

Singers new to the company are Nannette Guilford, Louise Hunter, Marcella Röseler and Phradie Wells, sopranos; Merle Alcock and Karin Branzell, contraltos; Miguel Fleta and Rudolf Laubenthal, tenors; Vincente Ballester, Friedrich Schorr and Lawrence Tibbett, baritones and James Wolf, bass.

Mr. Gatti-Casazza has sailed from Italy, where he passed the Summer, and will arrive in a few days to superintend final preparations for the sixteenth season he has directed the Metropolitan Opera Company.

U. S. MARINE BAND PLAYS.

Gives Two Spirited Concerts Assisted by Anna Case.

The United States Marine Band gave two concerts yesterday at Carnegie Hall to raise funds to perpetuate the residence of James Monroe, fifth President of the United States, at Lafayette and Prince Streets. The present tour was made possible by Presidential permission, given in one of the last official documents signed by President Harding, allowing a tour of six weeks.

Captain William H. Santelmann, the leader of the organization, has had his position for twenty-five years, and is the eighth leader the band has had in its existence of 122 years.

The programs yesterday afternoon and evening consisted mostly of familiar compositions. There were many spirited marches of the military order, which gave delight to the audience, and the cornet and trombone solos by members of the band brought insistent demands for encores.

Anna Case, at both concerts, sang airs from operas and groups of shorter pieces in her charming manner, and was recalled many times. To close each concert the singer and the band united in giving "The Star-Spangled Banner."

THREE NEW MUSICAL PLAYS.

Dillingham's "Stepping Stones," "Kisses," "Mme. Pompadour."

Three new musical productions, including the new Fred Stone show, will go into rehearsal today under the direction of Charles Dillingham. In addition to the Stone show, which will be called "The Stepping Stones," they include "Ta Bouche," a French operetta, to be known here as "Kisses," and "Madame Pompador," an importation from Central Europe.

The book and lyrics of "The Stepping Stones" are by Anne Caldwell and R. H. Burnside, and the music by Jerome Kern. "Kisses," with music by Maurice Yvain, is being adapted by Clare Kummer, who is also doing the American version of "Madame Pompadour," from the original of Rudolph Schanzer and Ernst Welisch.

The principals already engaged for "Kisses," which will open in New Haven on Oct. 29, include Louise Groody, Oscar Shaw, Ada Lewis, John E. Hazzard, Thorpe Bates, Dagmar Oakland, Helen Gates, Jane Carroll, Pauline Hall and Patricia Clarke.

MUSIC NOTES.

Paderewski, before sailing from Europe to start his American concert tour, has had his hands insured for $50,000.

Jascha Heifetz has postponed his Japanese tour and will play twenty concerts in China and the Philippine Islands, possibly making a few appearances in Japan before returning to this country about the first of the year.

The Schips of the Chicago Civic Opera Company [illegible] recital tonight at [illegible] by Susanne Keener, [illegible]

THE SCREEN

A Story of the French Revolution.

SCARAMOUCHE, with Lewis Stone, Alice Terry, Ramon Novarro, Lloyd Ingraham, Julia Swayne Gordon, William Humphrey, Otto Matiesen, George Siegmann, Bowditch Turner, James Marcus, Edith Allen, Lydia Yeamans Titus, John George, Nelson McDowell, De Garcia Fuerbura, Roy Coulson, Edwin Argus, Clothilde Delano, Willard Lee Hall, Napoleon Bonaparte, Lorimer Johnston, Edward Connelly, Howard Gay, J. Edwin Browne, Carrie Clark Ward and others. Adapted from the story by Rafael Sabatini. Directed by Rex Ingram.

For the last seven months Rex Ingram has devoted his attention to the producing of Sabatini's "Scaramouche," the result being a clever photoplay dealing with the beginning of the French Revolution, which was unfurled last night before a brilliant and enthusiastic gathering in the Forty-fourth Street Theatre.

With Mr. Ingram's deft, artistic touch and a most competent cast, "Scaramouche" is an engrossing and charming film. As usual, this director has scorned any temptation to exaggerate, and he has obviously gone to no end of pains to have atmospheric accuracy and restrained acting by the different players.

The scenic effects are splendid, the exteriors being most interesting in detail, and the interiors having evidently been designed to give a very faithful idea of palatial rooms and hovels in those burning days. It also must be stated that the camera man has done his share to bringing success to "Scaramouche." It is, of course, a production of contrasts in certain sequences; one sees first a string of crippled, sightless, starving men and women begging for bread, after which the exquisite Marquis de la Tour d'Azyr, a pampered aristocrat, appears on the screen. Lewis Stone plays this part admirably. He is the personification of a lordly, lazy, frivolous middle-aged popinjay, quite at home in his laces and satins, ever eager to kiss a pair of red lips and just as keen to plunge his sword through a masculine heart. Mr. Stone has never given a better performance.

As André Louis Moreau, Ramon Novarro proves himself an accomplished actor. He has one of those good rôles for handsome men, but in this instance it is relieved when he becomes the actor—Monsieur X—who plays Scaramouche, and afterward the fencing master who is the terror of the aristocrats.

Alice Terry is exceedingly beautiful in the part of Aline de Kercadiou; the costumes of those telephoneless times not being unattractive, what with powdered hair and carefully placed black beauty spots.

The King's Lieutenant is played by Willard Lee Hall, and he does it with great finesse. When he weeps in anger at the vulgar comments of the communists, one almost feels that he ought to catch the tears in his glass, as they seem to be a combination of liqueurs and wines from the Royal caves. One really does not see enough of this soddened sinner.

Bright ideas to denote the passing of time is accomplished in one instance by showing four candles burning gradually down to the hilt.

There are a number of strong mob scenes, with fearsome men and frenzied Amazonian women, dashing with pitchforks, knives, axes, scythes and torches on Louis XVI. and his entourage in the Tuileries, and toward the end of the production "a young artillery officer out of service is seen." He is Napoleon Bonaparte, according to the cast, but bears little resemblance to his illustrious namesake.

George Siegmann plays the rôle of George Jacques Danton, the long-haired, pock-marked leader and orator. Julia Swayne Gordon gives a fine portrayal of the Countess de Plougastel. One could go all the way down the list of the thirty actual members of the cast and praise each one in turn. Although the production has not the pathos of "The Orphans of the Storm," it is a stronger and more plausible narrative and another feather in Ingram's well-decorated cap.

The Surgeon's Wife.

THE ETERNAL THREE, with Hobart Bosworth, Claire Windsor, Raymond Griffith, Gaston Love, George Cooper, Tom Gallery, Helen Lynch, Alec Francis, William Orlamond, Charles H. West, Maryon Aye, William Norris, James F. Fulton, Irene Hunt, Peaches Jackson, Victory Bateman, Billie Bennett and others. Written and directed by Marshall Neilan. Special short features. Capitol Grand Orchestra. At the Capitol.

If Marshall Neilan had stuck to the idea of showing clearly and sincerely in a running story the great devotion of surgeons and physicians to their duty and profession he might have had a film that would have been the talk of the country. But in "The Eternal Three," which is being presented this week at the Capitol, Mr. Neilan has strayed from his narrative and reached out for hokum.

Raymond Griffith is flung into the rôle of Leonard Foster, adopted son of an eminent surgeon, Dr. Walters, played by Hobart Bosworth. Griffith is a veritable male Mae Murray, and is hardly still from the moment he is discovered with his head at the wrong end of the bed, until he is bowled over by an automobile. In the interim he has a despicable love affair with his foster father's secretary, and then playfully fawns upon his young and pretty foster mother. Dr. Walter performs the operation which saves the young blackguard's life, and one feels really sorry that it is successful. The surgeon and his wife patch up difficulties when imprisoned in an elevator which stops between floors.

There are some interesting sets in this picture, and the photography is faultless, with original thoughts in café scenes. Still it is a strange concoction.

GREETS STAGE CHILDREN.

Governor Alfred E. Smith took fifteen minutes off his busy schedule yesterday afternoon to greet more than 100 New York and out-of-town children taking part in the last elimination performance of the National Stage Children's Association contest at the Biltmore Hotel.

The Governor was an interested spectator of a Spanish dance by Baby Clare Reynolds and Little Beatrice Pate. He hoisted Paul Thayer, 153 Meserole Avenue, Brooklyn, on his shoulders for a motion picture. Dorothy Summerfield of Baltimore danced a toe dance for the Governor and Edith Elaine Shepard of Riverdale, N. Y., gave a Bacchanalian solo for him and a "King Tut."

The stage children's contest will close on Oct. 21 with a performance at the Apollo Theatre by those successful in the eliminations. Thirty-five children will be selected, each for $5,000 scholarship for education in music, dancing and drama.

McCormack Sings at Benefit.

John McCormack started his season last evening with a song recital before an audience which filled the auditorium and stage and the meagre standing room of the Century Theatre. In his masterly style he gave songs familiar to his repertory, including a group of Irish songs, and others in French, Italian and German. He was assisted by Lauri Kennedy, cellist. Archbishop Patrick J. Hayes sat in a box and at the intermission made a speech in behalf of the New York Foundling Hospital, for which the recital was given as a benefit.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Tonight's openings include "Tarnish," at the Belmont; Mitzi, in "The Magic Ring," at the Liberty; "Firbidden," at Daly's Sixty-third Street Theatre "What's Your Wife Doing?" at the Forty-ninth Street Theatre and "Florian's Wife" at the Greenwich Village Theatre.

"White Desert," produced by Brock Pemberton in association with Henry W. Savage, Inc., will open at the Princess Theatre on Monday evening, Oct. 15.

"Hap" Ward has been added to the cast of the new Ziegfeld Follies, scheduled to open on or about Oct. 15.

Faire Binney, Dwight Frye, Patricia Calvert and Charles Bloomer will be in the cast of "Meet the Wife," a new comedy by Lynn Starling, which Stewart and French will present in Stamford the end of this week.

The Independent Theatre, Inc., announces the opening of "The Shame Woman," a new play by Lulu Vollmer, on Monday, Oct. 15, at the Greenwich Village Theatre. This producing concern is not connected with the Independent Production, Inc., producers of "The Way Out."

"The Heart of Cellini," by Anthony Wharton, in which Lionel Atwill will appear under the management of Bert C. Whitney, will open in Detroit on Oct. 15.

The touring season of the Theatre Guild Repertory Company, with Basil Sydney heading the cast, will open at the Auditorium, Baltimore, on Oct. 22.

SOCIAL NOTES

New York.

Mrs. Joseph A. Blake and her four children, Katherine, Joan, William Duer and Mary Blake, returned the end of last week from The Breezes, Bar Harbor, to Fortolseau, Tarrytown, and will be joined next week by Dr. Blake, who is in camp in Maine for a week's shooting.

Mr. and Mrs. Carl A. de Gersdorff have returned from Italy, where they were the guests in Rome of the latter's mother, Mrs. Frederic Crowninshield. Mrs. de Gersdorff is at Orchard Hill, Stockbridge, Mass., and Mr. de Gersdorff has left there for Colorado Springs.

Dr. James B. Clemens and Mrs. Clemens and the Misses Dorothy and Antoinette Clemens returned from abroad the last of the week and are at the Plaza for two weeks, until they open their house, 10 East Seventy-first Street.

The Misses Frances Van A. and Elizabeth A. Van A. Manning, daughters of Bishop Manning and Mrs. Manning, arrived on the Belgenland and are at the Bishop's house.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert M. Billings, who arrived Saturday from Europe, will be at the Ambassador until they leave for their home at Santa Barbara, Cal.

Mr. and Mrs. William Malcom Mather have arrived at Briarcliff Lodge to remain several weeks. Lieutenant Arthur Burgin Craig and Mrs. Craig (Miss Frost), who were married last week, left Briarcliff yesterday en route for Santiago.

Brig. Gen. John B. Kerr and Mrs. Kerr are at the Astor for a few days on their way from Pittsfield, Mass., where they spent the Summer, to Washington, D. C.

Miss Gratia B. Houghton, a niece of Alanson B. Houghton, Ambassador to Germany, and who was with her uncle at the Embassy, is in town at the Chatham.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Ellis of Redlands Bank, Holmwood, Surrey, England, who arrived on the Oceanic, are at the Schuyler for a few weeks before going to Pinehurst, N. C.

Mrs. Joshua Ladd Howell and her son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. George Willing Jr., are in from Chestnut Hill, Pa., and are at the Ritz-Carlton.

Byron Goldsmith, who spent part of the Summer in Maine and the remainder at Lenox and other resorts, is occupying his house, 19 East Seventy-fourth Street.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Kavanagh closed their country place at Spring Lake, N. J., yesterday and will be at Carlton House for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Reginald S. Worthington arrived yesterday from their country home at Shawnee, Del., and will be at the Lorraine this week.

ENGAGEMENTS.

Miss Beatrice Wellington to Marry Ralph E. Ogden.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Wickham Wellington of Corning, N. Y., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Beatrice Wellington, to Ralph Edward Ogden, a son of Mr. and Mrs. T. Seward Ogden of 850 Seventh Avenue, New York.

Macdonaugh—Polhemus.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Macdonaugh of Amityville, L. I., and Brooklyn announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Helen Gertrude Macdonaugh, to Harvey F. Polhemus of South Nyack, N. Y. Miss Macdonaugh's father is organist and choirmaster of the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Good Shepherd, Brooklyn. Mr. Polhemus is a member of the 1923 class of Lehigh.

Rogers—Bloom.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Rogers of 530 West End Avenue announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Mildred Rogers, to Charles Bloom, a son of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Bloom of 808 West End Avenue. The wedding will take place Tuesday evening, Oct. 9, at the Ambassador.

Miss Isabel MacIntyre Weds.

Miss Isabel Sheila MacIntyre, daughter of John J. MacIntyre of the Cunard Line, was married on Saturday to Joseph F. Brennan of New York in St. Mary's Church, Port Richmond, Staten Island. The bride wore an Irish lace veil worn by her great-great-grandmother when she was married in Clonakility, Ireland, 140 years ago.

Miss MacIntyre is the granddaughter of the late noted Irish patriot, Jeremiah O'Donovan Rossa.

JOHN R. TOWNSEND DEAD.

John R. Townsend, a director of the National Horse Show Association and doner of the John R. Townsend Trophy for indoor polo, died Saturday at his residence, 14 East Sixtieth Street, after a brief illness, in his sixty-second year. He was a retired stockbroker.

Mr. Townsend at one time was Master of Hounds of the Orange County Hunt Club. He was one of the leading advocates of indoor polo and was instrumental in bringing the English team to this country. His clubs included the Union and Riding.

Services will be held in Grace Church Chantry at 10 o'clock tomorrow morning.

Dr. Rebecca C. Brannon.

Dr. Rebecca C. Brannon, wife of Joseph F. Brannon, cotton broker, resently of Atlanta, Ga., died Saturday at the Hotel Arlington. Since she came to New York two years ago ill health had prevented her practicing. Dr. Brannon was 63 years old, a daughter of Sailing Wolfe. She was a sister of the wife of the late Dr. Simon Baruch of this city, and thus an aunt of Bernard M. Baruch, the banker. She practiced medicine in Atlanta, Ga., for twenty years.

John Currie Wilmerding.

John Currie Wilmerding, a son of the late Henry Augustus Wilmerding, died Sunday of heart disease at his home, 20 Summit Street, Flushing, L. I. He was 71 years old. Although still a member of Wilmerding, Morris & Mitchell, dry goods auctioneers, he has not been active for several years.

Obituary Notes.

The Rev. JAMES A. D. HUGHES, former rector of St. Andrew's Episcopal Church, Philadelphia, died in Boston yesterday. He had made his home in Nashua, N. H., since his retirement several years ago.

RICHARD RUDER of 347 West Fiftieth Street, for whom services were held yesterday at the Funeral Church, had long been connected with the Poster Advertising Company. He was 39 years old.

Born.

BRADY—Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Prescott Brady announce the birth of a son on Thursday, Sept. 27, at the Woman's Hospital, New York City.

KRAUS—Mr. and Mrs. Kurt Kraus (nee Beatrice Scheib), announce the birth of a daughter, Edith Rose, Sept. 28, at the Bronx Maternity Hospital.

Engaged.

LEVI—HEYMAN—Mr. Leopold Heyman announces the engagement of his daughter Gertrude to Mr. Gilbert Levi. Reception Oct. 6 Hotel Esplanade, 305 West End Av., from 4 to 6 P. M.

MATTHEWS—TUYLER—Mr. and Mrs. John Potter Tuyler of Princeton, N. J., announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Juliana Stevens Tuyler, to Thomas Stanley Matthews, son of Mrs. and the Right Rev. Paul Matthews, Bishop of New Jersey.

Died.

ABBOTT—At City Island, N. Y., on Sept. 29, 1923, Gertrude Horton Abbott, eldest daughter of the late S. D. and C. L. Horton. Service at her late home, 91 Pilot St., City Island, on Monday evening, Oct. 1, at 8 o'clock. Interment Sleepy Hollow Cemetery.

ALLEN—On Saturday, Sept. 29, Rosalie H., widow of Henry S. Allen and daughter of the late Henry and Harriet Hendricks. Funeral services at her late residence, 101 West 90th St., Monday, Oct. 1, at 1 P. M. Kindly omit flowers.

ANDRESEN—Suddenly, on Sept. 28, 1923, Oscar H., husband of Rose Grasenauer and father of Edwin A., age 48 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 2,161 Tiebout Av., near East 181st St., Bronx, on Monday at 2 P. M.

BAUMANN—On Saturday, Sept. 29, 1923, Peter, beloved husband of the late Anna Baumann. Services at Fred Herbst Sons' Funeral Parlor, 83 Hanson Place, corner South Portland Av., Brooklyn, Monday, Oct. 1, 2 P. M. Interment Lutheran Cemetery.

BEDARD—Parthenia C., aged 78 years, on Saturday, Sept. 29, at Westfield, N. J., beloved mother of John G., Walter H. and Ella L. Bedard and Marion B. Westerburg. Interment at St. Albans, Vt.

Died.

BENDER—William H., husband of Frances O'Grady, suddenly, in California, Sept. 24. Burial at Columbia, Pa.

BRANNON—Rebecca Wolfe, M. D., suddenly, on Sept. 29, 1923, at Hotel Arlington, beloved wife of Joseph Brannon. Notice of funeral hereafter. Atlanta, Ga., papers please copy.

EHLERS—On Saturday, Sept. 29, 1923, Frank, beloved husband of Mary Ehlers, in his 72d year. Funeral services at his late residence, 170 Arlington Av., Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, Oct. 2, at 8 o'clock. Interment private.

ELLIS—W. H. (Elisco, G. E.), suddenly, in Mexico City, Mexico, Sept. 24, beloved husband of Maude Shirwood Ellis. Services Mexico City. Interment and services at Woodlawn at later date. Late residence, 540 East 3d St., Mount Vernon.

FRER—At Montclair, N. J., Saturday, Sept. 29, 1923, former Police Captain Henry Frer, beloved husband of Marie Hauck and father of Dorothy and Marie Frer, in his 74th year. Funeral services will be held at his late home, 171 Montclair Av., Tuesday evening, Oct. 2, at 8 o'clock. Erie train for Watchung Av. leaves Jersey City at 6:32 P. M. Interment private.

HOCK—Entered into rest in his 67th year, Otto Hock, beloved husband of Katherine Hock and devoted father of Katherine W. and Elizabeth. Masonic services at his late residence, 315 West 58th St., on Tuesday, Oct. 2, at 8 P. M. Relatives and friends also members of Uhland Lodge No. 785, F. and A. M., Knickerbocker Lodge No. 2648, F. A. U. and West Side Taxpayers' Association are requested to attend. Interment Wednesday, at 2 P. M.

KLEIN—Julius, after a brief illness, beloved brother of Rose Miller of Louisville, Ky. Funeral services Universal Chapel, 597 Lexington Av., corner 52d St., on Monday, Oct. 1, at 2:30 P. M.

KLEIN—With great regret and a deep sense of personal loss we announce the death of Julius Klein, our friend and faithful associate for over thirty-three years.
LISSAUER & CO.,
170 Broadway.

LAMB—On Saturday, Sept. 29, 1923, Charles Watson, beloved husband of Katherine Lamb, in his 52d year. Funeral services at his late residence, corner of 11th St. and Barnes Av., Midland Beach, S. I., on Tuesday, Oct. 2, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

LAMME—Edwin Bates, 32 Mountain Av., Maplewood, N. J., in his 67th year. Services and interment at Bozeman, Mont., at the convenience of the family.

MERRILL—On Sept. 29, 1923, at her residence, 850 Park Av., New York, in her 77th year, Ada F. (Godfrey), widow of Isaac H. Merrill, late of Bangor, Me., and beolved mother of Edwin G., Fullerton and Ralph W. Merrill. Funeral services at 856 Park Av., on Monday, Oct. 1, 1923, at 3 P. M. Burial at Bangor, Me.

MOODY—Ernest R., in his 54th year, suddenly on Sept. 28. Funeral services at his late home, 441 Oakland Av., West New Brighton, S. I., Monday evening at 8 o'clock. Interment at Cedar Lawn Cemetery, Paterson, N. J., Tuesday afternoon at 1 o'clock. Paterson and Passaic papers please copy.

OESTRICHER—On Sept. 29, 1923, Robert H., husband of the late Sophia Oestricher, member of Typographical Union No. 6. Service at Funeral Chapel, 851 Amsterdam Av., near 102d Street, Monday, 2 P. M.

PHILLIPS—At Glenbrook, Conn., on Saturday, Sept. 29, 1923, Charles Edmund H., son of the late Charles H. and Catherine Nesbitt Phillips. Funeral services will be held at Union Memorial Church, Glenbrook, Conn., Monday, Oct. 1, at 2 P. M. Kindly omit flowers. Interment private.

READ—Oscar, at Hotel Judson, son of the late James Monroe Read and Katherine Read, in his 73d year. Funeral private. Kindly omit flowers.

RINGLE—On Saturday, Sept. 29, Emma I. (nee Jarchow), beloved wife of Valentine Ringle and mother of Ellen and Henry Ringle and Mrs. James D. McLellan. Funeral services at her late residence, 144 Fairview Av., Jersey City, Monday, Oct. 1, at 8 P. M. Interment private.

ROBINSON—At Fort Edward, N. Y., Sept. 29, 1923, Margaret Robinson, wife of the late John J. Robinson, in her 84th year. Burial at Argyle, N. Y., Tuesday afternoon, Oct. 2.

ROLSTON—On Sept. 29, Catherine (nee Conlon) widow of William Rolston, mother of Lottie E. Taylor, grandmother of William Rolston Aubut. Funeral services at her late residence, 673 West 162d St., on Monday, Oct. 1, at 8 P. M. Interment Evergreen Cemetery on Tuesday.

ROON—On Sept. 29, James F. Roon, beloved husband of the late Rebecca Lynch. Funeral from his late residence, 74 Perry St., Tuesday, Oct. 2, at 10 A. M., to St. Joseph's Church, Washington Place and 6th Av., where a solemn requiem mass will be celebrated at 10:30 A. M. Interment Calvary Cemetery. Automobile cortege.

ROSENBLUTH—On Sept. 30 at Van Cortlandt Hospital, Herman Rosenbluth, beloved husband of Sarah Rosenbluth, and dear brother of Ray Rosenfeld and Bernard, the late Albert and Henry Rosenbluth. Funeral services at Universal Funeral Chapel, 597 Lexington Av., at 52d St., on Oct. 1, 1923, at 2 P. M. Interment Washington Cemetery. Kindly omit flowers.

ROSENBLUTH—Herman. Brethren of John Hancock Lodge No. 70, F. and A. M., are invited to participate in paying the last tribute of respect at Masonic services on Monday afternoon, Oct. 1, at 1:30 o'clock, at Hornthall's Funeral Parlor, 597 Lexington Av., near 51st St., New York City. By order of
HERBERT SACHS HIRSCH, Master,
MORRIS HIRSCH, Secretary.

SHIPP—At his residence, 189 Grand St., Newburgh, N. Y., Monday, Sept. 17, 1923, Samuel Esmond Shipp, husband of Nellie Maltby Shipp, formerly of Princess Anne County, Va. Norfolk, Va., papers please copy.

SIEWERS—William A., suddenly, on Saturday night. Services at late residence, 10 Walworth Av., White Plains, N. Y., on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Detroit and Malone, N. Y., papers please copy.

TELLER—At Cranford, N. J., on Saturday, Sept. 29, 1923, Annie P. Bogert, beloved wife of George G. Teller. Funeral services at St. Paul's M. E. Church on Eastman St., Cranford, on Tuesday, Oct. 2, at 3 o'clock.

TOWNSEND—Suddenly, on Saturday, Sept. 29, 1923, at St. Bartholomew's Hospital, John Richard Townsend, only son of the late Joseph Lawrence and Emily Austin Townsend in his 52d year. Funeral services at Grace Church Chantry, Broadway and 10th St., Tuesday, Oct. 2, at 10 o'clock.

WILLCOX—At a special meeting of the Board of Directors of Willcox, Peck & Hughes the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, that in the death of our President, William G. Willcox, we have sustained an irreparable loss.

Mr. Willcox was one of the founders of our corporation in 1906.

He had long been looked upon as an outstanding figure among marine insurance brokers and enjoyed the confidence and esteem of his clients, underwriters and competitors.

He was, up to the time of his illness, indefatigable in his efforts for the good of this corporation.

He was generous, kindly and sympathetic, but withal firm in his adherence to the principles and ethics of business life.

He was able, in spite of his responsibilities in connection with the affairs of the corporation, to devote much of his time, thought and physical energy to a multitude of philanthropies and benefactions, which will long endure as a monument to his memory.

Mr. Willcox, notwithstanding his attainments, his record and his ability, was of singularly modest disposition and endeared himself to his associates and to the insurance fraternity in general.

We mourn his loss, we will cherish his memory and our deepest sympathy is tendered to his family at this time of their bereavement.

Resolved, that this resolution be inscribed upon the minutes of the Board of Directors of this corporation and that they be engrossed and presented to the family. R. J. TAYLOR, Secretary.

WILMERDING—On Sunday, Sept. 30, 1923, John Currie, son of the late Henry A. and Harriett Kellogg Wilmerding, and husband of Mary Elbert, at his residence, 20 Summit St., Flushing, L. I. Funeral services on Tuesday, Oct. 2, 1923, at St. George's Church, Flushing, L. I., on arrival of 2:03 P. M. train from Penn Station, Long Island side. Interment private.

In Memoriam.

HANDILMAN—In memory of Corporal Harry, died in action, Oct. 1, 1918.
PARENTS, SISTERS AND BROTHERS.

HEALY—In affectionate and tender memory of Joseph Healy, who was called to eternal rest Oct. 1, 1921. Sadly missed.

MORGAN—In loving remembrance of Mary Ann, devoted wife of George Edwin, who passed away Oct. 1, 1921.

OPPENHEIMER—Bertha. In loving memory of a devoted wife and loving mother, Oct. 1, 1921.

THORPE—In loving memory of Herbert Francis Thorpe, First Lieutenant 301st Supply Train, A. E. F., who died in the service of his country at Nevers, France, Oct. 1, 1918, in the 25th year of his age.

TISCHNER—In loving memory of Charles F. Tischner, died Oct. 1, 1921.

WITKIND—Blanche Bloch. Five years ago today our beloved daughter and dear sister passed away.
FATHER, MOTHER, HERBERT & MONROE

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY
2334 St. Jerome or Lexington Subway
Telephone Woodlawn 1100.
Book of views or Representative.

LOST AND FOUND

Advertisements for tomorrow received to midnight. Bryant 1000.

LOST.

BAG, black silk shopping, containing money, shell glasses, papers, Friday afternoon, Wanamaker bus, 43d to Stern's or in store; reward. Vanderbilt 1710.

BAG, black moire silk; contained silver purse, &c.; Sunday, vicinity 110th St.; reward. Hotel Ansonia, Apartment 7-137.

BEADED BAG, lost at 174th St. and University Av. Finder keep cash and return bag to Jos. A. Rauschkolb, 46 West 46th.

BRIEF CASE, containing letters, &c., concerning St. Regis Paper Co., 30 East 42d; reward. Vanderbilt 9802.

CITIZEN PAPERS—No. 100475; kindly return to Hyman Rubin, 648 Broadway, City.

EYEGLASSES, metal mounting, describe. C 341 Times.

GOLD mesh bag, containing gold vanity case; Sept. 25, midnight. Plaza Hotel. Telephone Room 1006.

GRIP—Black leather, containing wearing apparel, on Sept. 15, between Sea Girt and Perth Amboy; reward. Hardman & Wigman, Raritan Building, Perth Amboy.

HANDBAG, Apollo Theatre, Friday night, large amount of money, ladies' black handbag, silver and crystal top, initials M. L. H.; large reward. Z 2286 Times Annex.

LADIES' black leather bill fold, lost Saturday, money and personal cards enclosed; reward. Telephone Hackensack 1145M.

SERVICE BUTTON, Canadian, Thursday, subway, Grand Central Station; reward. Lewis, Hastings-on-Hudson. Hastings 535.

SUITCASE, black, initials "B. M. G.," containing wearing apparel, lost from automobile. $25 reward, no questions asked, if returned to B. G., 99 Madison Av., 9th floor.

Jewelry.

BAR PIN—Platinum, 8 medium, 2 large diamonds, May 27, between Hotel Marlton, 8th St., 12th St., on 5th Av. Return to office Collingwood Hotel; $300 reward; no questions. Thomas.

BAR PIN—Diamond and platinum bar pin, 7 stones; Aug. 3, en route Boston to Grand Central Station, or in taxi to Brooklyn. Prospect 6700, Apt. 2f.

BRACELET—Diamond and emerald, Saturday night; liberal reward. Schwarz, 680 West End Av., Apt. 4D.

BROOCH, oval, silver, one large and smaller stone, Saturday, Central Park West; reward. Telephone Riverside 4616.

CIGARETTE CASE, gold, monogrammed in diamonds, Tuesday night, taxi; reward. Loft, 1075 Park Av.

PIN, diamond sunburst, on or near Hanson Place, Brooklyn, Sept. 24; reward. 143 South Oxford St. Prospect 7022.

Wearing Apparel.

BAUM MARTEN SCARF, lost Saturday about 6:00 P. M., either left in Yellow taxi at Circle or on 59th St, between Circle and 7th Av.; reward offered. Phone Chelsea 9364.

FUR, brown, lost Sunday, 6th Av., 44th and 45th. Reilly's, 789 6th Av.

HUDSON Sable Fur Scarf—2-animal, on 6th Av., near 47th St., about 2 P. M. Saturday; liberal reward; no questions asked. M. L. Abrahams, 107 East 80th St.

HUDSON BAY sable neckpiece, Friday night in or near Lowe's, Broadway, 83d St.; liberal reward. Apt. 9A, 9 West 69th St. Endicott 8280.

MINK COLLAR, two skins, Astor Theatre, Friday. K 563 Times.

NECKPIECE, baum marten, one animal, Thursday, Belasco Theatre; reward. Petit, Gramercy 4066.

NECKPIECE, two-skinned mink, lost Sept. 20th, 125th St.; reward. Wadsworth 4470.

NECKPIECE—Two sable scarf, taxicab, Wednesday; reward. Routon, 233 W. 52d.

SABLE NECKPIECE, Wednesday afternoon between 4 and 5, Rivoli Theatre or Yellow Taxi; reward. Great Neck 615.

STONE MARTEN, 2-skin, Sept. 17, 18, 19, between Sumner, Lewis, Hancock and McDonough or Fulton between Nostrand and Sumner; reward. Furrier, Macon St. and Sumner Av., Brooklyn.

STONE MARTIN, animal, Saturday afternoon on 5th Av. or shopping between 30th and 31st Sts. reward if returned. Miss Brown, 12 East 31st St.

$100 REWARD for Hudson sable neckpiece lost Lowe's Theatre, Broadway, 83d St., Friday night. Mrs. Chas. J. Clark, Hotel Bretton Hall. Schuyler 1000.

Cats and Dogs.

AIRDALE—Name Pat, short tail, Sept. 21, 89th St. and Amsterdam Av.; liberal reward. James McCabe, 600 Amsterdam Av.

COLLIE DOG, male, Sunday; liberal reward. Jefferson 9214.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DAVID PFEIFFER & CO., 2 RECTOR ST., N. Y., announce the dissolution of the copartnership this day.
David Pfeiffer will sign in liquidation.
Oct. 1, 1923.

J. W.—P. J. DEAD, ALL OTHERS LIVING, but mother feeble; best get in touch with Samuel in Philadelphia, 829 N. 3d St. Reply.
EDWARD W. (Brother).

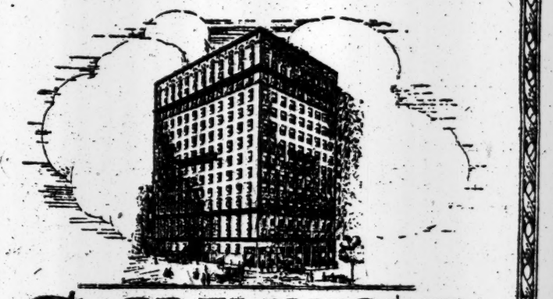
WILL FAMILY MOTORING TO CHICAGO take refined woman paying guest? References exchanged. K 498 Times.

UNDERTAKERS.

When Death Occurs
Call "Columbus 8200"
FRANK E. CAMPBELL
"The Funeral Church" INC.
(NON-SECTARIAN)
Broadway at 66th St.

Chelsea 0837 CHAS. A. BENEDICT, 150 W. 13 St.
DIRECTOR OF FUNERALS.

Formal Opening
(Including Restaurant)
TODAY
October First



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Broadway at 91st Street · New York
A Residential Hotel

OPENING EXHIBITIONS
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ANDERSON GALLERIES

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, RUGS
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SAMUEL H. KAUFFMANN
FORMER PRESIDENT OF THE CORCORAN ART GALLERY WASHINGTON, D.C.
FROM THE COLLECTION OF
DR. J. STEDMAN CONVERSE
OF NEW YORK
AND
OTHER PRIVATE OWNERS

¶ *To be sold Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday afternoons, October 8, 9, 10, at 2:30*

FINE ORIENTAL RUGS
FROM THE STOCK OF
H. MICHAELYAN
2 WEST 47TH STREET
NEW YORK
INCLUDING AN INTERESTING SERIES OF KULAH, GIORDES, MELES, ETC. PRAYER RUGS, SMALL AND LARGE RUGS FROM THE CAUCASUS. PERSIAN RUGS, INCLUDING FINE SPECIMENS OF FERAGHAN, KHORASSAN, HAMADAN, HERAT
ALS

PAPYRUS EXERCISES AT BELMONT TRACK

Canters for First Time on American Dirt Track in Preparation for $100,000 Race.

RECEIVES MANY VISITORS

Derby Winner Displays Nervousness and Will Be Shown Hereafter Only Twice Daily.

Papyrus had his first canter on an American race track yesterday morning when he was taken out for a brief exercise period on the main track at Belmont Park—the same surface on which he will race the American three-year-old for the $100,000 purse on Oct. 20. The handsome dark brown English colt seemed to take as readily to the baked surface of the dirt track as to his native Newmarket Heath, although, of course, he was not allowed to do any galloping.

His program was repeated in the late afternoon, and the same arrangement will be continued for the rest of the week, according to Trainer Basil Jarvis's present plans.

Papyrus seemed to be in fine fettle as he followed Bar Gold out of the stable, through the gate of his private paddock and down the road to the gate at the paddock end of the straightaway of the main track. He seemed oblivious to the onlookers, although there was a considerable number of railbirds out to watch the work, especially in the late afternoon.

Papyrus and all hands in the camp lodged in the J. S. Cosden stable will settle down to routine today. Trainer Jarvis, after the experience of Sunday visitors and, on the advice of Dr. V. Pride-Jones, the veterinarian in attendance on the Derby winner, will today establish a rule that no visitors will be permitted to see the colt except when he goes out for his regular work twice daily. This will be at 8 A. M. and 4:15 P. M.

So great was the demand to see the colt during the morning that Papyrus was stripped three or four times. Trainer Jarvis was consideration itself, and wanted to be courteous and obliging to every one. But Dr. Pride-Jones declared that every time a stranger entered the box Papyrus became nervous and disturbed, and that visitors could continue to be received only at the expense of the colt's physical well-being.

Enjoy First Night's Rest Here.

Papyrus, Bar Gold, trainer, veterinarian and the boys all thoroughly enjoyed their first night's rest on American soil. Jarvis shudders every time he thinks of the voyage during the storm, and especially his last night on the Aquitania at the dock, when none of the party got more than forty winks of sleep. Consequently all hands awoke yesterday morning much refreshed and ready for the day's work. The two thoroughbreds appreciated the change in the weather as much as did their attendants. It was a hard trip down in the van, during which Papyrus sweated considerably, but the cool night apparently did more than anything else could to put him back in first-class shape. Dr. Pride-Jones examined him yesterday and pronounced him in tip-top condition.

There was a string of callers at the Cosden cottage all day, beginning after the morning work. Among the visitors were Mr. and Mrs. William Woodward and their two daughters. The owner of the Belair stud was much impressed with the English colt and his feminine admirers fell in love with him.

Harry F. Sinclair, owner of the Rancocas Stable and of Zev, which is most likely to be the American representative against the English colt, and S. C. Hildreth, Zev's trainer; Major August Belmont, Chairman of The Jockey Club and C. J. Fitzgerald, were others who called during the morning. Sinclair felt more or less acquainted with Papyrus, as he saw him run and gain his great victory in the Derby stakes on Epsom Downs. It was Hildreth's first glimpse of the distinguished visitor and he pronounced him a fine looking colt. Sinclair invited Jarvis to visit Zev and his call will be made later in the week.

The morning exercise, the first real move on American soil, was limited to a brief half hour. Papyrus and Bar Gold, with their boys up, walked up and down the home stretch of the main track, with a canter of about a furlong, followed by another walk. They immediately went back to the stable and remained quietly, except for the coming of a few visitors later in the morning.

After luncheon the English party went into retirement. The gates were all securely padlocked and everybody took a nap. Even the uniformed Pinkerton operative, one of whom is on guard night and day directly in front of the adjoining stalls occupied by Papyrus and Bar Gold, was invisible.

Sightseers Arrive at Track.

All through the early afternoon sightseers came to the track in automobiles, by street car and on foot. By inquiring of stable boys all seemed to be able to locate the Cosden stables, but there was not a sight of man or horse to be had. It was a great disappointment to many, who expected that the famous derby winner would be on view to all.

Trainer Jarvis appeared a little after four o'clock and gave orders to have Papyrus prepared for his afternoon work. His groom worked over him for more than fifteen minutes, going about his scrubbing and his rubbing with that peculiar hissing sound that seems to be the necessary accompaniment of the operation with the English boys. Papyrus loves his bath and his rubbing and is always playful, Jarvis calling especial attention to his good nature.

While waiting for the operation to be completed Jarvis chatted about horses and horsemen generally, and of many things except the coming race. He took occasion to deny once more the statement that Papyrus had been bought by an American or that any American had offered to buy him. This rumor already had been officially denied several times.

"Mr. Irish has had only one offer for Papyrus," said Jarvis. "That was made by J. B. Joel, before the running of the St. Leger Stakes, and it was declined. Mr. Irish does not want to sell the colt, which will go back to England on the Aquitania."

Jarvis further stated that it was practically certain that Irish would not come to the United States to see the race. "The state of his health would not permit his coming," said the English trainer. "He was not at all well when I left."

Saddled for Afternoon Exercise.

Papyrus and Bar Gold were saddled about 4:15 and were walked once around the outdoor walking ring inside the circular stables. Then the gates were unlocked and the two passed out between the rows of visitors and stable hands, clockers and the merely curious who had been awaiting his appearance.

The morning program was repeated, although the walk was a trifle longer. With Bar Gold in the lead they walked up the homestretch as far as the middle of the grand stand and back, walked to the same point again and then cantered back slowly. They were then walked round the turn to the start for the mile races and back again and then returned to the stable. The crowds drifted away and the gates were once more padlocked.

This afternoon the visitors will motor over to Aqueduct for the last day of the meeting of the Queens County Jockey Club, leaving in time to get back for the regular afternoon walk.

A start already has been made on the work of preparing Belmont Park for the International race. The enclosure within the infield, to which the admission charge will be $1.50, already has been built. It is merely a fence with a single rail, roughly a quarter of a mile square, extending for a furlong on each side of the finish mark. This enclosure will be policed thoroughly.

Benches are being removed from the sections in which reserved seats will be sold and chairs are being installed in their stead.

New York Soccer Team Wins.

Scoring once in the first half and twice in the second, the New York Soccer Club defeated the Brooklyn Football Club, 3 to 0, in the first game of the season between national league teams at New York Oval yesterday.

Miss Collett and Sarazen Beat Miss Stirling and Hagen

RYE, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Gene Sarazen, professional golf champion, and Miss Glenna Collett of Providence, national women's champion, today defeated Walter Hagen, runner-up to Sarazen in the P. G. A. title play, and Miss Alexa Stirling by two points in an eighteen-hole foursome in which best ball and aggregate scores were counted. The match was played on the course of the Westchester Biltmore Club.

The cards:

Out—										
Miss Collett	3	4	5	5	5	6	4	4	6	—42
Sarazen	4	3	5	5	4	4	4	4	6	—39
Miss Stirling	4	4	5	4	5	5	5	5	6	—43
Hagen	4	6	5	5	4	3	4	4	4	—39
In—										
Miss Collett	5	5	5	4	5	3	4	5	6	—42—84
Sarazen	5	5	3	5	5	3	4	5	5	—40—79
Miss Stirling	3	6	5	5	6	5	4	5	6	—45—88
Hagen	3	4	5	4	4	3	5	7	5	—40—79

WOMEN'S GOLF PLAY WILL START TODAY

Field of 180 to Compete in Qualifying Round of National Tourney at Rye.

A field of 180 starters, the largest number of women golfers ever to compete in such an event, will begin play this morning in the qualifying round for the twenty-seventh annual tourney of the women's national championship on the links of the Westchester Biltmore Country Club at Rye.

Practically all the leading women golfers of the country, in addition to two who have honors on the courses of Great Britain, have signified their intention of competing. Miss Glenna Collett, national champion, who will endeavor to repeat her triumph of a year ago, will be a starter, as will Miss Alexa Stirling, who has won the title three times in past years. Miss Collett recently defeated Miss Stirling in the Canadian championship.

Two other former holders of the women's title will also tee off today. They are Mrs. C. H. Vanderbeck of Philadelphia and Mrs. H. Arnold Jackson of Greenwich. A diminutive entrant, who will undoubtedly acquit herself with credit in the tournament is Miss Miriam Burns, the 18-year-old girl who won the Western championship this year at Chicago.

Other leading entrants are: Miss Louise Fordyce of Youngstown, Ohio, State champion; Mrs. David C. Gaut of Memphis, former Southern and Western champion; Miss Kathleen Gorman of Parkersburg, W. Va., State champion; Miss Edith Leitch of England; Miss Bernice Wall of Oshkosh, Wis., State titleholder, and Mrs. Audrey Faust of St. Louis, who took Miss Collett to the twentieth hole in their match in the women's invitation tourney at New London.

Match play for the championship will start tomorrow and the final round will take place over the 36-hole route on Saturday.

ORIOLES BEAT YANKS, 10-6.

Parnham Checks Champions Before Record Crowd in Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 30.—The Orioles defeated the Yankees today, 10 to 6, before the largest crowd ever packed into the local park. Several thousand fans were turned away a half hour before the game started.

Babe Ruth hit a home run with the bases loaded. Rube Parnham, who broke the world's record for consecutive games, pitched the entire game for the locals.

The score by innings:

Baltimore (I)	1	0	0	4	2	0	0	3	—	10
New York (A)	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	1	0	— 6

Batteries—Parnham and Cobb; Roettger, Mays and Schang and Hofmann.

AT ST. LOUIS.

CHICAGO (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
A'hdeacon,cf	5	0	3	3	0
Hooper,rf	5	1	1	1	0
Collins,2b	2	2	2	2	1
Happeny,2b	1	0	0	2	3
Shelly,1b	4	2	1	14	0
Barrett,lf	5	0	1	1	0
Kamm,3b	4	1	2	1	9
McClellan,ss	4	1	1	0	3
Crouse,c	4	2	2	3	0
Thurston,p	4	1	1	0	0
Total	38	10	14	27	16

ST. LOUIS (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Gerber,ss	3	0	2	7	3
Ezzell,3b	4	1	2	2	4
Tobin,rf	3	0	0	1	1
Williams,lf	4	0	1	2	1
McManus,2b	4	1	1	4	1
Severeid,c	4	0	1	2	3
Jacobson,cf	4	0	3	3	0
S'hlebner,1b	4	0	0	8	3
Davis,p	2	0	0	0	0
Wright,p	2	0	0	0	0
Root,p	0	0	0	0	1
aMizour	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	10	27	22

Errors—Chicago 0; St. Louis 6 (Gerber 2, McManus 2, Williams, Schlebner).

a Batted for Wright in seventh.

Chicago	0	6	0	0	0	4	0	0	—1	0
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	— 2

Two-base hits—Archdeacon, Jacobson. Home runs—McManus, Crouse. Stolen bases—Collins, Sheely. Sacrifices—Tobin, McClellan. Double plays—Kamm, Collins and Sheely; McManus, Gerber and Schlebner; Kamm, Happeny and Sheely (2). Left on bases—Chicago 6, St. Louis 6. Bases on balls—Off Thurston 1, Davis 2, Wright 1, Root 1. Struck out—By Thurston 2, Wright 1. Hits—Off Davis 7 in 1 2-3 innings, Wright 7 in 5 1-3, Root 0 in 2. Losing pitcher—Davis. Umpires—Ormsby and Moriarity. Time of game—1:42.

AT DETROIT.

CLEVELAND (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Jamieson,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Connolly,rf	3	0	1	2	0
Summa,rf	3	1	0	1	0
Speaker,cf	3	1	2	5	0
Sewell,ss	4	0	1	0	3
St'henson,2b	4	0	0	4	3
Lutzke,3b	3	0	0	1	1
Brower,1b	3	1	1	9	0
O'Neill,c	4	0	1	5	0
Edwards,p	3	0	0	0	0
Uhle,p	0	0	0	0	1
Total	32	4	8	27	8

DETROIT. (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Blue,1b	4	1	0	12	0
Jones,3b	3	0	1	0	2
Haney,2b	0	1	0	0	0
Cobb,cf	2	1	0	2	0
Heilmann,rf	4	0	1	3	0
Fothergill,lf	4	0	0	3	0
Pratt,2b	3	0	2	1	0
Rigney,ss	4	0	0	2	0
Bassler,c	4	0	1	3	0
Francis,p	0	0	0	0	0
Holloway,p	2	0	1	0	1
Clarke,p	0	0	0	1	1
Pillette,p	0	0	0	0	0
aWoodall	1	0	0	0	0
bVeach	1	0	0	0	0
cCole	0	0	0	0	0
dManush	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	3	6	27	10

a Batted for Jones in eighth.
b Batted for Haney in ninth.
c Ran for Bassler in ninth.
d Batted for Pillette in ninth.
Errors—Cleveland 1 (Brower); Detroit 0.

Cleveland	1	0	2	0	0	1	0	0	—4	
Detroit	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	—3

Two-base hits—Speaker, Brower, Sacrifices—Cobb, Speaker. Double play—Lutzke, Stephonson and Brower. Left on bases—Cleveland 9, Detroit 8. Bases on balls—Off Francis 2, Holloway 2, Edwards 4, Clarke 2. Struck out—By Holloway 1, Edwards 3, Clarke 2. Hits—Off Francis 1 in 1-3 inning, Holloway 4 in 5, Clarke 2 in 2 1-3, Pillette 1 in 1 1-3, Edwards 5 in 7 2-3, Uhle 1 in 1 1-3. Hit by pitcher—By Holloway (Edwards). Winning pitcher—Edwards. Losing pitcher—Francis. Umpires—Hildebrand, Owens and Holmes. Time of game—2:30.

AQUEDUCT ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—For maiden three-year-olds and upward; claiming; six and a half furlongs. Whirligig 103 pounds, *Bigger Still 103, Wilton Fianna 102, High Commander 105, *Irene Sweeney 103, Sister Sue 112, Tikeh 105, Baby Boy 105, Plentycoos 114, Patsy B. 106, Sylvan Spring 113, Uranus 112, H. Warren 105.

SECOND RACE—The Pickpocket Handicap; for three-year-olds and upward; one mile and a sixteenth. Flannel Shirt 118 pounds, Episode 112, McKee 109, Maryland Belle 104, High Prince 105.

THIRD RACE—For two-year-olds; claiming; five furlongs. First Lady Harding 106 pounds, Mad Trooper 104, East Wind 106, Vulnad 104, Mitau 109; Aggravating Papa 104, Flitlow 104, Houri 109, Praiseworthy 104, Sleivebloom 101, Escoba D'Oro 106, Hilarity 107.

FOURTH RACE—The Junior Champion; for two-year-olds; one mile. Sun Pal, Bracadale, Briggs Buchanan, Mr. Mutt, Stanwix, Bonaparte, Comic Artist McAuliffe, Aga Khan 105 pounds each.

FIFTH RACE—For three-year-olds and upward; claiming; one mile. Lady Inez 111 pounds, Carmen Pantages 105, King's Belle 108, Trite 106, Whirligig 106, *Maise 102, *Diversity 108, Scare Crow 100, Rekab 106, *Dan Boling 101, Red Legs 112.

SIXTH RACE—For filly two-year-olds; conditions; five furlongs. Janet Blair 107 pounds, Exploit 116, Miss Domino 114, Scarab 107, Starlight 107, Nellie Gray 107, Broadcast 101, Pinkey 101, Lady Bell 101. *Apprentice allowance claimed.

RECRUIT'S HIT WINS FOR GIANTS IN 10TH

Solomon's Single Follows Two-Bagger by Frisch and Beats the Braves, 4 to 3.

BENTLEY SCORES TYING RUN

Triples in Eighth and Comes Home on Bancroft's Blow—Other Rookies in Line-Up.

The Giants played their last regular game of the season at the Polo Grounds yesterday afternoon and defeated the Boston Braves in ten innings by a score of 4 to 3. A single to left field by Moe Solomon, who was obtained recently by the Giants from the Hutchinson club of the Western League, drove in Frank Frisch with the winning run after the latter had doubled with two out.

In addition to Solomon, the Giants also used several other rookies. Wilson, a newcomer from the Norfolk club of the Virginia League, performed in centre field; Terry, former manager of the Toledo club, played first base, and Gearin, formerly of Milwaukee, pitched the first nine innings. Bill Ryan took the mound after Gearin had been taken out for a pinch hitter and received credit for the victory.

Jess Barnes pitched against his former mates until he was removed in favor of a pinch hitter in the first half of the ninth. Up to that time he had allowed eight hits, three of which came during an eighth-inning rally which netted the Giants two runs. Joe Oeschger was on the mound for the last two innings and the champions nicked him for four more hits.

The braves started off well and picked up a run in the first inning on a two-bagger by Nixon and a single by Felix. McInnis also connected for a single in this inning, but it caused no damage. Gearin then went along nicely until the sixth, when the Braves scored their two other runs on a home run by Felix, a single by Southworth, a base on balls, an error by Gaston and an infield out.

The Giants scored one run in the third when Snyder led off with a double, took third on Gearin's single and scored while Jackson was forcing Gearin at second base. They failed to break through again until the eighth, when they tied the score. After Terry had walked with none out, Jack Bentley batted for Gaston, slammed a triple to deep right centre. Bancroft brought the former Baltimore star across a moment later with a two-bagger to centre.

After Bancroft and Jackson had expired in the tenth, Frisch hit his second double of the afternoon and Solomon then came through with his single.

The score:

NEW YORK (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bancroft,ss	5	0	1	6	6
Jackson,3b	5	0	1	1	1
Frisch,2b	5	1	3	3	5
Young,rf	1	0	0	0	0
Solomon,rf	4	0	1	3	0
Cun'gham,lf	4	0	0	1	0
Wilson,cf	4	0	1	2	0
Terry,1b	3	0	1	12	0
Snyder,c	0	0	0	1	1
Gaston,c	2	1	1	3	1
aBentley	1	0	1	0	0
bO'Connell	0	1	0	0	0
Gowdy,c	1	0	1	0	0
Gearin,p	3	0	2	0	1
cMeusel	1	0	0	0	0
Ryan,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	39	4	12	30	13

BOSTON (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Nixon,cf	5	1	1	0	0
Felix,lf	4	1	3	5	0
Southworth,rf	4	1	1	2	0
McInnis,1b	4	0	1	8	4
Boeckel,3b	2	0	1	0	2
Ford,2b	3	0	0	1	5
R.Smith,ss	4	0	0	4	2
O'Neil,c	4	0	0	7	0
J.Barnes,p	3	0	0	2	1
dHermann	1	0	0	0	0
Oeschger,p	0	0	0	1	0
Total	35	3	7	*29	17

* Two out when winning run was scored.
a Batted for Gaston in eighth.
b Ran for Bentley in eighth.
c Batted for Gearin in ninth.
d Batted for Barnes in ninth.
Errors—New York 2 (Bancroft, Gaston); Boston 1 (Ford).

New York	0	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	1	—4
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	—3

Two-base hits—Nixon, Frisch (2). Bancroft, Solomon. Three-base hit—Bentley. Home run—Felix. Stolen bases—Frisch, Boeckel. Double play—Frisch, Bancroft and Terry. Left on bases—New York 7, Boston 7. Bases on balls—Off Gearin 5, J. Barnes 1. Struck out—By Gearin 4, J. Barnes 3. Hits—Off J. Barnes 8 in 8 innings, Oeschger 4 in 2, Gearin 6 in 9, Ryan 1 in 1. Wild pitch—Gearin. Winning pitcher—Ryan. Losing pitcher—Oeschger. Umpires—Powell and McCormick. Time of game—2:20.

AT CINCINNATI.

ST. LOUIS (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Flack,rf	4	2	2	5	0
Smith,lf	5	2	2	1	0
Bottomley,1b	5	1	2	12	0
Mueller,cf	5	1	2	3	0
Stock,3b	4	1	1	0	4
Toporcer,2b	4	0	2	4	1
Bell,ss	5	0	3	0	3
Niehergall,c	4	0	0	2	0
Haines,p	3	1	0	0	2
Total	39	8	14	27	10

CINCINNATI (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Burns,rf	5	0	0	4	0
Daubert,1b	4	2	3	12	2
Kimmick,2b	4	0	1	2	10
Roush,cf	3	0	0	0	0
Harper,cf	2	0	0	0	0
Duncan,lf	2	1	1	1	0
Pick,lf	2	0	1	0	0
Sandberg,c	4	1	0	3	0
Pinelli,3b	3	1	2	0	1
Fowler,ss	3	0	0	2	3
Harris,p	1	0	1	1	1
McQuaid,p	0	0	0	0	3
aMargrave	1	0	0	0	0
Keck,p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	6	8	27	17

a Batted for McQuaid in eighth.
Errors—St. Louis 2 (Flack, Bell), Cincinnati 0.

St. Louis	0	0	0	5	0	1	0	0	2	—8
Cincinnati	0	2	1	0	0	1	0	1	0	—5

Two-base hits—Duncan, Mueller. Stolen bases—Pinelli, Smith, Bottomley. Sacrifice—Pick. Double play—Fowler, Kimmick and Daubert. Left on bases—St. Louis 9, Cincinnati 10. Bases on balls—Off Harris 3, McQuaid 1, Haines 5. Struck out—By McQuaid 1, Haines 2. Hits—Off Harris 7 in 2 2-3 innings, McQuaid 6 in 5 1-3, Keck 1 in 1. Hit by pitcher—By McQuaid (Flack). Passed ball—Niehergall. Losing pitcher—Harris. Umpires—Moran, Hart and Wilson. Time of game—1:49.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Statz,cf	5	1	2	4	0
Adams,ss	3	0	1	8	3
Granth'm,2b	4	1	0	2	6
Grimes,1b	3	0	0	13	0
Friberg,3b	4	2	3	0	0
Miller,lf	4	1	2	2	0
Grigsby,rf	4	0	0	2	0
Hartnett,c	3	0	1	1	0
Wheeler,p	4	0	1	0	0
Total	34	5	10	27	14

PITTSBURGH (N.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Moore,ss	4	0	0	2	3
Carey,cf	4	1	3	4	0
Traynor,3b	5	0	0	3	2
Barnhart,rf	4	0	0	0	0
Russell,lf	4	1	2	1	0
Rawlings,2b	4	0	1	1	3
Grim,1b	3	1	0	10	0
Gooch,c	4	1	3	3	0
Morrison,p	3	0	1	0	1
aMattox	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	4	10	24	9

a Batted for Morrison in ninth.
Errors—None.

Chicago	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	—5	
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	—2

Two-base hits—Friberg, Russell, Gooch, Rawlings, Hartnett. Home runs—Russell, Miller. Stolen base—Statz. Sacrifice—Moore. Double play—Traynor, Rawlings and Grimm. Left on bases—Pittsburgh 8, Chicago 8. Bases on balls—Off Morrison 3, Wheeler 2. Struck out—By Wheeler 1, Morrison 3. Umpires—Quigley, Pfirman and O'Day. Time of game—1:41.

AT WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Leibold,cf	3	1	1	3	0
Smith,cf	1	0	1	0	0
P'paugh,ss	4	0	0	3	5
Goslin,lf	4	1	2	0	0
Rice,rf	3	1	2	0	0
Judge,1b	4	0	0	5	0
Ruel,c	4	2	2	7	2
Harris,2b	4	1	1	5	1
Prothro,3b	3	1	2	2	1
Marberry,p	3	0	1	0	1
Russell,p	1	0	0	0	0
Total	34	7	11	27	10

PHILADELPHIA (A.)	AB	R	H	PO	A
Matthews,cf	3	0	1	3	0
Perkins,c	3	0	0	4	1
Hale,3b	4	0	0	1	2
Hauser,1b	5	0	2	9	0
Welch,rf	3	1	1	2	0
Galloway,ss	3	1	2	2	3
Dykes,2b	3	1	1	1	3
McGowan,lf	4	1	1	8	0
Naylor,p	1	0	0	0	0
Heimach,p	0	0	0	0	3
Seeker,p	0	0	0	0	0
aFrench	1	0	0	0	0
Walker	1	0	1	0	0
Total	34	4	9	24	12

a Batted for Naylor in fifth.
b Batted for Heimach in eighth.
Errors—Washington 2 (Rice, Marberry); Philadelphia 1 (Galloway).

Washington	1	0	0	3	0	2	0	0	—7	
Philadelphia	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	—4

Two-base hits—Liebold, Hauser, Rice, Smith. Three-base hits—Galloway, Prothro. Sacrifices—Welch, Peckinpaugh. Double play—Harris, Peckinpaugh and Judge. Left on bases—Philadelphia 12, Washington 7. Bases on balls—Off Meeker 2, Heimach 1, Marberry 7, Russell 1. Struck out—By Naylor 1, Heimach 1, Meeker 1, Marberry 3, Russell 2. Hits—Off Naylor 6 in 4 innings, Marberry 8 in 7 1-2, Heimach 5 in 3, Meeker none in 1, Russell 1 in 1 2-3. Winning pitcher—Marberry. Losing pitcher—Naylor. Umpires—Evans and Nallin. Time of game—2:08.

American Association.

Indianapolis 9, St. Paul 6.
Milwaukee 6, Toledo 0.
(First game.)
Toledo 6, Milwaukee2.
(Second game.)
Minneapolis 4, Louisville 1.
(First game.)
Minneapolis 3, Louisville 0.
(Second game forfeited in 9th.)
Kansas City 5, Columbus 7.
(First game.)
Kansas City 1, Columbus 1.
(Second game called in 6th.)

BASEBALL

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 4, Boston 3.
(Ten innings).
Philadelphia 6, Brooklyn 4.
(Twelve innings.)
St. Louis 8, Cincinnati 5.
Chicago 5, Pittsburgh 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland 4, Detroit 3.
Chicago 10, St. Louis 2.
Washington 7, Philadelphia 4.
Other clubs not scheduled.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	95	56	.629
Cincinnati	91	61	.599
Pittsburgh	85	67	.559
Chicago	82	69	.543
St. Louis	77	73	.513
Brooklyn	72	78	.480
Boston	52	97	.349
Philadelphia	49	102	.325

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Won.	Lost.	P.C.
New York	96	52	.649
Cleveland	77	68	.531
Detroit	77	70	.524
St. Louis	73	72	.503
Washington	72	74	.493
Chicago	66	80	.452
Philadelphia	64	81	.441
Boston	60	88	.405

WHERE THEY PLAY TODAY.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
No games scheduled.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
Washington at Philadelphia.
Cleveland at St. Louis.
Detroit at Chicago.
Other clubs not scheduled.

POLO TEAMS PLAY CUP FINAL TODAY

Hurlingham Four Will Meet Meadow Brook at Westbury for Waterbury Trophy.

Representatives of the two greatest polo clubs of the two greatest nations playing the game will meet this afternoon on International Field, Westbury, L. I., in the final contest for the Monel Waterbury Cup, the second greatest trophy offered in this country. Meadow Brook, which has long sponsored the game in the United States and which is responsible for most of the leading players in this country, will face the Hurlingham Club, the organization which controls the sport in England, at 3:30, each team having worked its way through the preliminary rounds by impressive victories.

For the convenience of the public the Polo Association has arranged for special trains to run directly from the Long Island side of the Pennsylvania Station to the scene of the matches, the first leaving at 12:30 P. M. and the last at 2:10 P. M. Tickets for game No. 5 will be honored at the gate. Immediately after the contest the cups will be presented to the winners.

YALE LISTS 300 OARSMEN.

Fall Rowing Campaign Will Start on New Haven Harbor Today.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Sept. 30.—More than 300 candidates for the Yale crew were registered tonight. This is nearly double the usual Fall registration. The increase in interest is laid to Ed Leader, the coach from the University of the State of Washington, who a year ago took charge of the rowing department and who last June swept the Thames with his crews. Leader said tonight that the freshmen crews will start their six weeks' Fall work tomorrow by rowing on New Haven Harbor.

GOVERNORS ISLAND WINS.

Polo Team Defeats Fort Hamilton, 6 to 3, in Corps Tourney.

The Fort Hamilton polo team, favorites at the start of the tournament, were eliminated from the competition for the Second Corps Area championship by the representatives of Governors Island yesterday on the field at Fort Hamilton. Captain John P. Neu's outfit had to concede five goals handicap to the Governors Island four, and, although Major Eole, the Fort Hamilton back, checked the attack of the Governors Island forwards to such an extent that they were able to score only one more goal. Captain Neu and Major Sands, the Fort Hamilton No. 1 and No. 2, were unable to overcome the handicap, and were forced to bow in defeat, 6 to 3.

MITCHELL DEMANDS ZEV RACE MY OWN

Continued from Page 1, Column 2.

months ago Zev, Harry Sinclair's horse, although defeated in the Preakness, had made an excellent record. He won the Kentucky Derby, Belmont and Withers, and in form he appeared to be the best American horse of the year. Then Admiral Cary Grayson's My Own began to show the most remarkable speed, winning every race in which he was entered, including the Fort Edward Handicap, and galloping away from Harry Payne Whitney's Bunting in the Saratoga Cup. Some of the best informed men of the country feel and have stated that My Own is unquestionably a better horse than Zev and should represent America in the international race.

The Elimination Sweepstake.

Thereupon the Jockey Club announced an Elimination Sweepstake, the winner of which should be chosen as America's representative in the race with Papyrus. The owners of prospective candidates were invited to attend a meeting to discuss the matter, and it was agreed that this would be the best way to select America's candidate. A few days after the meeting and, incidentally, after My Own had won Saratoga, the trainer of Zev stated that he would not race Zev in any elimination contest. The committee of the Jockey Club thereupon announced that the Lawrence Realization would also count as a trial race, notwithstanding the fact that such horses as My Own were not eligible for this race because they had not been nominated as yearlings when the entries closed in this State. It was won by Zev under stress from the great filly Untidy. In this race Zev was reported to have lost a piece of his frog, and this argument was used later as an excuse for his inability to run with My Own in a national trial sweepstake

GOVERNOR BEGINS STATE COAL INQUIRY

Asks O'Malley and Former Fuel Officials to Supply Evidence of Gouging.

WANTS FIGURES ON SUPPLY

Is Interested in Prices Charged Householders for Less Than Ton Lots.

URGES PINCHOT TO ACT

Smith Declares Pennsylvania Should See That Operators Absorb Strike Settlement Increase.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 30.—Governor Smith today began an inquiry into the fuel situation in New York State, asking Edwin J. O'Malley, Commissioner of Markets of New York City, and the men who acted as County Fuel Administrators for the State Fuel Administration last Winter to supply information as to the anthracite supply, the prices being charged and for evidence of profiteering. In his letter to Commissioner O'Malley the Governor said:

"I am endeavoring to gauge the coal situation as it affects the State of New York and I shall appreciate your assistance in securing and forwarding to me at the earliest possible moment specific information on conditions in the City of New York.

"1. What was the prevailing price per ton of anthracite coal in June, 1923, in the various boroughs?

"2. What is it at the present time?

"3. What is the price per quantity such as is used by the small householder in less than ton lots and what does this average per ton?

"4. Have you any concrete evidence of gouging or profiteering on the part of retail coal dealers or coal peddlers in your city?

"5. Have they made any announcements of future increase of coal prices?

"6. Is the present supply and the outlook for the future amply adequate or do you anticipate a shortage?"

To those who acted as County Fuel Administrators, the Governor wrote:

"Mindful of your service to the State during the coal crisis last Winter, I venture to ask your assistance now in securing for me certain information that your familiarity with local conditions especially qualifies you to secure.

"I wish to be reliably informed on coal conditions in the various counties at the present time. Will you, therefore, forward to me at the earliest possible moment replies to these important questions?

"1. What was the prevailing price per ton of various sizes of anthracite coal for household and industrial uses in June, 1923?

"2. What is the price at the present time?

"3. Do dealers contemplate further increases?

"4. Is there at present an adequate supply of coal for the needs of your county?

"5. Is the outlook as to supply satisfactory for the Winter?"

Governor Smith today sent to Governor Pinchot of Pennsylvania his answer to a letter received from the latter in relation to the coal situation. Governor Smith pointed out that the Public Service Commission of this State could do nothing toward protecting customers from "undue and unnecessary increase in price" of coal. His letter follows:

"Dear Governor Pinchot:

"I have given careful consideration to your letter of Sept. 10 relating to coal conditions, in which you express your concern for the protection of the consumer 'from undue and unnecessary increase in price.'

"I think you say very properly that a special responsibility rests upon you in this matter as Governor of the only State which produces anthracite coal. You are in possession of first-hand information with regard to conditions at the mines. I am not. I assume that you know whereof you speak when you mention the need of a fairer wage in a peculiarly hazardous industry. I find no fault with your action in suggesting an increase of wages if in your opinion this was necessary. But I do not believe that any public official should lead the people to believe, or attempt to lead the people to believe, that the price of producing any commodity can be increased without increasing the cost to the ultimate consumer, unless profiteering can be proven. Have you any evidence of profiteering, so far as your State is concerned?

"In your letter to the President, a copy of which you enclose to me, you state that 'many operators could absorb the whole of the 60-cent increase and still make abundant profit.' As these operators are wholly within the jurisdiction of your State, it would seem to me that in the discharge of the special responsibility which you say rests upon you in the matter, some action should be taken by you and your State to see that the operators do absorb this increase which you say they can absorb and thus do not pass it on the consuming public of New York and neighboring anthracite-using States.

"From your intimate knowledge of the business and the experience you must have gained in the recent settlement of the coal strike, have you been able to gain any helpful information from the report of the commission appointed by President Harding to investigate the whole question of production and distribution of coal?

"Your suggestion that the public can be protected against payment of this increase in some way, by the action of the Public Service Commission of this State, entirely loses sight of the fact that no anthracite coal is produced in this State and no shipments of anthracite coal originate in this State. The freight rates of anthracite coal are all regulated by the Interstate Commerce Commission so far as this State is concerned.

"I am, of course, keeping in touch with coal conditions throughout New York State and will be glad to confer with you at any time. Thus far the State of Pennsylvania itself has added to the cost of coal to the consumers by the tax imposed at the mines and the addition of 50 cents a ton, imposed by the State of Pennsylvania, upon production of anthracite coal. Now, the settlement of the coal strike giving a further increase of 60 cents a ton has made you assume the responsibility for these additions for the cost of coal to the consumer.

"If you have any specific suggestion that I might submit to the Legislature of the State of New York I shall be glad to hear it, but in the first instance it seems clear to me that the duty and responsibility rests upon you and the State of Pennsylvania. Sincerely yours,

"(Signed) ALFRED E. SMITH."

30 YEARS ON FIRE PATROL.

Lieut. Ammermuller Congratulated by Officials and Comrades.

Lieutenant Louis E. Ammermuller of Fire Patrol No. 2 on Saturday night celebrated thirty years of unbroken service, when, at the headquarters of the patrol, 84 West Thirty-eighth Street, officials of the City Department and members of his own and every other fire patrol in New York gathered to do him honor.

Among the Fire Department officials were Deputy Chief Henry Heim of the First Division; Deputy Chief Edward Worth, Marine Division; Superintendent James O. Schwank, New York Fire Patrol, and Deputy Chief John Davin, Brooklyn.

Ammermuller is 51 years old. He joined Fire Patrol No. 1 on Sept. 29, 1893. He has been attached to Fire Patrol No. 2 for the last eight years.

Dog Killed After Biting 35 In 15-Mile Run in Jersey

BELLEVILLE, N. J., Sept. 30.—Frank Burdi, a police reservist, today shot the stray mongrel which bit thirty-five persons, mostly children, in near-by communities in the last few days. Burdi saw the dog bite three persons before he could kill it.

It is estimated that the dog traveled fifteen miles in his raid, as eleven persons were reported bitten in Orange, ten in East Orange, eight in Bloomfield, three in West Orange and three in Belleville. The carcass will be sent to the Newark City Hospital for examination.

SEEK FUND TO BRING DEMOCRATS HERE

Merchants Association Hopes for $300,000 for National Convention.

WILL ASK RICKARD TO AID

Fight Prmoter to Be Urged to Help Raise Money and Reserve Garden.

The belief that the Democratic National Convention will be held in New York has grown to such extent that a committee of the Merchants' Association is to hold a conference Wednesday noon at the Hotel Biltmore at which Tex Rickard will be asked to help raise funds to bring that convention here, and to reserve Madison Square Garden for the convention. It is understood that the Merchants' Association wishes a fund of $260,000 to $300,000 before making its bids for the convention.

Such a fund would exceed the amounts which other cities, bidding for the convention, have expressed willingness to put up. San Francisco, according to data to be laid before the conference on Wednesday, has raised $250,000 in connection with its offer to take care of the Democratic National Convention.

Those who are advocating New York as the convention city, however, will base their claim largely on New York's accommodations, not only in the way of an auditorium but in hotels.

As for the auditorium, the bidders for the Democratic National Convention, believe that with the aid of Rickard they can provide one that will have double the capacity of the next largest indoor auditorium in the country. Rickard, it is understood, has devised a way to increase the seating capacity of Madison Square Garden from 15,000 to 20,000, which would exceed by approximately 11,000 seats the capacity of the Coliseum in Chicago and the convention hall in San Francisco. It has been found that by room in the two ends for 3,000 additional seats and he also would extend the seats in the first two balconies.

Rickard had hoped to provide an entirely new hall for the Democratic National Convention by erecting what is to be known as the Rickard Coliseum on nearly the whole block now occupied by the Seventh Avenue Railway car barns at Fifty-first Street and Seventh Avenue, but the deal for that site has been held up.

SAYS TAMMANY "WETS" MAKE KLAN MEMBERS

Anderson Assails Plotters Against Prohibition As Foes of Protestant Church.

Special to The New York Times.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Sept. 30.—Superintendent Anderson of the Anti-Saloon League made an address before the men's organization of the North Presbyterian Church tonight. The church was crowded to capacity. Superintendent Anderson declared the acts of Tammany Hall tended to increase membership in the Ku Klux Klan. He reiterated his assertion that his indictment was a Tammany "wet" political plot, saying:

"If I am brought to trial before election in an effort to secure a verdict of guilty from a jury composed of men formerly in the liquor business or hangers-on of that business (of course, purely through the accident of drawing), which jury is fixed or tampered with by representatives of this Tammany politico-ecclesiastical combination, it will be thoroughly understood that it is the last desperate card being played by this bunch in their effort to elect a Tammany Assebmly that will do things that may put the entire State at the mercy of Tammany and its real foreign masters for a generation.

"This New York District Attorney claims to be a Protestant, holds membership in a reputable Protestant church whose pastor he evidently compelled to come to his feeble defense, and yet he is doing the dirty work of the anti-Protestant gang that is working through Tammany's control and prostitution of the machinery of justice. This Tammany District Attorney is high in Masonic circles, and yet he allows himself to be made in this matter the mere tool and catspaw of the anti-Masonic influences that are trying to tear down most of what Masonry stands for. The New York District Attorney's ally in this unsavory business is the Rockefeller representative who, as a Federal official during the World War, double-crossed the Masons to advance the Knights of Columbus.

"This same politico-ecclesiastical combination that is trying to destroy the public schools that taught the effect of alcohol, and that is trying to cripple the Protestant churches by disrupting their Anti-Saloon League agency following the blow at the churches by the vicious Knights of Columbus propaganda against the Young Men's Christian Association, is waking the echoes with its protests against the Ku Klux Klan on the ground that it is an un-American institution.

"I know absolutely nothing about the Ku Klux Klan from the inside, for I have never been, am not and never shall be a member. But it does not take more than one eye, and that not wide open, to see that most of the enemies of the Ku Klux Klan are mainly the enemies of the Protestant churches and of prohibition, of the public school, and of the American conscience and the American Constitution generally.

"I do not approve of lawlessness, whether committed by Klan members or anybody else. I think the Klan will probably some day recognize the need of taking due steps to protect itself against representatives of this politico-ecclesiastical outfit putting on hoods and robes themselves and committing crimes for the purpose of having them charged to the Klan. Organizations like Tammany and the anti-Protestant politico-ecclesiastical combination behind it are doing more to recruit the Klan at the present time than anything else. And aside from the public school question, things like the Knights of Columbus propaganda against the Young Men's Christian Association as a blow at the Protestant Churches, and now the attempt to disrupt the Anti-Saloon League as the agency of these churches by discrediting and ruining its officials, seem destined to obtain for the Klan a church backing of a sort that would otherwise have been impossible.

"And further, notwithstanding the falsehoods already uttered and certain to be uttered to the effect that I have endorsed the Klan, I have no hesitation in saying that as between Tammany and the so-called religious influences behind it on one hand and the Klan on the other, I infinitely prefer the Klan without knowing a thing about it."

DRY CONFERENCE MAY HEAR COOLIDGE

President Likely to Break Rule Against Speeches at Enforcement Meeting.

TO CONVENE THIS MONTH

Citizens' Committee, Backed by Churches of Christ, to Wage Crusade Against Laxity.

Announcement that President Coolidge had promised to make an exception to his rule against delivering speeches and receiving delegations when the Citizens' Committee meets in Washington this month to launch a national campaign for prohibition and other law enforcement was made yesterday at a conference of ministers and laymen at the Marble Collegiate Church, Twenty-ninth Street and Fifth Avenue. The conference was brought together by the Federal Council of Churches of Christ in America, which hopes, through the convocation of Christian forces in Washington, to start a crusade for the preservation of prohibition.

At the conference of ministers and laymen the fear that prohibition was in danger was repeatedly expressed. Fred B. Smith, Chairman of the Committee on Church Organization of the Federal Council, quoted the late President Harding as having sounded a warning against the "demobilization" of the Churches and other forces as soon as they had won the fight for prohibition.

Mr. Smith further disclosed that the prohibition forces were apprehensive lest the wets, arguing that they were in favor of law enforcement and that the Volstead act can be enforced when modified, are likely to win the support of the lawmakers. This fear and the fear that lax enforcement of the prohibition law may lead to the undoing of prohibitionist work over a period of half a century are behind the movement for one of the greatest prohibition conferences ever held in this country. Mr. Smith announced that the citizenship conference would be held on Oct. 13, 14 and 15 and that any supporter of prohibition was eligible to attend.

Mr. Smith said Senator William E. Borah had accepted an invitation to address the conference, and had expressed himself as feeling that he would "make the speech of his life." He told of having outlined the purposes of the conference to President Coolidge. Mr. Smith said that the President reminded him of the Coolidge rule against speech-making and delegation-receiving, but quoted the President as having said:

"If there is any convention to be held this year that ought to have an exception it is this one. I will make an exception in this case and arrange to meet all the members in the East Room of the White House."

Mr. Smith said that it was last October, on the afternoon of the same day on which President Harding had said that prohibition had come to stay, that he had an interview with the President Harding and congratulated the Chief Executive on a statement upholding prohibition which was appearing in the newspapers. He quoted President Harding as having replied to his congratulations.

"Now why are you prohibitionists not backing this up? It seems to me that you folk who had so much to say in backing up the amendment aren't doing your full duty."

Mr. Smith said the speakers at the conference would include Governor Gifford Pinchot of Pennsylvania, Governor E. Lee Trinkle of Virginia, Justice Florence Allen of the Ohio Supreme Court, Warren S. Stone, Grand Chief of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers; ex-Governor Henry J. Allen of Kansas, William Jennings Bryan, Colonel Raymond Robins, Federal Prohibition Commissioner Roy A. Haynes, Mabel W. Willebrandt of the Department of Justice, Rabbi Wise, Rabbi Stephen S. Wise, Bishop William R. McDowell of Washington, Lois Marshall, President Clarence A. Barbour of Rochester Theological Seminary, and Bishop George C. Clement of African Methodist Episcopal Zion, Louisville.

Herbert W. Twitchell as Chairman of the Finance Committee, the Rev. Daniel A. Poling of the Marble Collegiate Church, as Chairman of the Committee on Recommendations and Future Plans, and the Rev. Samuel Z. Batten, Chairman of the Committee on Educational Policy, spoke in favor of dry law enforcement at yesterday's conference.

SAYS RICH FLOUT DRY LAW.

Connecticut Governor Declares It Is They Who Make Bootlegging.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 30.—Patronage of prosperous business men was held responsible for the flourishing of bootleggers, in a speech delivered by Governor Templeton yesterday at an outing of Republicans of the Fourth Senatorial District at Laurel Park.

"Take away the prosperous business man's trade," he declared, "and bootleggers will disappear."

Obedience to the law by foreigners could not be expected, in his judgment, so long as intelligent Americans flouted the law in this manner.

TO TEST A STRANGE DRUG.

Caapi, Discovered by Dean Rusby, Will Be Used in Experiments.

The strange and powerful drug known as "caapi" or "ayawasco," which was discovered last year by Dr. Henry H. Rusby, dean of the College of Pharmacy of Columbia University, in the wilds of Bolivia, after scientists and explorers had vainly searched for it more than seventy years, is to be tested by Dr. Albert S. Schneider, lecturer at the University of California, a dispatch from Berkeley, Cal., announces.

Dr. Schneider is to analyze the reaction of the drug and later will give the world the story of his sensations under its influence. The drug is said to turn civilized man back into a savage and to kill all fear.

"Caapi," according to Dr. Rusby, who led the H. K. Mulford biological expedition into South America, is prepared from the root and bark of the ayawasco vine.

It is administered, Dr. Rusby revealed, only by the tribal cup-bearer on the eve of battle. When taken, the drug produces a convulsive trembling, the blood leaves the face and a deathly paHor follows. A few minutes later, however, blood returns to the head and with it a superhuman courage that causes the drinker to have no fear of the enemy. Later, the drug produces a sleep in which occurs dreams of courageous deeds.

FOR RAIL CONSOLIDATION.

Carl R. Gray Says It Would Enhance Competitive Service.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Consolidation of railroads can be so accomplished as to maintain competitive service, and even enhance it, Carl R. Gray, President of the Union Pacific Railroad, and Chairman of a committee appointed by the United States Chamber of Commerce to study the question, said today in a statement foreshadowing the committee's conclusions.

"Many relative rate adjustments," said Mr. Gray, "which might under other conditions be desirable, are impossible because they would bankrupt certain roads and unduly enrich others. When there have been developed through consolidations, fewer large systems of relatively equal strength, there will then be greater possibilities for more satisfactory rate adjustments."

England's Army of Unemployed Increases; 1,500,000 Jobless Expected by Christmas

LONDON, Sept. 30.—A Winter of discontent is forecast for about one-sixth of the population of England, composed of the ever-increasing army of unemployed and hosts of Government employes, whose weekly stipend is about to be curtailed. The slump in British trade and commerce has been reflected internally, with the result that the unemployed, now numbering 1,233,300, are expected to reach 1,500,000 by Christmas.

Most of the jobless are receiving a weekly dole from the Government, but in a majority of cases this suffices only to keep body and soul together. The prospects of a severe Winter are viewed with alarm, as most of the charitable organizations are already being burdened to the limit of their resources.

The trade depression also is responsible for the action of a Government committee, which recommended reductions in the pay of many army and navy officers and men, as well as Civil Service employes, to reduce taxation. The committee's recommendations will be presented to Parliament in November and probably will be enacted. The reductions will affect about 5,000,000 persons.

For the first half of the fiscal year, ending today, the total revenue of the United Kingdom amounted to £365,829,949, a decrease of £38,063,463, as compared with the same period in 1922.

The receipts in the past quarter were £178,828,204, a decrease of £29,911,055 compared with the same period of 1922. The most notable decreases for the half year were £7,000,000 in excise taxes, £13 000,000 in the income tax and £500,000 in postal service receipts.

NO ARREST NEAR IN DEATH OF GIRL

Citizens Again Demand Action in Clearing Dickson Mystery at Millville, N. J.

MAY APPEAL TO GOVERNOR

Memorial Service Held for High School Student—Troopers on New Clue.

Special to The New York Times.

MILLVILLE, N. J., Sept. 30.—Popular clamor for the arrest of the slayer of Emma Dickson, 15 years old, which subsided with the holding of the second autopsy last Friday, revived today following the announcement of County Detective Frank Lore that no arrest will be made for several days. The Progressive League of Port Elizabeth, which meets tomorrow night, has appointed a committee to hasten the prosecution of the case. It is planned to appeal to Governor Silzer if necessary.

Since the discovery of the girl's body in a clump of bushes in the Port Elizabeth road on Sept. 22 citizens of the surrounding towns have taken an active interest in the case. Hundreds of persons visited the scene yesterday. They organized searching parties in the hope of discovering some stray bit of evidence that might aid in identifying the murderer.

Prosecutor Rose C. Ward admitted that the authorities would not be able to live up to their promise to make an arrest. He said that after a long conference with County Detective Lore last night they had decided that a premature arrest might spoil the whole case. He admitted that there would be no arrest for several days.

Meanwhile State Troopers McLaughlin and Conley were investigating reports that the crime was committed by negroes. They learned that an automobile truck carrying two strange negroes was seen to pass through Port Elizabeth about dusk on the evening the girl disappeared.

The county authorities are considering the theory that the girl was killed by a resident of Port Elizabeth, of whom she had often expressed fear to her schoolmates. The police say that this person has been unable to account for his time on the evening of Sept. 13, the day Emma Dickson disappeared.

Samuel Veech of Belmont, who was said by the police to have been acquainted with the dead girl, talked freely to reporters. Veech denied that he had ever taken Emma out, saying that he knew her but slightly. He is engaged to be married, and said that on the evening Emma was killed he had been in Millville with his fiancée.

Members of the Sunday school class to which Emma Dickson belonged held a memorial service yesterday at the Methodist Church in Port Elizabeth. After the service each member of the class dropped a rose on the murdered girl's grave.

INDIANA REPUBLICANS INCLINED TO COOLIDGE

But They Want Him to Demonstrate Qualifications for Office to Obtain 1924 Nomination.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 30.—A dispatch to The Chicago Tribune from Indianapolis reads:

"Testimony is unanimous that Indiana Republicans are favorably disposed toward President Coolidge and regard him the logical candidate of the party in 1924.

"Of course, he must demonstrate his qualifications for the office in order to obtain the nomination, the Hoosier Republicans being agreed that he should get full and unhampered opportunity to make good.

"So the Hoosiers, though harboring now as always, several potential candidates, intend to stand back and give the man in the White House all the chance he requires. Senator Watson has informed his friends that he is for Coolidge as the situation now stands and that he will not become a candidate unless a free-for-all contest should develop in Indiana.

"Similar assurance has been forthcoming on behalf of former Senator Beveridge, who is abroad. There is general agreement that it is probably going to be impossible to pass judgment on President Coolidge until some time after Congress meets in December. He has been devoting himself to a cautious survey of the situation, doing and saying as little as possible until he knows where he is at, but when Congress convenes the time for action will be at hand.

"The first test will be the President's message in which he will tell Congress what he thinks ought to be done to advance the welfare of the nation. This utterance will be accepted by both Republicans and Democrats as the platform of principles on which the President will make his bid for the succession to himself.

"The next test will be furnished by his handling of Congress and the ability he displays in obtaining legislation recommended.

"Postmaster General New is preparing to wage an aggressive campaign to capture the Indiana delegation for the President and it is evident that the fur will fly if a general contest should develop."

MADE KENTUCKY COLONELS.

Norman Hapgood and J. T. McCutcheon Are Honored for Services.

FRANKFORT, Ky., Sept. 30.—Norman Hapgood of New York, editor of a national magazine, and John T. McCutcheon, cartoonist, of Chicago are the latest Kentucky Colonels.

Their commissions were signed yesterday by Governor Morrow, and will be dispatched to them, through Mayor Quinn of Louisville, at once, and are in recognition of their services in the interest of Kentucky's 1924 homecoming, which is to be held next June.

DISORDERS FEARED AT FILIPINO POLLS

General Wood Takes Precautions to Prevent Outbreaks in Tomorrow's Election.

INDEPENDENCE ONE ISSUE

One Party Is Urging It, While the Other Would Continue American Control.

MANILA, Sept. 30 (Associated Press.)—With the insular election only two days off, the most bitter political campaign in the Philippine Islands since the United States assumed the administration of government here is drawing to a close. Feeling has reached a high pitch in both political camps and disorders are regarded as a possibility.

Although Governor General Wood does not look for serious disturbances, he and other Government officials have made preparations to forestall, or at least suppress, any outbreaks.

Broadly, the campaign issue is independence for the Philippines. The Democrata Party favors continuance of American administration; the Coalitionists, under the leadership of Manuel Quezon, are opposed to the administration. The Coalitionists frankly say that the campaign has had the word "American" as a byword of derision.

High Government officials are known to regard many of the Coalitionists' speeches as inflammatory and seditious to the utmost limit possible without prosecution, and believe that the speakers counted on the tolerance of Americans and the American Government to save them from being taken to task.

One of the most bitter fights in the campaign has been waged about the question of expenditures from the million peso Independence fund, which is controlled by Coalitionist legislators.

Members of the Democrata Party have made a determined effort to get authorization to examine disbursement vouchers. To this end, mandamus proceedings were brought in the Insular Supreme Court to force Governor General Wood to authorize the investigation. The Supreme Court refused to sustain the petition. When the petition was filed the Democratas called a meeting for Saturday, but on hearing of the court's action they called the meeting off.

Their defeat in the court action was the signal for a fresh outbreak of bitterness among the Democratas. It is the opinion of Government officials that serious disturbances would result were it not for the presence of large forces of constabulary.

In the Provinces there is apparently little interest or excitement, but in Manila feeling runs high. Hundreds of students here are known to be radical.

General Wood does not feel that any of the attacks are directed at him personally, but that they are part of the effort to supplant American Government as outlined by the Jones law which an administration controlled by the Insular Legislature and dominated by Manuel Quezon and his group. Meanwhile, the Governor General has reasserted his stand "to keep unsullied the reputation and undiminished the sovereignty of the United States in the islands."

ACCEPTS PRISON TERM TO SPARE BROTHERS

Kentucky Farmer Takes Full Blame for Murder of Father to Save Twins From Trial.

Special to The New York Times.

WINCHESTER, Ky., Sept. 30.—John Schumaker, 30-year-old farmer of this county, will be taken to the State Penitentiary tomorrow to serve twenty-one years for the murder of his father, John Schumaker Sr. He accepted his sentence to save his twin brothers, Herbert and Hobert, aged 20, from having to undergo the strain of a trial.

Schumaker made a plea of guilty as a dramatic finale of what had promised to be a long court fight. Through an agreement with the trial court, Schumaker shouldered the entire blame for the killing, thereby exonerating the twins who had been under indictment as accomplices.

"I killed my father," he said, "but I had to do it, and my brothers are innocent. I would rather die than see them suffer."

The brothers were greatly affected by his acceptance of long punishment to save them, as evidence implicated them. They, however, had never attempted to place blame for the murder on their older brother, but had said they knew nothing of the actual killing.

The killing occurred on the Schumaker farm in this county. The father and son quarreled over a division of household furnishings. The two were alone in the home when a shot was heard. A passer-by went in and found the body of the elder Schumaker with a hole blown through his back by a shotgun. John Schumaker, the son was in an adjoining room. He made little attempt at denial when arrested. The prosecution contended the twins had been stationed some distance away to prevent officials or others reaching the house. This, however, was never proven.

WIFE'S PICTURE FOR STAMPS

Ziegfeld Offers to Pay for an Issue if Government Will Advertise Her.

Florenz Ziegfeld telegraphed yesterday to Postmaster General Harry S. New offering to finance an entire issue of 1,000,000,000 two-cent stamps, if these would carry the photograph of his wife, Miss Billie Burke.

"The offer is made in perfectly good faith," said Ziegfeld yesterday. "The idea came to me from the recent announcement of the Italian Government that it would sell advertising privileges on Government postage stamps to raise special revenue. The Italians have estimated that by this means the Treasury should profit to the extent of between $10,000,000 and $15,000,000 annually and I do not see that it would be beneath the dignity of the United States Government to follow the example of Rome. I offer to give the Government 60 per cent. of all gross receipts on the same terms as requested by the Italian Government."

MAGNUS JOHNSON WARNS 3RD PARTY

Minnesota Senator-Elect Advises Organization Before Naming Ticket.

HILLQUIT MORE CONFIDENT

Says Farmer-Labor Party Will Be Powerful Factor in Coming Elections.

Senator-elect Magnus Johnson of Minnesota, at a convention of the American Labor Party at Beethoven Hall yesterday, said that if the Republicans and Democrats nominated standpatters for President in 1924 the Farmer-Labor Party should be strong enough to name its own candidate.

"In Minnesota," he said, "we have co-operated and we now have a State Farmer-Labor ticket. We are making progress in several other States and I just received word from Pennsylvania to address a Farmer-Labor convention there. The only thing is this. Will we be prepared in 1924 to go in with our candidates for President of the United States and for Vice President? Shall we not organize for four more years these State organizationz so we can go in stronger?

Suppose the Republicans nominate Coolidge; and undoubtedly they will. The Democrats—what will they do? They will nominate the best progressive man they have and they can't pick any too good. But they are playing politics in order to fool the people. If they put up two standpatters we can go between them. Just as I said in Minnesota, 'let us put the Farmer-Labor candidates across. If we lose we haven't lost anything anyway.'

"We are going to meet in Washington next December, and we are going to put the old Republican Party on record. We are going to use every conceivable thing so we can tell the public where we have got them. For the next election I am going out and use my voice and power with the farmers and the workers and help defeat any Republican or Democratic standpatter for office.

"We have to do it. You must know your responsibility. The farmers are going to be with you. They are with you today."

Other States in the West, said Senator Johnson, are just as radical as Minnesota. "I am a radical man, a radical man," he added. "I don't care at all."

Morris Hillquit predicted that the Farmer-Labor movement would be powerful enough to nominate its own ticket for 1924.

The coming Presidential election of 1924, Mr. Hillquit said, "will witness the presence of a fully organized and powerful Farmer-Labor Party in this country. The Republicans, I believe, will nominate that paragon of diplomacy and saviour of the republic, Calvin Coolidge. The Democrats will nominate a statesman of similar merit and similar favor and love for the producing classes."

Mr. Hillquit declared that the British Labor Party had but 365,000 members when it was started twenty years ago and now has over 5,000,000 adherents. With the mistakes of the British laborites as examples, Mr. Hillquit declared that within five years the Americans could equal the success of the British.

"The Farmer-Labor movement," he said, "stands for revolt against the old parties, that stand for exploitation of the producing class. The movement in Minnesota is not purely local, but is the expression of the sentiments of large numbers throughout the country."

The convention endorsed the candidacy of Municipal Court Justice Jacob Panken for Judge of the Court of Appeals on the Socialist ticket.

COOLIDGE AND WILSON GREET BISHOP FREEMAN

Send Messages to the Prelate at Meeting Attended by 35,000 Persons.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—Thirty-five thousands persons, including hundreds of the nation's notables both in religious and official life, attended an open-air meeting today on the grounds of the new National Cathedral here, incident to the consecration of the Rev. Dr. James Edward Freeman as Episcopal Bishop of Washington.

President Coolidge sent a message to Bishop Freeman, as did former President Wilson.

The Cathedral, which is only partly completed, was described by President Coolidge as both an "adornment and an inspiration in the national capital."

"I know," he said, "that your devotion to the cause which it typifies will be a powerful factor of assurance that the work will proceed in both material and spiritual accomplishment.

"Your work is to be commended, because it represents the foundation of all progress, all government and all civilization. That foundation is religion. Our country is not lacking in material resources, and, though we need more education, it cannot be said to be lacking in intelligence. But certainly it has need of greater practical application of the truths of religion. It is only in that direction that there is hope of solution of our economic and social problems.

"Whatever inspires and strengthens the religious belief and religious activity of the people, whatever ministers to their spiritual life, is of supreme importance. Without it all other efforts will fail. With it there lies the only hope of success. The strength of our country is the strength of its religious convictions.

"To you and all those associated with you throughout our land in ministering to religion I extend my appreciation of your toil and sacrifice and my faith in your ultimate success."

Mr. Wilson expressed his personal gratification at the honors conferred upon Dr. Freeman.

"I cannot in justice to my own feelings," the former President's letter said, "let the occasion of your induction into the office of Bishop pass without again expressing my gratification that you should be assuming these new responsibilities and my constant interest in what I know is very near your heart, namely, the completion of the great cathedral which is to crown Mount Saint Alban.

"May I not also express again my confident hope that your service in the office of Bishop will be crowned with the greatest spiritual blessings, and that a great service to the community and to the nation may be opened to you."

DIES IN DOUBLE AUTO CRASH

Thrown to Street by Collision and Hit by Third Machine.

Elmer Bracher, a former football player at Rutgers College, was killed in an unusual automobile accident at Rahway, N. J., early yesterday. The car in which he was riding crashed into a motor truck standing on the Lincoln Highway with its driver asleep. Awakened by the crash, the truck driver signaled wildly in an attempt to stop a second automobile. He failed, and the second machine ran over the body of Bracher, which had been flung to the road in the collision.

George Richardson Scott of White Plains, a Rutgers student, who was in the first automobile, and Hugh Shannon, a passenger in the second car, were painfully hurt. Richard Haines, driver of the second car, was held as a material witness, but the authorities said Bracher was dead before the second car ran over him.

City and I. R. T. Can't Afford $1,500,000 33d St. Change

The Transit Commission made public the text of an opinion, handed down by Major Gen. John F. O'Ryan, postponing for one year a final decision on the proposal to convert the Thirty-third Street local station of the Lexington Avenue line into an express station.

The opinion of General O'Ryan, in which other members of the commission concurred, point out that, while the commission is favorably inclined toward the proposed plan, the Interborough Rapid Transit Company and the city are not in a position at present to undertake this $1,500,000 improvement because of other more urgent expenditures.

TAMMANY PICKS 4 FOR BENCH TICKET

Bijur, Gavegan, Proskauer and Mahoney Sure, Crain and Glennon Probable.

REPUBLICANS UNDECIDED

Charles H. Strong and Robert McC. Marsh Mentioned—Selections to Be Made Tonight.

With the time limit for the naming of judicial candidates in the First District only forty-eight hours away, the slates of both of the major parties were still in doubt last night. The Republican leaders, after the adjournment of their judicial convention until tonight, were in conference all day yesterday. The Democratic organization also will make its nominations tonight.

Leader Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall is reported to have modified his position regarding the attitude of the Bar Association and other organizations interested in a non-partisan judiciary by discarding the names of several persons who were thought to be sure of a place on the Tammany ticket and substituting men of experience on the bench of inferior courts. While the master mechanic of the Tammany machine was away from the city all day yesterday, he is said to have had important conferences bearing on the final slate which will be presented at the convention tonight.

As the Tammany slate stood last night four names were certain—Justices Nathan Bijur, Edward J. Gavegan, Joseph M. Proskauer and Jeremiah T. Mahoney. All are now members of the Supreme Court, the first two by election and the last two by appointment. Justice Bijur is a Republican and Justice Gavegan was elected on the Independence League ticket.

Crain and Glennon Probable Choices.

Of the other six places on the Tammany ticket two more were said to be definitely settled upon. Judge Thomas C. T. Crain of General Sessions is slated for one of them and Edward J. Glennon, District Attorney in the Bronx, for the other.

It has been assumed that both Aaron J. Levy, Chief Justice of the Municipal Court, and Charles D. Donohue, Democratic leader in the Assembly, would be among the Tammany candidates for Supreme Court Justice. Reports last night were to the effect that neither would be on the ticket. It was said that Mr. Donohue probably would be appointed to General Sessions to fill the place of Judge Crain if he is elected to the Supreme Court, and that Justice Levy would be appointed to one of the vacancies in the inferior courts. Justice Levy's friends, however, insisted that his position at the head of the Municipal Court bench would strengthen the Tammany ticket so that the organization could not afford to ignore him.

For the other places on the Tammany ticket the names of Judge Peter Schmuck of the City Court, Judge Louis A. Valente of the City Court, Justice John J. Freschi of the Court of Special Sessions and Judge Edward B. La Fetra of the City Court are mentioned. There is a possibility that the Bronx may receive more than one of the ten places on the ticket. In that case either County Judge Louis D. Gibbs or Assemblyman Joseph McKee may be among those named.

The Republican executive committee meets at 4 o'clock this afternoon to consider the recommendations of the Bar Association's committee. Justices Gavegan and Bijur are said to be sure of nomination on the Republican ticket. Justices Proskauer and Mahoney, both of them Democrats and appointees of Governor Smith, are not on the slate, however. Charles H. Strong, Secretary of the Bar Association, and former Justice Robert McC. Marsh are also said to be sure to be among the Republican nominees. Judge Gustave Hartman of the City Court, William J. Millard, Assistant United States Attorney, Oscar Ehrhorn and Magistrate Joseph E. Corrigan are among the others mentioned for places on the Republican ticket.

CITY'S TAX CHECK READY.

To Get $508,164, Second Share of State Income Levy Today.

New York City receives today its second portion of the year's State personal income tax collections in the form of a check for $508,164, making a total of more than $12,000,000, or about two-thirds of total State allotment.

"This payment," said Thomas P. Gilchrist, head of the State Tax Commission, "further emphasizes the peak earnings of New Yorkers during 1922, on which they have now paid $36,500,000 personal income tax, an amount only once before reached, in 1919, the first year the levy was effective."

The State's check for the second portion of the tax was placed in the hands of the Receiver of Taxes. The distribution by counties is as follows:

County.	Assessed Valuation of Real Property.	July, 1923, Distribution.	October, 1923, Distribution.
Bronx	$973,531,443	$1,067,745	$45,760
Kings	2,636,343,201	2,882,595	123,539
New York..	6,200,822,868	6,780,016	290,572
Queens ...	870,512,049	951,823	40,792
Richmond ..	160,026,537	174,973	7,498
Total ...	$10,844,235,898	$11,857,152	$508,161

The July distributions totaled $17,500,000. The distributions this month total $750,000.

BOY DROWNS AT LONG BEACH

Victim, R. H. Farrell Jr., 12 Years, Almost Saved by Woman.

Robert H. Farrell Jr., 12 years old, the son of Robert H. Farrell, Chief Clerk of the Department of Highways, Queens, was drowned yesterday afternoon off the foot of Grand Boulevard, Long Beach, where he lived.

The lad went in swimming with a party of boys. He was known as a strong swimmer for his age. It is thought that he was carried out too far by the undertow or that he was seized with a cramp. A woman, whose name was not learned, also in swimming, tried to save the boy when she heard his cries. She got hold of him once, but he slipped from her grasp and disappeared. His body had not been recovered last night.

Negro Killed in Newark Saloon.

Charles Clark, a negro, was shot and killed today in the saloon of Max Neiberg, 240 Arlington Street, by William Van Hill, another negro, according to the police. The two negroes had been drinking. Van Hill escaped.

COOLIDGE APPEALS FOR AID TO SCHOOLS

Fixes the Week Beginning Nov. 18 as Education Week, Asking National Observance.

URGES NEED TO THE NATION

America Is Founded on Intelligent Citizenship Capable of Ruling, He Declares.

HE CALLS UPON ALL TO HELP

Recommends State and Local Co-operation to Make More Effective the Facilities of the Country.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—President Coolidge issued a proclamation today calling for observance of the week beginning Nov. 18 as National Education Week.

"Every American citizen," the President said, "is entitled to a liberal education. Without this there is no guarantee for the permanence of free institutions, no hope of perpetuating self-government. Despotism finds its chief support in ignorance. Knowledge and freedom go hand in hand."

Education Week is held each year under the joint auspices of the National Education Association, the United States Bureau of Education and the American Legion co-operating with more than a hundred other national organizations, the purpose being to bring the people closer to their schools. The President's proclamation follows:

"From its earliest beginnings America has been devoted to the cause of education. This country was founded on the ideal of ministering to the individual. It was realized that this must be done by

THE PLAY

By JOHN CORBIN.

The Step-Mother's Tragi-Comedy.

FLORIANI'S WIFE—A play in three acts by Luigi Pirandello, with Margaret Wycherly, Marion Beckwith, Hamilton MacFadden, Harold Webster, Jacques Lebaudy, George Bergen George, Jennie A. Eustace and others at the Greenwich Village Theatre.

Far more surely than "Six Characters in Search of an Author," the play at the Greenwich Village Theatre stamps Luigi Pirandello as an original dramatist of note. In "Floriani's Wife" he has presented to us a woman in the sordid tragedy of a prostitute's life, carried her through a situation that has all the outward aspects of farce, and ended on a note of emotional heroism. And, while realizing every theatric and dramatic value, he has held so firmly to the truth of the given characters and situations that, at every moment, the piece rings clear as a bell. The cast is very uneven, but Margaret Wycherly, Jacques Lebaudy and Mary Hone are admirable in three of the leading parts. The production bids fair to outlive considerably the two weeks allotted to it.

The story of a wife (Margaret Wycherly) who has been driven by the exactions of her husband into the arms of a lover and so to the life of shame. The first act introduces her in the dregs of misery with the ridiculous, pathetic musician (Jacques Lebaudy) who is for the present her protector. In a manner which is actually as plausible as it seems preposterous in the telling, her husband appears and takes her back. Her only motive in going is love for her daughter, whom she left as a child of three thirteen years ago. But the girl, Livia (Mary Hone) has been led to believe that she is dead. Vanna returns to Floriani's home as his second wife.

A mother, wisely humand and utterly devoted, finds herself in the position of step-mother. A world that has accepted step-mothers as arch villainesses must henceforth regard them as victims of tragic fate. It is the relationship, not the relation, that is at fault. Livia has the moral ignorance, the rigidity, and the impetuosity of her youth. At every turn Vanna is frustrated, her deepest wile and her subtlest endearment serving only to add to the gall of her daughter's bitterness.

It is true that the situation she finds is uncommonly acute. Livia has made a cult of the memory of her supposedly sainted mother and celebrates the anniversary of her death with masses—three of them. Vanna is revealed in a household that is swathed in black, from her husband to the servant, Betta—all in mourning for her buoyant, valiant and humorous self. It is the situation of Arnold Bennett's "Buried Alive," and the fun Pirandello extracts from it, even in the midst of his painful and deeply sympathetic searchings of the human heart, are as grimly ironic and as diverting as anything in "The Great Adventure."

It is a feat beyond any but a master of human reality, of of that phantasy which is the essence of this dream world we call life, and of the evocation of diversely authentic moods.

BEGIN REGISTRATION DRIVE.

Auto Tour of Harlem and East Side for Jewish Education.

One hundred and fifty private automobiles and taxicabs, with several sightseeing buses, provided by Nathan Straus, Louis Marshall, Judge Otto A. Rosalsky and other prominent members of the Jewish colony in the city, toured Harlem and the East Side yesterday in a registration drive by the Jewish Education Association, 45 West Fifty-seventh Street, with the object of registering 10,000 poor Jewish children for education in Jewish institutions in addition to the public schools.

The automobiles assembled at the Manhattan Hebrew Institute, 127th Street and Seventh Avenue, and proceeded to Rutgers Square, near the Bowery.

Under the leadership of Joseph Leblang, prominent actors and managers, including Al Jolson, Lee Shubert, A. H. Woods, Sam Harris, Archie Selwyn, Abraham Erlanger, Barney Klavans, Ed Wynn, Louis Mann and Barney Bernard acted as "barkers" to the guests of the Jewish Education Association. The cars were decorated with American and Jewish flags, the latter being two horizontal blue bars, and a six-pointed blue star on a white field and the cars bore numerous placards reading: "A Good Jew is a Good American," "10,000 Children Must be Registered," and similar sentiments.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The tropical storm was central Sunday night in approximately latitude 35 and longitude 65 and moving northeastward.

Unsettled showery weather has continued during the last twenty-four hours in Iowa and Missouri and in portions of the adjoining States and in the northern Rocky Mountain region, while fair weather has prevailed almost generally elsewhere. The temperature was lower Sunday from the Missouri and Middle Mississippi Valleys eastward to the Atlantic coast, and it was higher in the North Pacific States.

Generally fair weather will prevail Monday and Tuesday in the Atlantic and East Gulf States, the lower lake region, the Ohio Valley and Tennessee, except that scattered thundershowers are probable in Western Tennessee and Northern Mississippi on Monday. The temperature will not change materially east of the Mississippi River during the next two or three day.

Northern New England, Southern New England, Eastern New York, Eastern Pennsylvania, New Jersey, Delaware, Maryland, and District of Columbia—Fair Monday and Tuesday, continued cool.
North and South Carolina and Georgia—Fair Monday and Tuesday; not much change in temperature.
Florida—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday.
Extreme Northwest Florida and Alabama—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; little change in temperature.
Mississippi—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday, except scattered thunder showers in north Monday; little change in temperature.
Western Pennsylvania and Western New York—Fair Monday and Tuesday; little change in temperature.

COUNTRY-WIDE WEATHER CONDITIONS.

Observations at United States Weather Bureau stations during the twenty-four hours preceding 8 P. M. yesterday:

Station.	High.	Low.	Temperature.	Barom-eter.	Rain-fall.	Weather.
Abilene	88	..		29.92	..	Clear
Albany	58	44		29.92	..	Clear
Atlanta	86	..		29.92	..	Clear
Atlantic City	68	54		29.88	..	Clear
Baltimore	68	60		29.70	..	Pt. Cl'dy
Bismarck	68	..		30.30	..	Cloudy
Boston	62	50		29.80	..	Cloudy
Buffalo	52	46		30.08	..	Cloudy
Charleston	84	..		29.88	..	Clear
Chicago	66	..		30.14	..	Cloudy
Cincinnati	72	..		30.08	..	Clear
Cleveland	58	..		30.10	..	Cloudy
Denver	82	..		30.16	..	Cloudy
Detroit	64	..		30.14	..	Clear
Galveston	88	..		29.96	..	Clear
Helena	54	..		30.32	..	Rain
Jacksonville	84	..		29.88	..	Clear
Kansas City	76	..		30.00	..	Clear
Los Angeles	76	..		29.84	..	Cloudy
Milwaukee	62	..		30.16	..	Cloudy
Minneapolis-St. Paul	62	..		30.20	..	Cloudy
New Orleans	92	..		29.90	..	Clear
New York	65	52		29.88	..	Clear
Oklahoma	74	..		30.02	.01	Clear
Philadelphia	66	56		29.94	..	Clear
Pittsburgh	66	..		30.08	..	Cloudy
Portland, Me.	60	..		29.82	..	Cloudy
Portland, Ore.	84	..		29.88	..	Clear
Salt Lake City	94	..		30.06	..	Clear
San Antonio	90	..		29.92	..	Clear
San Diego	72	..		29.84	..	Cloudy
San Francisco	86	..		29.78	..	Clear
Seattle	72	..		30.00	..	Clear
St. Louis	72	..		30.00	.30	Cloudy
Washington	70	..		29.90	..	Clear

NEW YORK CITY WEATHER RECORDS.
Official Temperature.

8 AM.	57	12 M.	57	6 PM.	56
9 AM.	54	1 PM.	60	7 PM.	54
8 AM.	52	2 PM.	63	8 PM.	54
7 AM.	53	3 PM.	63	9 PM.	53
10 AM.	55	4 PM.	64	10 PM.	52
11 AM.	57	5 PM.	61	11 PM.	52

Average temperature yesterday, 58.
Average same date last year, 49.
Average same date for 46 years, 62.

Barometer 29.87 at 8 A. M.; 29.88 at 8 P. M.
Humidity 62 at 8 A. M.; 76 at 8 P. M.
Winds—At 8 A. M. north, velocity 22 miles; at 8 P. M. northwest, velocity 26 miles.
Weather clear at 8 A. M.; clear at 8 P. M.

SHIPPING AND MAILS

THE TIDES.

	Sandy Hook. A. M.	Sandy Hook. P. M.	Governors Island. A. M.	Governors Island. P. M.	Hell Gate. A. M.	Hell Gate. P. M.
High water	11:27	11:59	11:42	...	1:28	1:48
Low water	5:18	6:02	6:03	6:52	7:38	8:19

THE SUN.

	Rises. A. M.	Sets. P. M.
	5:51	5:40

Incoming Steamships Carrying Mail

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Vestris	Buenos Aires	Sep. 8

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Paris	Havre	Sep. 23
Carmania	Liverpool	Sep. 22
Haiti	Port au Prince	Sep. 21
George Washington	Southampton	Sep. 22
Fort St. George	Bermuda	Sep. 29
Orca	Southampton	Sep. 21
Porto Rico	San Juan	Sep. 26
Presidente Wilson	Naples	Sep. 18
Constantinople	Piraeus	Sep. 18
Southern Cross	Rio Janeiro	Sep. 19
Prins F Hendrik	Port au Prince	Sep. 25
President Polk	London	Sep. 20
Polonia	Copenhagen	Sep. 18
Columbia	Glasgow	Sep. 20

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Canada	Naples	Sep. 17
Roma	Lisbon	Sep. 18
Tuscania	Glasgow	Sep. 22
Polycarp	Para	Sep. 15
Pres. Garfield	London	Sep. 22
Manchuria	Hamburg	Sep. 21

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Derfflinger	Bremen	Sep. 20
Kungsholm	Gothenberg	Sep. 22
Guglielmo Peirce	Naples	Sep. 18
Celtic	Liverpool	Sep. 22

Other Incoming Steamships

ARRIVED YESTERDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
City of Eureka	Messina	Sep. 12
Eastern Dawn	Philadelphia	Sep. 29
Corozal	San Juan	Sep. 22
Kentucky	Philadelphia	Sep. 29
Otterburn	Malaga	Sep. 12
Concho	Galveston	Sep. 22
Curaca	Philadelphia	Sep. 28

DUE TODAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Alleghany	Glasgow	Sep. 15
Lages	Rio Janeiro	Sep. 4
Badagry	St. Vincent	Sep. 16
David McKelvy	Cristobal	Sep. 22

DUE TOMORROW.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Port Lyttleton	Clyde	Sep. 19
City of Cambridge	Gibraltar	Sep. 13
Cananova	Jamaica	Sep. 26
Montrolite	Taiara	Sep. 18

DUE WEDNESDAY.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Lancaster	San Pedro	Sep. 10
Wray Castle	Gibraltar	Sep. 15
Dilwyn	Cristobal	Sep. 15
Innoko	Antwerp	Sep. 18
Zarembo	Bordeaux	Sep. 18
Halsey	San Pedro	Sep. 11

Outgoing Steamships Carrying Mail

SAIL TOMORROW.

Steamer. Destination.	Mails Close	Vessels Sail.	Carried Mail For
Resolute, Hamburg	5:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Aquitania, Southampton	6:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia. (Canary Islands and Norway specially addressed.)
President Arthur, Bremen	8:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Europe, Africa, West Asia (specially addressed).
Lake Flattery, Jacmel	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.	Cape Haitien, Port de Paix, Gonaives and St. Marc. (Other parts of Haiti must be specially addressed.)

SAIL WEDNESDAY.

Belgenland, Antwerp	7:00 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia (specially addressed).
Paris, Havre	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Europe, Africa and West Asia. (Canaries, Italy and Norway specially addressed.)
Seydlitz, Bremen	8:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Germany (specially addressed).
Conte Rosso, Naples	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.	Italy.
River Delaware, Alexandria	12:00 M.	6:00 P.M.	Gibraltar. (Greece, Egypt and Syria specially addressed.)
Fort St. George, Hamilton	7:30 A.M.	11:00 A.M.	Bermuda.
Tivives, Santa Marta	9:00 A.M.	12:00 M.	Jamaica, Colombia. (Canal Zone, Panama specially addressed.)
Francis, Maceio	11:00 A.M.	2:00 P.M.	Natal, Pernambuco, Cabadello, Maceio. (Other parts of Brazil specially addressed.)
Robert Luckenbach, Colon	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.	Canal Zone, Panama, Colombia, Ecuador. (Honduras specially addressed.)

Other Outgoing Steamships

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Vechtdyk, Batavia	Oct. 6	10:00 A.M.
Genoa Maru, Shanghai	Oct. 6	11:00 A.M.
Colorado, Manila	Oct. 6	10:00 A.M.
Hamburg Maru, Kobe	Oct. 6	12:00 M.
Pruth, Rockhampton	Oct. 6	1:00 P.M.
Vasconia, London	Oct. 6	9:00 A.M.

Steamer and Destination.	Time of Sailing. Date.	Hour.
Andalusia, Antwerp	Oct. 10	11:00 A.M.
McKeesport, Amsterdam	Oct. 10	11:00 A.M.
London Commerce, London	Oct. 10	8:00 A.M.
Archimides, Manchester	Oct. 13	9:00 A.M.
Idaho, Hull	Oct. 18	10:00 A.M.
Eastern Pilot, Bristol	Oct. 18	10:00 A.M.

Foreign Ports—Arrivals and Departures

ARRIVED.

Steamer.	At	Date.
Cedric	Queenstown	Sep. 30
Caronia	Liverpool	Sep. 30
Orcus	Colon	Sep. 29
Santa Tecla	Colon	Sep. 29

SAILED.

Steamer.	From.	Date.
Mauretania	Cherbourg	Sep. 29
Baltic	Queenstown	Sep. 30
France	Plymouth	Sep. 29
Crofton Hall	Buenos Aires	Sep. 29

Reported by Radio

SS Manchuria (American Line), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 59, North River, Tuesday late, or early Wednesday.
SS Homeric (White Star Line), incoming from Southampton, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 59, North River, Wednesday afternoon.
SS Celtic (White Star Line), incoming from Liverpool, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 60, North River, Wednesday forenoon.
SS Columbia (Anchor Line), incoming from Glasgow, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 64, North River, Monday forenoon.
SS Southern Cross (Munson Line), incoming from Buenos Aires, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 1, Hoboken, Monday forenoon.
SS Derfflinger (North German Lloyd Line), incoming from Bremen, is due at Boston at 4 P. M., Monday and at New York, Wednesday forenoon.
SS Haiti (Clyde Line), incoming from Haiti, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 69, North River, Monday forenoon.
SS Orca (Royal Mail Line), incoming from Hamburg, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 42, North River, Monday forenoon.
SS George Washington (United States Lines), incoming from Bremen, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 3, Hoboken, Monday forenoon.
SS Carmania (Cunard Line), incoming from Liverpool, was reported yesterday; no distance given; due at Pier 56, North River, Monday afternoon.

Transpacific Mails

The connecting mails close at the G. P. O. and City Hall P. O. Station, New York, at 5:00 P. M., daily, except Sundays and holidays, and 3 P. M., Sundays and holidays, as follows:

Fiji Islands and specially addressed correspondence for Australia and New Zealand, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Niagara	Oct. 1
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only) via Seattle	Hakata Maru	Oct. 1
Hawaii, via San Francisco	Manoa	Oct. 5
Japan, Korea and Netherlands East Indies (specially addressed correspondence only), via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Netherlands East Indies	Arakan	Oct. 5
Hawaii, also specially addressed correspondence for Japan, Korea and China, via San Francisco	Shinyo Maru	Oct. 5
Philippine Islands (letter mail only), also specially addressed correspondence for Japan Korea and China, via Vancouver and Victoria, B. C.	Empress of Australia	Oct. 6
Hawaii, via San Francisco	U. S. A. T. Edgemoor	Oct. 9
Japan, Korea and China (specially addressed correspondence only) via Seattle	Hawaii Maru	Oct. 12
Japan, Korea and China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies Straits Settlements, Brunel, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Philippine Islands, via Seattle; also parcel post mails for Japan, Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunel, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements	President Madison	Oct. 12
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Siam, Siberia, French Indochina, Netherlands East Indies, Straits Settlements, Brunei, Malay States, North Borneo and Sarawak, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Japan Korea, China, Siam, French Indochina, Brunei, Labuan, Malay States, North Borneo, Sarawak and Straits Settlements; also prints and parcel post mails for Philippine Islands	President Lincoln	Oct. 13
Tahiti, Society Islands, Marquesas, Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Society Islands Cook Islands, New Zealand and Australia	Maunganui	Oct. 14
Hawaii, Samoan Islands, Australia and New Zealand, via San Francisco; also parcel post mails for Samoan Islands and Australia. (Note—Letter mails for New Zealand will be disembarked at Honolulu for connection with steamship Makura due there Nov. 10)	Sonoma	Oct. 25

Post Office Notice

Postmaster Morgan announces that mails of the following dates: Shanghai, Sept. 4; Vladivostok, Sept. 3; Osaka, Sept. 10; Kobe, Sept. 11, which arrived per steamer Hawaii Maru, were dispatched East from Seattle on Sept. 26, and are due in New York tomorrow.

THE BALTIMORE & OHIO R. R. Co.

ANNOUNCES THE CONSOLIDATION OF ITS NEW YORK FREIGHT TRAFFIC LIGHTERAGE AND OPERATING OFFICES IN NEW QUARTERS IN THE CUNARD BLDG. 25 BROADWAY

OCTOBER 1, 1923

The consolidation of these offices will bring about a closer co-ordination between departments, so that better service will be rendered the Company's patrons than ever before. Special preparations have been made to assure prompt and efficient telephone service. The number is

WHITEHALL 8800

AMERICA'S FOREMOST THEATRES AND HITS—DIRECTION OF LEE & J. J. SHUBERT

WINTER GARDEN Nights 8:30. Matinees Tom'w & Sat., 2:30
POP. MAT. TOMOR'W
FIFTH YEARLY EDITION.
Greenwich Village Follies
America's Greatest Annual Revue

BELMONT 48th Street, East of Broadway TONIGHT Evenings at 8:30 First Matinee Thursday at 2:30
TARNISH
PLAYHOUSE 48th St., E. of B'way. Bry. 2628 Evs. 8:30. Mts. Wed. & Sat., 2:30
A Real Play—At Last
CHAINS
TOWN TOPICS says: "It is a finely conceived and finely written piece, excellently acted, the best play of those cast upon the waters so far * * * It is very doubtful if the Rialto sees a more truthful, absorbing production this year."

NATIONAL 41st, W. of B'way Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30 — THE JOLLY ROGER — Love-Laughs-Pirates — Pedro de Cordoba, Carroll McComas

9th BIG MONTH — CASINO B'way & 39 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30 — NOW SECOND SEASON! Arthur Hammerstein's Musical Hit. WILDFLOWER with EDITH DAY — The Show that made "BAMBALINA"

COMEDY Thea., 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Thurs. & Sat., 2:30 — Children of the Moon — WITH AN ALL-STAR CAST

REPUBLIC 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30 — ANNE NICHOLS' LAUGHING SUCCESS — Abie's Irish Rose — THE PLAY THAT PUTS U IN HUMOR

BIJOU THEA., W. 45th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. — A. H. WOODS presents — GRANT MITCHELL in "The Whole Town's Talking"

MOROSCO THEATRE, W. 45 St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. — MARY RYAN in "RED LIGHT ANNIE"

BROADHURST THEA., W. 44th St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30 — THE GOOD OLD DAYS

ELTINGE THEATRE, West 42d St. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30. — THE WOMAN on the JURY

"THE HUNCHBACK OF NOTRE DAME" — Presented by Carl Laemmle.

ASTOR THEA., B'way and 45th St. NOW Twice Daily, 2:30—8:30 MATINEE TODAY AT 2:30. IF YOU ARE UNABLE TO SECURE SEATS FOR EVENING PERFORMANCES, BUY SEATS FOR DAILY MATINEES AT 2:30.

49th ST. Thea., W. of B'way. TONIGHT at 8:30 — ARTHUR KLEIN Presents a NEW FARCE — What's Your Wife Doing? — With GLENN ANDERS

SAN CARLO GRAND OPERA

CENTURY THEA., 62d & Central Park W. TONIGHT, 8:15, FORZA DEL DESTINO—Maria Kaeobar, Pagni, Salazar, Valle & Ballet. TUES., BUTTERFLY—Miura, Pagni, Tomarchio, Marr, foll'd by Ballet, "Samson & Delilah." WED., AIDA. THURS. MAT., MARTHA. THURS. EVE., OTHELLO. FRI., JEWELS of the MADONNA. SAT. MAT., FAUST. SAT. EVE., CARMEN. Musical Directors, Peroni and Franchetti. Organization of 200 People; Orch. of 50; Chorus of 60 and the PAVLEY-OUKRAINSKY BALLET RUSSE. 50c to $3.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 9 O'CLOCK REVUE — With MORRIS HARVEY and CICELY DEBENHAM

OPENING THURSDAY, OCT. 4 — 1st MATINEE SATURDAY — CENTURY ROOF 62nd Street and Central Park W. — SEAT SALE OPENS TODAY at Box Office

GARRICK 65 W. 35th St. Evs. 8:30 Matinees Thurs. & Sat. — Last Week — BERNARD SHAW'S THE DEVIL'S DISCIPLE

OPENING TONIGHT — FOR TWO WEEKS ONLY—AT THE GREENWICH VILLAGE THEATRE — SHERIDAN SQUARE, MATS. THURS., SAT. — MARGARET WYCHERLY — In a New Pirandella Play, "FLORIANI'S WIFE"

LONGACRE Theatre, W. 48 St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30 — "LITTLE JESSIE JAMES" — with NAN HALPERIN & THE JAMES BOYS — A PAUL WHITEMAN BAND

EVERYBODY IN LOVE WITH IN LOVE WITH LOVE — Lyn Fontanne, Ralph Morgan, Henry Hull

RITZ Theatre, West 48th Street. Evenings 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat. at 2:30. — THOMASHEFSKY'S (Formerly Bayes), 44 W. of B'y. Lackawanna 6565 Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tomorrow, Wed. & Sat., 2:30 — BROADWAY Yiddish Thea. — Thomashefsky, Schildkraut, Ludwig Satz in "3 Little Business Men" — A Comedy With Music

Chicken Feed at the Little. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30 — IS JOHN GOLDEN'S NEWEST SMASHING SUCCESS!

BOOTH West 45th St. Evgs. 8:30. Mats. WED. & SAT., 2:30. — AND 7th 415th TIME — 7 HEAVEN

AMBASSADOR West 49th Street Just off Broadway TWICE DAILY, 2:30 & 8:30. — LILLIAN GISH — in Henry King's production of "The White Sister"

SELWYN THEATRE, TO-NIGHT. POPULAR MAT. WEDNESDAY
HELEN OF TROY, N. Y.
A Riot of Fun and Melody
Moves Monday, Oct. 8, to Times Sq. Theatre—100 Feet Nearer B'way.

JOLSON'S 59th St. Thea. at 7th Ave. TOM'W at 8 — SOTHERN MARLOWE in Shakespeare's Romance CYMBELINE

39th ST. Theatre, near B'way. Evenings 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30 — WILLIAM FAVERSHAM and EMILY STEVENS — In The London Success "A LESSON IN LOVE"

SHUBERT 44th, W. of B'y. Evs. 8:15 sharp Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15 sharp — ARTISTS and MODELS of 1923

PLYMOUTH 45th, W. of B'way. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30 — We've Got to have Money — with ROBERT AMES, Lee Donnelly, Flora Finch and Cast of 30

SHUBERT-RIVIERA—Evs. 8:15. Mts. Thurs. & Sat. SECOND AND LAST WEEK — "UP SHE GOES" with Nancy Welford and Richard (Skeets) Gallagher

Maxinie Elliott's 39th St., E. of B'y. Evs. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:30 — SAN H. HARRIS presents — JEANNE EAGELS in "RAIN" — 386 TIMES. — Staged by John D. Williams

Philip Goodman Presents — The Biggest Musical Comedy Hit of the Year — APOLLO THEATRE West 42nd St. Evenings 8:30 Matinees Wed. and Sat., 2:30 — MADGE KENNEDY in POPPY with W. C. FIELDS and the Greatest Cast of Comedians in Town

CENTRAL BROADWAY 47TH STREET — WILLIAM FOX Presents — MAURICE MAETERLINCK'S IMMORTAL — MONNA VANNA — Continuous 1 to 11 P. M. — POPULAR PRICES

A Revelation in the Art of Photo Dramatics — "The WOMAN of PARIS" — Featuring Edna Purviance — Written and Directed by CHARLES CHAPLIN — FIRST PRESENTATION TONIGHT 8:30 — LYRIC THEATRE West. 42d Street Twice Daily Thereafter

44th ST. THEATRE 44th Street, West of B'way — METRO'S MONUMENTAL MASTERPIECE — REX INGRAM'S SCARAMOUCHE — from SABATINI'S NOVEL — with Alice Terry, Ramon Novarro, Lewis Stone — Seats now selling 8 weeks in advance — TWICE DAILY, 2:30-8:30. All Seats Reserved

THE PERFECT PICTURE — WILLIAM FOX Presents — "IF WINTER COMES" — "MIGHTIER THAN THE SOCK" — LAST 6 DAYS — TIMES SQ. Theatre, 42d St., W. of B'way. Twice Daily, 2:30-8:30. Seats Now for Balance of Engagement

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES AND SUCCESSES

LIBERTY W. 42 St. OPENING TONIGHT Curtain at 8:20 Sharp — HENRY W. SAVAGE offers — MITZI — in "THE MAGIC RING" — First Popular Matinee Wednesday.

LOWELL SHERMAN — As the World's Most Famous Lover — "CASANOVA" — By LORENZO DE AZERTIS.

EMPIRE Thea., B'way & 40th St. Evs., 8:30 Matinees Wed. & Sat., 2:30. — IRENE BORDONI — "DAZZLING" in 'LITTLE MISS BLUEBEARD.'" — Darnton, Ev. World.

LYCEUM Theatre, W. 45th St. Evs. at 8:30 Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. — MRS. FISKE — The Season's Triumph — David Belasco Presents — in "MARY, MARY, QUITE CONTRARY" — By St. John Ervine

BELASCO West 44 St. Evs. at 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat., 2:30. — JEAN TENNYSON. — Seats selling 12 weeks in advance.

NEW AMSTERDAM THEATRE—Pop. Price Mats. Wed. & Sat. — LAST 6 NIGHTS—LAST 2 MATINEES — MARILYN MILLER-ERROL LEON IN SALLY — Cast includes WALTER CATLETT

FULTON BROADWAY & 46TH STREET. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Tues. & Sat., 2:20 — SAM BERNARD AND WILLIAM COLLIER — in "BERNARD and COLLIER'S Glorifying Clean American Humor "NIFTIES OF 1923" — Next Matinee Tomorrow, 2:20.

GEO. M. COHAN Thea., B'way, 43 St. Evs. 8:30. Pop. Mats. Wed. & Sat. — ADRIENNE — The Glorious, Gleeful, Tuneful Show. — BILLY B. VAN and RICHARD CARLE

SAM HARRIS Theatre, W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed & Sat., Last 3 times. Presents FRANK KEENAN in "PETER WESTON"

MON. EVE. OCT. 8 "The Nervous Wreck" By Owen Davis & June Walker — With Otto Kruger — SEATS NOW ON SALE

KLAW THEATRE, W. 45th St. Evs. at 8:35 Sharp. Matinees Wednesday and Sat. at 2:35 Sharp. — MARY ROBERTS RINEHART'S GREAT LOVE PLAY — THE BREAKING POINT — With McKay Morris and Gail Kane. Seats 4 weeks in advance.

"IT IS A REVUE THAT HAS NO RIVAL."—Eve. Sun-Globe. — SAM H. HARRIS presents IRVING BERLIN'S THIRD ANNUAL MUSIC BOX REVUE — STAGED BY HASSARD SHORT — MUSIC BOX THEATRE 45th St., W. of B'way. EVENINGS at 8:15. MATINEES WED. & SAT., at 2:15.

GLOBE—5TH ANNUAL PRODUCTION—EDITION DE LUXE — GEORGE WHITE'S SCANDALS — POPULAR PRICE MATINEES WEDNESDAY & SATURDAY

The Real Hit of New York—GEO. M. COHAN'S Production — 12th CAPACITY WEEK—THE VINCENT LAWRENCE SWEETHEART PLAY — "TWO FELLOWS AND A GIRL" — VANDERBILT THEATRE, Sweetheart Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:20. W. 48th St.

EARL CARROLL Thea., 7th Av., 50th St. Circle 0060. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat. — EARL CARROLL'S VANITIES — EXALTING THE HUMAN FORM. — An Unusual Revue, Surpassing All Others in Splendor and Novelty. — PEGGY HOPKINS JOYCE, JOE COOK, Harry Burns, Jimmy Duffy, Renoff & Renova.

MOTION PICTURES.

MARK STRAND BROADWAY at 47TH STREET — "POTASH AND PERLMUTTER" — and Japanese Earthquake Pictures — STRAND SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA — 398th and 399th SHOWINGS — "The Covered Wagon" — A Paramount Picture

CRITERION B'y & 44 St. Twice Daily 2:30-8:30 Mts. Exc. Sat. & Sun., 55c to $1.10. Sun. MATS. at 3 All Seats Reserved Evs. $1.10 to $1.65 — a. h. MOSS' JACK DEMPSEY vs. FIRPO — LONDON'S CAMEO — BROADWAY and 42nd St. — "THE CALL OF THE WILD" — THE FIGHT PICTURES

RIVOLI B'way 49 St. — BUSTER KEATON in "THREE AGES" — Metro Comedy in 6 Reels. FAMOUS RIALTO ORCHESTRA

RIALTO B'way 42 St. — NORMA TALMADGE in "ASHES OF VENGEANCE" — FIRST NATIONAL PICTURE — RIVOLI CONCERT ORCHESTRA

CAPITOL B'way & 51st. — MARSHALL NEILAN'S "THE ETERNAL THREE" — Capital Grand Orchestra

PLAZA Madison Ave. & 59th St. — Lionel Barrymore in "Enemies of Women"

CARNEGIE HALL—TONIGHT — TITO SCHIPA — Premier tenor Chicago Op. Co., assisted by SUZANNE KEENER, Soprano — SPECIAL POPULAR PROGRAM — Tickets 75c to $2 & Tax at box office. — Aeolian Hall First Concert Tomorrow Tues. at 8:30 — also Eves. Oct. 4, 9, and Afts. Oct. 6, 10, 12

THE VERBRUGGHEN QUARTET — BEETHOVEN, MOZART, BRAHMS — Mgt. DANIEL MAYER, Aeolian Hall.

S. HUROK, INC., PRESENTS — MANHATTAN OPERA HOUSE 2 Weeks Only. Begin's MONDAY EVE., OCT. 8 — ANNA PAVLOWA — The Incomparable — with Ballet Russe—Symphony Orchestra — Mats. THURSDAY & SATURDAY — Change of Repertoire Every Night. Seats $1 to $3 Now. (Baldwin).

Carnegie Hall, Sun. Aft., Oct. 7 — First Concert in Two Years—EFREM ZIMBALIST — Tickets $1 to $3.50, plus tax. Now on sale at box office. (Steinway).

Manhattan Opera House Sun. Eve., Oct. 7 — RUSSIA'S GREATEST SINGER FEODOR CHALIAPIN

RUDOLPH POLK, Violinist — Tickets $1.00 to $3.50 (plus tax). Now on sale at box office. (Baldwin).

AEOLIAN HALL, Fri. Eve., Oct. 5 — RUTH WILSON — 12-YEAR-OLD AMERICAN VIOLINIST — Seats 75c to $2.50. Now at Box Off. (Knabe)

CARNEGIE HALL, Sun. Aft., Oct. 14 — ERNESTINE SCHUMANN-HEINK — Tickets, $1 to $2.50. NOW. (Steinway)

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN — This Sunday Night, 8:30 — Auspices NATIONAL NAVY CLUB — SOUSA AND HIS BAND — Lieut. Commander JOHN PHILIP SOUSA, Conductor. — An Assemblage of Nearly 500 Noted Musicians — Popular Prices. Seats on Sale New York Hippodrome and Madison Square Garden.

B. F. Keith's PALACE B'y & 47 St. Bryant 4300. — BOONEY & BENT, VERA GORDON & CO., WALTER C. KELLY, ALBA TIL-RIO, Shaw & Lee Roys & Maye, & others.

B. F. Keith's 81st STREET B'way & 81 St. Schuyler 5980 — OLGA STECK & Band, CONLIN & GLASS, EDDIE MILLER & Co. Howard & Lewis, Picture Sensation of the Year, "MERRY GO ROUND"

B. F. Keith's RIVERSIDE B'way & 96 St. Riverside 9240 — FLORENCE WALTON & CO., ENID MARKEY & CO., PAUL SPECHT & BAND, SANTOS & HAYES, Brown & Whitaker and others.

LOEW'S STATE B'way & 45th St. Continuous 11:30 to 11:30 — D. W. Griffith's "The WHITE ROSE" with Mae Marsh, Carol Dempster, Andre Sherri Revue, Bob Murphy and Others.

B. S. MOSS' B. F. KEITH VAUDEVILLE — BROADW

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Movement of Stocks and Foreign Exchange—Turn of Affairs in Germany.

It has become a commonplace, this season, to say that the stock market has ceased to foreshadow the financial future; that its advances and declines are only momentary fluctuations, promptly canceled by a movement in the opposite direction and leaving the general run of prices very much where they were before. But while the stock market has passed no judgment on the home economic situation, in which nothing positive seemed to happen, foreign exchange has responded to the course of events in Europe, where something definite occurred.

The decline in European exchange rates since last January was not primarily due to a merchandise trade balance less favorable to that Continent. On the contrary, our surplus of exports to France, for instance, in the first seven months of 1923, was smaller by $12,000,000 or 20 per cent. than in 1922, and to Europe as a whole it was reduced $259,000,000, or 40 per cent. But this was offset by decrease during the same period of something like $360,000,000 in the American market's subscription to new foreign securities, a decrease largely resultant from dislike at the European political situation, especially in the Ruhr. It possibly accounted for the decline in the franc from 7¾ cents in January to 5⅜ in August. For that reason, the past week's overtures by Germany for a settlement were reflected logically enough in the recovery from 5⅜ to 6¼.

This recovery indicated, clearly enough, financial judgment that the position was distinctly improved by Germany's abandonment of "passive resistance" in the Ruhr. The resistance policy had in the first place been ruinous to Germany; it has been calculated that one-third of the German public deficit, which lately caused increase of the paper circulation from sixty-two trillion marks to more than two quadrillions in five weeks, was directly due to the German Treasury's payment of wages to idle workmen in the Ruhr. But the abandonment of that policy meant also that the one condition laid down by France for resuming negotiations over a reparation settlement had at last been complied with, and every financier has agreed for months past that such a settlement must precede any real European recovery.

But the financial experts have also agreed that the negotiations would get nowhere, unless some measures were taken to stop the depreciation of Germany's currency and the consequent hopeless outlook for German finance. The Stresemann Ministry has accordingly announced that it will grapple with that problem also. We shall hear much more of the German currency reform plan in the next few weeks or months.

The program is still surrounded by obscurity. So far as has been announced, it contemplates termination of Government borrowings from the Reichsbank to meet the immensely increasing public deficit, and the issue henceforward by the Reichsbank of a currency based on gold or gold exchange bills. But in order not to cut off instantly the circulating medium called for by the inflated prices, another central bank is apparently to be founded, which will issue notes on security vaguely described as mortgages on German industrial assets. Whether this new currency will be put out to meet the public deficit is not clearly stated; but it seems to be intended that the three or four quadrillions in depreciated paper marks now outstanding shall be used for "token money" and eventually withdrawn.

This is a formidable program; the difficulties in the way of its effective application are easily discernible; even its partial success would probably depend on details not yet clearly stated. Most people will ask whether the paper currency issued by the second central bank would not depreciate like the existing mark, especially if it was issued to meet the public deficit. The effect on trade and prices of the somewhat confused currency system as proposed is difficult to foresee. Even the experience of Austria, where the old paper currency has been stabilized, has little bearing on the German case; because borrowings by the Austrian Government from the bank were absolutely stopped, and the deficit pending future balancing of the budget was provided for by a foreign loan. But Germany has today no foreign credit on which such a loan could be raised.

This is the problem with which the Stresemann Ministry has to wrestle, in preparing for a reparation settlement. As yet, the single distinct fact of reassurance is that the Government has recognized the situation, has accepted responsibility for reform in the currency and has definitely ended the futilities with which the Cuno Administration seemed to regard the fall in the present currency to worthlessness, not as a consequence of unsound finance but as an act of Providence which nobody but the Allies could avert.

GERMAN PRICES NOT NOW FOLLOWING MARK

Imported Goods Declined in Last Week's Mark Recovery, Others Were Unchanged.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—The recovery in the mark during the past week brought down prices of imported goods, especially of metals and some other standard materials; but other prices continued to advance, and the official wholesale index as of Sept. 25 shows practically no change from the previous figure. During the week the price of potash was reduced by 40 per cent., while that of standard Ruhr coal was raised from 28 to 38½ gold marks per ton.

Retailers, who had been raising prices every hour while the dollar was rising a couple of weeks ago, refused to reduce their prices when the dollar declined. The cost of living index on Sept. 24 was twenty-eight million times that of 1914, whereas a week earlier it had been fourteen and one-quarter million times the pre-war level. It is admitted generally that Germany is today probably the most expensive country in Europe to live in.

UNMANAGEABLE PUBLIC DEFICIT IN GERMANY

Eighteen Federal Taxes Produced Only $83 Gold Value in Month.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—The state of public finances is not improving. The utter inadequacy of the present tax provisions is shown by the fact that eighteen of the Federal taxes taken together yielded in August only $83 in gold value. Bankers, however, expect that the depreciation of the mark on exchange will have to continue until the questions of the Ruhr and the currency are settled. The enormous new flow of paper money has entirely shaken public confidence. This was shown by the public reception of last week's Reichsbank's statement for Sept. 15, which showed note circulation nearly trebled in the week from 1,182 trillion marks to 3,183. That is the largest ratio of increase that has yet occurred.

But the Government's demand for credit also surpassed all previous records. Discounts and treasury bills increased from 2,238 trillion marks to 3,808 trillions, and the next statement will surpass even these records. The official estimate is that advances to the Ruhr a week ago cost more than 3 quadrillions and the estimate for the following week is 8 quadrillions.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED SEPT. 29, 1923.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.
Total sales	3,660,491	174,817,849
Same period a year ago	4,853,286	192,503,328

	Last Week. High.	Last Week. Low.	Year to Date. High.	Year to Date. Low.
Average price 40 bonds	76.11	75.59	79.40	75.59
Same period a year ago	87.80	84.49	90.23	66.21

1923 High.	1923 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.	Net
62	67	300	ADAMS EXP (5)	68	67	67	—	1¼
1¼	7	800	Advance Rumley	7⅛	7	7⅛	—	1⅛
54½	31¼	400	Do pf (3)	32	31½	32	+	¾
72⅝	56	100	Air Reduction (4)	64	64	64	+	¼
14½	5¼	1,895	Ajax Rubber	6⅛	5⅝	6⅛	+	⅝
⅞	½	700	Alaska Gold Mines	¾	¾	¾	—	⅛
1⅝	⅞	1,700	Alaska Juneau	⅞	⅞	⅞	..	
106	97	100	All Amer Cabes (6)	97	97	97	—	4½
80	59¼	15,500	Allied Chem & Dye (4)	65	62½	63	—	2
51¼	37¾	1,300	Allis-Chal Mfg (4)	41	40	40	..	
97½	89¾	300	Do pf (7)	90¾	90	90¾	—	¾
36⅞	10¼	1,900	Amer Agricul Chem	14	12¾	12¾	—	⅝
68⅞	29	1,000	Do pf	37¾	36	36¼	—	½
91½	77	100	Amer Bank Note (5)	85	85	85	+	2½
49⅛	25	2,700	Amer Beet Sugar	35½	34	34¾	—	¾
80	28¾	1,600	Amer Bosch Magneto	31	28¼	29	+	2
83¼	69¼	400	Amer Br S & Fdry (5)	71	70	70	+	¾
108	73½	179,600	Amer Can (5)	93	89¼	90⅝	—	1½
115	106	500	Do pf (7)	107¾	107	107	—	⅜
169	143¼	2,200	Amer Car & Fdry (12)	157	153½	153½	—	1¾
25½	20¾	500	Amer Chain Cl A (2)	21¾	21½	21½	—	¼
13	5¾	1,600	Amer Chicle	12¼	10½	10⅞	—	⅞
20¾	3¾	19,800	Amer Cotton Oil	7⅞	5⅜	6⅝	+	½
38⅜	14	7,800	Do pf	23¼	19	19⅛	—	⅞
7⅞	1¼	5,500	Amer Drug Syndicate	6	5¼	6	..	
143½	90	800	Amer Express (6)	90¼	90	90¼	—	1¼
13⅝	8½	100	Am Hide & Leather	7⅞	7½	7½	+	⅛
74⅜	29⅝	510	Do pf	39½	38⅛	39½	+	⅝
111½	87⅝	500	Amer Ice (7)	91¼	90¼	90½	+	1
33½	16	4,900	Amer International	17⅞	16	16	—	1⅛
8	10½	400	Amer La F P Eng (1)	11½	11⅜	11⅜	—	⅛
18	16½	2,500	Amer Linseed	17½	16½	16½	—	2¼
50	33	100	Do pf	34¼	34½	34½	—	1¾
75¼	64¾	16,200	Amer Loco (6)	70¾	68½	68⅞	—	⅞
122	114½	100	Do pf (7)	115½	115½	115½	+	1
55⅞	40¼	1,900	Amer Metal (3)	44	43	43	—	⅜
88½	76	800	Amer Radiator (4)	81¾	80	81¾	+	1¾
9¼	4⅞	4,800	Amer Safety Raz (50c)	6⅜	5⅝	5⅞	+	¼
21⅜	10½	400	Amer Ship & Com	11½	11	11	—	¼
69¾	53	4,500	Amer Smelt & Ref (5)	57⅞	56¾	57	+	¼
102¾	93	300	Do pf (7)	96	95½	96	—	⅝
152¼	130	200	Amer Snuff (12)	135	131¾	135	+	3
40⅞	31¾	1,800	Amer Steel Fdries (3)	35⅜	35	35	..	
105¾	97⅛	100	Do pf (7)	100	100	100	+	1¾
85	57	5,400	Amer Sugar Refin	65¼	61	62	—	2½
108¾	100¼	200	Do pf (7)	101	101	101	+	¾
36⅝	16	1,500	Amer Sumatra Tobacco	22½	20½	20½	—	1⅝
53½	46	100	Amer Tel & Cable (5)	46¾	46¾	46¾	+	⅛
125½	119½	6,200	Amer Tel & Tel (9)	122⅞	122¼	122⅞	+	⅝
161¾	140¼	6,000	Amer Tobacco (12)	151	144¾	150	+	5
159¾	140	2,000	Do Class B (12)	148	145	147½	+	2½
105⅞	100¾	600	Do pf (6)	102¼	101¼	102¼	+	1⅞
44⅝	27½	1,800	Amer Wat Wks & Elec	39¾	38	38	—	1¼
98	83¼	500	Do 1st pf (7)	92	90¾	91½	—	⅛
63¼	48½	800	Do participat pf (4)	63	61	61	—	1½
109⅝	72½	35,900	Amer Woolen (7)	78⅝	72½	74	—	4⅝
111⅞	99⅝	800	Do pf (7)	101	99⅝	99⅝	—	1
8½	5	800	Amer Writ Paper pf	6	5	6	..	
10¼	7	100	Amer Zinc L & S	7½	7	7⅛	+	⅛
56¼	29	200	Do pf	32	29	29	..	
53½	38	14,500	Anaconda Copper (3)	39⅝	38⅝	38⅝	..	
24½	11	100	Ann Arbor	11	11	11	—	6
45	21	2,200	Ann Arbor pf	23⅞	22	22	—	2
18⅝	13	2,500	Arnold, Constable & Co	17⅜	16¼	16¼	—	¼
18	15	100	Art Metal Constr (1)	15	15	15	—	⅜
89	62¼	500	Associated Dry Gds (4)	79	77½	77½	—	1½
134	98¼	1,100	Associated Oil (6)	100½	98¼	x98¼	—	¼
105¾	94½	4,200	A. T & Santa Fe (6)	97¾	96	96¾	..	
90⅝	86⅞	400	Do pf (5)	88	87⅝	88	..	
⅝	⅛	200	Atlanta, Birm & At	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	..	
127	109¾	700	Atlantic Coast Line (7)	111	110	110	—	½
3⅛	⅞	500	Atlantic Fruit	1½	⅞	1	..	
2½	1	500	Do ctfs	1½	1½	1½	..	
34	9¼	3,000	Atlantic Gulf & W Ind	15	14	14½	+	⅛
160	98¾	600	Atlantic Refining (4)	103	101	103	+	1
57⅜	51	100	Atlas Powder (4)	54	54	54	+	1
35½	17	2,400	Austin Nichols	24½	23½	23½	..	
28¼	19½	1,600	Auto Knitter Hos'y (3)	21	19½	19½	—	½
144¼	110¼	167,900	BALDWIN LOCO (7)	116¼	112¾	114¾	—	⅝
57	40½	217,800	Baltimore & Ohio (5)	57	50¼	55⅞	+	4⅝
60⅜	55⅜	1,900	Do pf (4)	59½	56⅞	58⅜	+	1⅝
55	9⅝	1,800	Barnsdall Class A	14¼	12	12	—	2
22	6⅝	100	Do Class B	9	9	9	—	⅞
⅝	⅛	900	Batopilas Mining	¼	⅛	¼	+	⅛
62¼	50	200	Bayuk Cigars	50	50	50	—	¼
84¼	51	5,100	Beech Nut Pack (2.40)	69¾	67	67	—	2
70	41¾	44,500	Bethlehem Steel (5)	49	46⅞	47⅜	—	¼
97½	87	300	Do cumulative pf (7)	92	91⅝	91⅝	+	⅛
111¾	100¼	200	Do pf (8)	106	105	105	..	
7⅛	4¼	300	Booth Fisheries	5	4⅞	4⅞	—	⅛
9⅞	5⅞	600	British Empire Steel	6	5⅞	5⅞	—	⅛
69½	58¾	200	Do 1st pf (7)	59⅝	58¾	58¾	—	⅛
28½	16	100	Do 2d pf	16¼	16¼	16¼	—	⅜
121½	104½	1,400	Brooklyn Edison El (8)	107⅜	106⅞	107¼	+	⅛
16¼	¼	500	Brooklyn Rap Tran	⅜	⅜	⅜	..	
13	⅜	400	Do ctfs of dep	⅜	⅜	⅜	—	⅛
63⅞	42¼	500	Brown Shoe (2)	48½	47	47	—	1½
99	91	100	Do pf (7)	92	92	92	—	3½
65	55	10	Buff, Roch & Pitts (4)	53	53	53	..	
144⅜	100	5,200	Burns Brothers (10)	111	100	100	—	8
43	21½	3,500	Do Class B (2)	24½	21½	21½	—	2¾
11⅜	5¼	1,500	Butte Cop & Zinc (50c)	6¾	5¼	5¼	—	⅛
37⅞	13¼	1,400	Butte & Superior	14⅝	13⅜	14	—	⅛
22	13¼	500	Butterick Co	19	18½	19	—	½
9¼	1⅜	300	CADDO CENT O & R	2	1⅜	1⅜	..	
87	77	760	California Packing (6)	78	77½	77⅝	—	1⅜
29¾	17½	20,600	California Petrol (1⅜)	19½	18½	18⅝	+	⅛
110½	90¼	400	Do pf (7)	91	90½	90⅝	—	⅜
12⅝	4	8,500	Callahan Zinc Lead	5	4	4⅛	—	⅛
66	44	1,500	Calumet & Arizona (4)	48	45	47	+	3
52½	50½	200	Canada Southern (3)	52	50¾	52	+	1½
20½	19	100	Calumet & Hecla new	20¼	20¼	20¼	+	1⅛
160	138⅜	8,000	Canadian Pacific (10)	143	140¾	141⅜	+	⅝
4⅝	⅜	600	Case (J. I.) Plow	⅝	⅜	⅜	—	⅛
85	66	100	Cal. (J. I.) Th M pf (7)	67½	67⅜	67½	+	1½
40½	13½	4,500	Central Leather Co	17⅛	15⅝	16¼	—	⅛
79¾	40¾	1,300	Do pf	43⅝	42½	42⅞	—	1
36⅞	28	1,200	Century Ribbon Mills	30	29½	30	+	⅝
50½	36⅝	4,300	Cerro de Pasco Cop (4)	39½	38½	39	+	⅛
45	23	100	Certain-Teed Products	32	32	32	—	2¾
76	46¼	7,400	Chandler Motor (6)	49	46⅜	47	+	¼
76⅜	57	3,700	Chesapeake & Ohio (4)	62	60¼	60⅝	—	⅝
104⅞	96	300	Do pf (6½)	98⅞	98⅝	98⅞	+	⅞
3¾	2	800	Chicago & Alton	2¾	2½	2⅝	+	⅛
85	66	4,300	Do pf	77⅞	75⅝	76¼	—	⅜
38⅜	19	1,000	Chicago & Eastern Ill	23	27	25	+	2
62¾	46½	800	Do pf	50	50	50	..	
7	4	200	Chicago & Gt Western	4¼	4¼	4¼	—	⅛
17	8½	1,400	Do pf	9⅝	9	9	—	1⅛
26⅜	14¼	4,000	Chi, Mil & St Paul	16¾	15¼	15⅝	—	⅛
45½	24½	6,300	Do pf	28⅜	26½	26½	—	⅜
68	61⅜	5,200	Chi & Northwestern (5)	66½	63¼	63⅜	—	2½
90⅜	75½	500	Chi Pneumatic Tool (5)	81¾	81	81¾	+	1
37⅞	19¼	13,800	Chicago, R I & P	23⅞	21⅜	23¼	+	1½
95	72	600	Do pf (7)	78½	78	78½	+	½
85	60⅞	100	Do pf (6)	67	67	67	+	½
78	53	100	C, St P, M & O (5)	53	53	53	—	1
30⅜	24½	3,900	Chile Copper (2½)	26⅜	25⅜	26	+	⅛
31⅞	14⅜	2,800	Chino Copper	16⅞	15½	16½	+	1⅜
92	75½	100	C, G, C & St. L (4)	90	90	90	..	
76¼	60	1,400	Cluett, Peabody (5)	72	69	72	+	2
83⅜	72	6,500	Coca-Cola (7)	75⅝	72	74	+	1¼
99	92½	100	Do pf (7)	94¼	94¼	94¼	+	¾
35⅜	25	2,000	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26¾	26	26¼	+	⅝
45¼	22	800	Colorado Southern (3)	24¼	22	22¼	—	2
60	48	100	Do 1st pf (4)	48¼	48¼	48¼	+	¼
55	42	100	Do 2d pf (4)	43¼	43¼	43¼	+	¼
37⅜	30¼	3,000	Columbia G & El (2.60)	33⅞	33⅛	33⅛	—	⅞
2⅞	½	7,800	Columbia Graphophone	⅝	⅝	⅝	..	
12½	2	100	Do pf	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	—	⅛
49⅞	42	1,800	Columbian Carbon (4)	43½	42¼	43	—	¾
46	25	300	Commercial Solvents A	30	28	28	—	3
30	15	100	Do B	17	17	17	—	¾
83¾	67	400	Computing Tab Rec (6)	72	70	71	—	¾
39⅝	17	700	Consolidated Cigar	19½	18⅝	19½	+	1
60⅝	56⅜	5,300	Consolidated Gas (5)	61¼	60¼	60¼	+	⅛
14½	6¼	3,400	Consolidated Textile	7⅞	7⅛	7½	..	
65½	42⅜	83,000	Continental Can (4)	54⅜	48⅝	49½	—	2⅜
12⅜	6½	2,600	Continental Motors	7⅛	6½	6½	—	½
139¾	114⅜	62,500	Corn Prod Ref (18¾)	127¼	123⅜	125⅜	+	2¾
122⅜	116	600	Do pf (7)	116½	116	116¾	—	⅝
62¾	22¾	61,000	Cosden Co	28	24½	25¾	+	¾
109⅝	85	100	Do pf (7)	88	88	88	..	
84½	57½	35,300	Crucible Steel (4)	61	57½	58⅝	—	⅝
94½	85¾	300	Do pf (7)	87	86	86	—	1¾
20	8½	3,800	Cuba Cane Sugar	13¼	12	12¼	—	½
64½	33½	21,400	Do pf	50¼	47¼	48⅛	—	1
37⅜	23	23,600	Cuban Am Sugar (3)	32¾	30½	30¾	—	1
102½	92	100	Do pf (7)	95¾	95¾	95¾	+	¼
12¾	3	1,900	Cuban Dominican Sugar	6	5¼	5⅝	—	⅛
58¼	30	400	Do pf	33¾	34	34	+	½
69	54½	1,400	Cuyamel Fruit (4)	60½	59¾	59¾	—	1⅝
72	20⅝	47,600	DAVISON CHEM	46	39½	42⅜	—	1⅞
28	21¼	400	De Beers Mines	22⅜	22¼	22¼	+	⅛
73¾	60¼	400	Deere & Co pf (3)	61	61	61	—	1⅝
124½	93¼	5,800	Delaware & Hud (9)	109⅝	105⅞	107½	—	1
130½	110⅝	1,300	Del, Lack & West (6)	112	111	111⅜	..	
111	100¼	400	Detroit Edison Co (8)	102⅜	101⅞	102⅜	+	1⅜
44¼	30¾	3,800	Dome Mines (4)	39½	38½	x39¾	+	1⅜
144	125	500	Douglas-Pectin (1)	129½	129	129	—	½
148¼	106	45,800	Dup de Nemours (6)	125⅝	120⅜	121¼	—	⅝
89¾	82	100	Do deb (6)	86	86	86	+	¼
103½	101	1,100	Duquesne L 1st pf (7)	102	101	102½	+	¼
115⅝	89¾	3,200	EASTMAN KOD (17½)	107⅜	102½	106½	+	2½
114⅜	108½	100	Do pf (6)	108½	108½	108⅝	—	⅛
27	20¾	1,100	Eaton Axle & Spg (2.60)	22	21	21	..	
67¾	52	2,100	Elec Stor Bat (14⅜)	59⅞	58	58	—	1½
20⅜	13½	300	Elk Horn Coal	13⅝	13½	13½	..	
86	80	84	Do pf (5)	80	80	80	..	
94¼	62½	100	Endicott-Johnson (5)	66	66	66	..	
118	111	100	Do pf (7)	114	114	114	+	1¾
16⅜	10¼	11,600	Erie	14⅛	13⅜	13⅝	—	⅜
25½	15	11,000	Do 1st pf	22	21⅝	22	—	⅜
18½	10⅜	2,300	Do 2d pf	17½	16	16	—	⅜
93	63¾	12,000	FAM PLAY HAS (8)	72¾	70½	71	—	⅛
93¾	85	200	Do pf (8)	90	89¾	90	+	2
13⅜	5	100	Federal Min & Smelt	7	7	7	—	⅛
40½	34¼	400	Do pf (7)	39¾	39	39¾	+	⅜
10¾	7¼	600	Fifth Av Bus (64c)	8	7¾	7⅞	+	⅛
212¼	140	400	Fisher Body (10)	167	165	165	—	5
16⅛	6¾	1,600	Fisk Rubber	7¾	6⅞	7	—	⅛
47⅞	37⅝	5,800	Fleischmann Co (12)	43	42¾	42¾	—	¾
78⅜	64½	1,200	Foundation Co (6)	69	65½	69	+	3¾
22	9½	2,400	Freeport-Texas	12¼	11½	12¼	+	¾
14⅜	6¾	200	GARDNER MOTOR	8⅝	6¾	8⅝	+	1⅝
54	23	6,500	Gen Asphalt	29⅜	26⅝	28	—	⅞
83	60	1,300	Do pf (5)	61½	60	61½	—	1
89	72	500	Gen Baking (4)	81¾	80¼	81	+	1
94⅜	80¾	1,800	Gen Cigar (6)	85¼	80½	83¾	+	1⅜
110	104¼	100	Do pf (7)	106	106	106	+	2
190½	167¾	4,000	Gen Electric (8)	170	168	168⅞	—	⅝
12	10¼	800	Do Special (80c)	11	11	11	..	
17½	13⅜	82,900	Gen Motors (1.20)	14¼	13½	13⅞	..	
89	78	100	Do pf (6)	83	83	83	+	1
105	98	1,500	Do deb (7)	98⅞	97	97½	+	1¼
90	78¾	2,900	Do deb (6)	88½	81	83	—	3⅝
51½	39½	1,100	Gimbel Brothers	47	45¼	47	+	1
102¾	96⅜	1,300	Do pf (7)	99⅜	97	99½	+	2¼
12⅝	8	900	Glidden Co	9¾	9	9¾	+	⅛
22½	13½	987	Goldwyn Pictures	14	13⅝	13⅞	—	1
41¼	20¾	4,900	Goodrich (B F) Co	23½	21¼	22	—	⅛
92¼	70½	5,600	Goodrich pf (7)	77¼	70½	75	—	3
62½	38	900	Goodyear T & Rub pf	39¾	37	38	+	2
99	80	800	Do prior pf (8)	90	88	88	—	1
38	15¾	600	Granby Consol	17¼	16¼	16½	—	⅛
15⅝	7¼	400	Gray & Davis	8¼	8	8	—	⅜
80	51⅝	14,300	Great North pf (5)	57⅞	53¾	54	—	2½
38	22	3,900	G N O for O Ptfg (2)	27⅜	26¾	27¼	+	⅜
108¾	102¾	100	Gt West Sug pf (7)	104¾	104¾	104¾	..	
34⅝	13	700	Greene Cananea Cop	17¼	16⅞	17¼	+	⅛
14½	5	1,400	Guantanamo Sugar	7	6½	6½	+	⅛
26	5¼	200	Gulf, Mobile & North	11½	8¾	11½	+	2½
69⅜	46¼	100	Do pf (7)	48½	48½	48½	—	⅛
104⅝	63¾	55,900	Gulf States Steel (4)	76⅜	70¾	74⅛	—	3¼
2	⅜	5,800	HAB'W ELEC CABLE	1	⅝	⅝	+	⅛
97	92¾	100	Hanna, M A (7)	94	96	95	+	1½
95¼	80¼	24,600	Hartman Corp (7)	88⅜	86⅜	87¾	—	1¼
44	31	1,900	Hayes Wheel (3)	34	33½	33½	—	¾
23⅜	12	800	Hendee Manufacturing	17⅛	16¾	16⅝	—	⅜

1923 High.	1923 Low.	Sales.	Stock and Dividend Rate.	High.	Low.	Last.	Ch'ge.	Net
73⅝	60	300	Homestake Mining (6)	62½	61½	61½	—	..
39¾	28¾	1,000	Household Products (3)	31	30⅝	31	+	..
78	40¾	3,000	Houston Oil	52½	48	50	+	4⅞
32⅜	20	8,600	Hudson Motor Car (8)	24½	22⅜	23	—	1
29½	16⅞	900	Hupp Motor Car (1)	18¾	18	18	—	½
5⅜	1¼	4,500	Hydraulic Steel	1⅝	1¼	1¼	—	⅛
34

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LONDON FINANCIAL OPINION CONFUSED

Judgment Divided as to Immediate Results of German Capitulation in Ruhr.

SPECULATION IN EXCHANGE

Not Believed That a German Foreign Loan Is at Present Possible.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Pending an important speech which the British Premier is expected to make on Monday regarding the reparations policy, all London markets are moving slowly. There is so much diversity in good financial opinion that the only conclusion can be the extreme complexity of the situation which immediately confronts both the Allies and Germany.

During last week the pronounced activity in foreign exchange and the inactivity of the stock market were the principal results of the Ruhr capitulation. The city feels that in establishing a dictatorship when trouble threatened in Bavaria, the Berlin Government acted wisely. But on every hand there is now a disposition to await and not anticipate actual developments.

The wild movements which occurred in French, Belgian, Italian and German exchange early in the week were the outcome of the speculative purchases. They were based on the rather hasty assumption that, with Germany's surrender to French pressure, settlement of the reparations question and of the interallied debt problem would be brought appreciably nearer. America, which from time to time appears as a large speculator in European currencies, was reported last week a heavy buyer of the allied currencies and even of marks.

When the threatening news came from Bavaria reaction set in and much of this improvement was lost, and following the partial reaction in the exchanges securities directly or indirectly affected by the German crisis lost the strength which they had displayed when the exchange was rising.

Under the circumstances in which Germany now finds herself, any discussion of the possibility of a foreign loan figuring as part of the new German currency plan is regarded as premature. The success of any such proposal depends upon Germany's ability to balance her budget within two years.

Currency notes outstanding at the end of the week were £281,337,102, as compared with £281,684,906 the preceding week, and with £277,597,451 last March, when the low level since the armistice was reached.

PARIS MARKET MORE HOPEFUL OF FUTURE

Program in Ruhr Believed Still to Contemplate Requisition of Materials.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—With Germany's announcement that passive resistance in the Ruhr will be abandoned it is felt on the Paris market that general improvement in the European situation is within sight. The German attitude is certain to have a favorable effect on business. It is admitted in financial circles, however, that cessation of passive resistance does not by any means completely solve the reparations question. What ever pledges may be made by Germany, the first thing will be to make such pledges productive.

Financial Paris foresees the probable order of events as follows: As soon as the orders relative to passive resistance have been definitely revoked, French occupation of the Ruhr will become "invisible," as was originally provided for when the French first occupied the Ruhr. Executive power in the occupied districts and cities will be restored to the German officials, though still under French general control.

Management of the Ruhr railways, up to this time in the hands of the Franco-Belgian régime, will be passed over to an interallied body, which, however, will also contain German delegates. The net proceeds will be paid over to the Reparation Commission.

As for the coal mines, it is expected that some State-owned mines will be worked only for the reparation account but that, as regards the other mines, the lies will confine themselves to recovering the 40 per cent. tax upon shipments which will be paid to the Reparation Commission. The 26 per cent. tax established in 1921 for the account of the Reparation Commission is expected to be levied again on all exports from the occupied areas to foreign countries or to unoccupied Germany. It is also anticipated that the State-owned forests will be exploited for reparation account.

French financial circles do not expect the Ruhr occupation, even in the new form, to give large proceeds. Estimates vary widely; it is admitted that it is impossible to give even approximate figures that can be relied upon. Within a few months, however, it is considered certain that France will receive coal deliveries of 1,600,000 tons, to which she is entitled by the peace treaty.

JAPAN NOT YET BORROWING.

London Believes Foreign Loans Are Not at Present Essential.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Reports cabled from New York as to the probability of early borrowing by the Japanese Government are not credited here. It is recognized that Japan will have to borrow later on, but the task of reconstruction is not believed to be far enough advanced as yet to make foreign loans essential.

Moreover, one indication of the satisfactory condition of Japanese finance is the intimation that coupons due Sept. 30 on the 5 per cent. loans of Yokohama and Nagoya will be paid out of the money received through the usual channels. Under existing circumstances no surprise would have been expressed if these funds had been advanced by the Japanese Government.

WEEK'S PRODUCE MARKET.

	CHICAGO.					
	Sept.	Dec.	May.			
WHEAT—	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Week's range..	1.05	1.00¾	1.06½	1.02¾	1.11½	1.08¼
	Sept.	Dec.	May.			
CORN—	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Week's range ..	.92½	.87	.73½	.68¾	.72¼	.69¾
	Sept.	Dec.	May.			
OATS—	High.	Low.	High.	Low.	High.	Low.
Week's range ..	.42	.39½	.43¼	.40	.45	.42¾

WEEK'S COTTON MARKET.

Week's range—	Oct.	Dec.	Jan.
	High. Low.	High. Low.	High. Low.
	29.40 29.27	28.97 27.85	28.49 27.38

Week's range—	Mar.	May	July
	High. Low.	High. Low.	High. Low.
	28.40 27.34	28.30 27.60	27.18 26.65

SPOT COTTON.

	New Liverpool.	Orleans.	New York.
Week's range—			
High	17.61d	28.05c	29.75c
Low	16.91d	28.85c	28.10c
Year to date—			
High	Sept. 29.	Mar. 14.	Mar. 7.
Low	18.66d	31.25c	37.40c

BERLIN HAS DOUBTS OF NEW FINANCE PLAN

Question Is Raised Whether Currency Based on Mortgages Can Be Stable.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, Sept. 30.—The first feeling of relief in financial circles at the abandonment of passive resistance in the Ruhr has now passed, and business circles once more are talking gloomily of the outlook. There is apprehension that the expected freeing of the State from the crushing burden of financing the Ruhr may not be realized because France may continue the embargo on transportation and other obstructive measures, in order to enforce a complete reparations settlement.

But such a settlement would require a long time. In that case the Ruhr manufacturers would remain without markets, and the burden of supporting the local workmen might continue to rest on the shoulders of Berlin.

According to the latest estimates, the financing of the Ruhr struggle cost Germany up to Sept. 10, 750 trillion paper marks. This is one-third of the addition to the floating debt during the eight months since occupation began. Out of a total addition of 3,000 trillions to note circulation during the same period, about 1,100 trillions are considered to have been due to operations in the Ruhr.

Minister Hilferding's currency reform plan is not being well accepted by German experts. An official set of proposed amendments has already appeared. The chief objection seems to be the importance of maintaining stability of any currency which is secured, as the notes of the new currency bank would be secured, on unliquidated real estate liens.

Some bankers flatly describe Hilferding's proposed plan as fiction, on the ground that, although the real estate mortgages which will supply security for the new note issue are to be drawn in gold marks, the interest and redemption money on such notes will be in the "ground marks" of the new bank, because those are to be the only legal tender currency. For that reason it is argued that the new notes will really be convertible only into themselves.

This being so, their stability would depend exclusively on the limitation of the amount outstanding. But as the landed security is practically inexhaustible, it is felt that the Government will be tempted to increase the issue whenever the budget shows a large deficiency.

The distrust of the new proposals is shown in the recommendation of the Federation of German Industries that all commercial accounts be kept hereafter in terms of gold marks or dollars.

INDIA GETS BULK OF WEEK'S LONDON GOLD

Far Eastern Market Also Importing Gold Directly From South Africa.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Gold imports into England during the past week were £699,369, of which £366,961 came from South Africa. Exports were £227,081, of which British India took £107,769, Holland £56,231, and the United States £55,803.

The outstanding feature of the London bullion market during the past fortnight has been the shrinkage in India's demand for gold. This, however, is due to the placing of Indian orders for direct shipment from South Africa. Such shipments would not have been possible prior to the establishment of a refinery in South Africa.

London bullion brokers do not anticipate that such direct shipments will in the future cut so important a figure as to deprive this market of any great part of its trade in gold. Transportation facilities between South Africa and India are uncertain, and will probably offer only occasional direct advantage. For this reason India is expected to continue to make the bulk of its gold purchases in London.

GERMAN CURRENCY REFORM

Paris Market Believes Paper Mark Repudiation Inevitable.

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Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—French financial circles are watching with deep interest the German Government's efforts to create new currency. It is taken for granted that the proposed reform implies energetic curtailment of expenses, and, what is more important, immediate discontinuance. The immense outlay involved by passive resistance in the Ruhr.

It is assumed by everyone that any effective monetary reform will eventually require adoption by Germany of a new fixed standard of value and the entire abandonment of the paper mark.

French View of Our Trade Problem.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 30.—French financial opinion feels strongly that resumption of America's foreign trade on a durable basis will depend not only on European reconstruction but on the granting to Europe by America of sufficiently long-dated credits.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

	Demand. LONDON.	PARIS.
Week's range—		
High	4.56⅛ Tuesday	6.30¾ Tuesday
Low	4.54½ Saturday	6.12½ Thursday
Year to date—		
High	4.75¼ Feb. 21	7.44 Jan. 2
Low	4.50⅛ Sept. 5	5.42 Aug. 15
	ITALY.	SPAIN.
Week's range—		
High	4.65 Tuesday	14.32 Tuesday
Low	4.56 Saturday	13.66 Saturday
Year to date—		
High	5.24 Jan. 2	15.82 Jan. 25
Low	4.21 July 7	13.24 Aug. 21
	HOLLAND.	GERMANY.
Week's range—		
High	39.35 Monday	.00000088 Wednesday
Low	39.27 Monday	.00000048 Friday
Year to date—		
High	39.70 Jan. 4	.014300 Jan. 2
Low	39.98 May 10	.00000032 Sept. 18
Week's range.	High. Low.	Year to date.— High. Low.
Switzerland—	17.91 17.81	18.95 Jan. 3 17.05 July 7
Belgium—	5.43 5.22	6.82½ Jan. 2 4.31½ Aug. 9
Austria—	.0014¼ .0014¼	.0014⅝ Jan. 15 .0014 Jan. 27
Denmark—	18.05 17.79	20.61 Jan. 2 17.22 July 5
Sweden—	26.53 26.50	27.02 Jan. 3 26.37 July 2
Norway	16.93 15.87	19.04 Jan. 3 15.85 May 24
Greece—	1.90 1.75	5.00 June 1 1.08 May 2
Czechoslovakia—	3.01¾ 3.00	3.09 Jan. 2 2.78 Jan. 22
Yugoslavia—	1.19 1.12½	1.38 June 8 .70 June 20
Hungary—	.0058 .0055	.04½ Jan. 3 .004 July 30
Finland—	2.69 2.67½	2.89 Mar. 5 2.48 Jan. 5
Rumania—	.48¼ .46½	.59½ Jan. 3 .38 Jan. 29
Poland—	.0003¾ .0003	.0058 Jan. 3 .0003 Sep. 29
	CHINA.	
Hongkong—	52.38 52.38	56.50 Mar. 29 51.75 July 30
Peking—	74.875 74.62	81.25 Mar. 13 72.25 July 31
Shanghai—	71.25 71.13	76.75 Mar. 26 69.50 Aug. 23
	JAPAN.	
Kobe—	48.63 48.57	49.19 May 31 48.25 Feb. 3
Yokohama—	48.63 48.57	49.19 May 31 48.25 Feb. 3
	PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.	
Manila—	49.25 49.25	50.75 Mar. 5 49.25 June 19
	INDIA.	
Calcutta—	30.81 30.66	33.25 Jan. 24 30.20 Aug. 23
Bombay—	30.81 30.66	33.25 Jan. 24 30.20 Aug. 23
	SOUTH AMERICA.	
Buenos Aires—	33.50 33.40	37.00 Jan. 9 33.50 Aug. 21

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED SEPT. 29, 1923.

	Last Week.	Year to Date.		Last Week— High.	Low.	Year to Date— High.	Low.
Total sales	$42,714,900	$2,064,206,430	Average price 04 bonds.	76.11	75.59	79.40	75.59
Same period a year ago	83,287,080	2,240,140,057	Same period a year ago.	82.20	81.26	82.54	79.47

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT LOANS.

(Figures after decimal represent 32ds of 1 per cent.)

Range, 1923 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
101.30	99.10	853	Lib 3½s, 1932-47..	99.28	99.10	99.13	—.13
101.25	99.24	5	Lib 3½s, 1932-47, reg	99.24	99.24	99.24	..
98.23	96.12	8½	Lib 2d 4s, 1927-42.	98.3	98.00	98.00	—.1
99.6	96.22	243	Lib 1st cv 4¼s, 1932-47	98.6	97.22	97.22	—.13
98.26	96.20	40	Lib 1st cv 4¼s, 1932-47, reg	98.2	97.29	97.29	—.2
100.00	97.5	10	Lib 1st-2d cv 4¼s, 1932-47	98.00	98.00	98.00	+.9
99.3	96.24	1,787	Lib 2dcv4¼s,'27-42	98.7	97.22	97.24	—.12
98.28	96.21	22¾	Lib 2d cv 4¼s, 1927-42, reg	98.3	97.23	97.24	—.8
99.6	97.25	9,947¼	Lib 3d 4¼s, 1928..	98.34	98.20	99.25	—.3
99.1	97.17	13	Lib 3d 4¼s, 1928, reg	98.30	98.24	98.25	..
99.6	96.27	2,244½	Lib 4th 4¼s, 1933-38	98.6	97.22	97.24	—.12
99.00	96.28	48	Lib 4th 4¼s, 1933-38, reg	98.00	98.00	98.00	—.2
100.1	98.1	445	Treas 4¼s, 1947-52	99.24	99.13	99.16	—.6
94	92¾	20	Panama 3s,'61, reg	92¾	92¾	92¾	..
Total sales							$15,541,900

FOREIGN BONDS.

Range, 1923 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
85¼	77¾	22	ARGENTINE 5s, 1945....	81	81	81	+ ⅛
103¼	100	107	Do 7s, '27	101¼	101¼	101¼	+ ¼
93⅜	85¼	189½	Austr'n Gov s f 7s,'43, cfs	88¾	87¾	88¼	+ ⅝
52¾	41	8	CHINESE GOV'T RYS 5s, 1951	42¼	42	42	— ¼
109¼	107½	6	City of Bergen 8s, 1945..	108¼	108	108	— ¼
113¼	108	35	City of Berne 8s, 1945....	108¼	108	108	— ⅛
107½	107¼	1	Do registered	107¼	107¼	107¼	..
83½	69	58	City of Bordeaux 6s, '34..	81¾	79	79	+ ¼
113	107½	8	City of Christiania 8s, '45.	108½	107¼	107½	— ⅝
92¼	88	47	City of Copen 5½s, '44..	89⅝	88½	89	— ⅛
82¾	65	43	City of Cr'frgue 7½s,'52	77⅛	76	76	— 1
83⅜	68	114	City of Lyons 6s, 1934...	82¼	79¾	80	..
83½	69	53	City of Marseilles 6s,'34	81½	79⅝	79⅝	— ⅜
91⅝	85	30	City of Montevideo 7s,'52	86	85½	85½	— ½
97	90	24	City of Rio de Jan 8s,'46	92	90	90	— 1½
97	90	25	Do 8s, 1947	91	90½	90½	— ¼
99½	93	2	City of Porto Alegre 8s,'61	97	96	96	— ½
90⅜	95¼	7½	City Sao Paulo 8s,'52,rcts	96½	95¼	95¼	— 1¼
85	66½	40	City of Soissons 6s, 1936.	83⅜	82¾	83	+ ⅛
77½	65	109	City of Tokio 5s, 1953....	68¾	66½	68½	+ 2⅝
114	105½	16	City of Zurich 8s, 1945..	105	104½	108½	— ½
96½	75	92	Czechoslovak Rep 8s, '51.	94	93	94	+ 1
109½	106¾	17	DANISH,M s f 8s, '46 A.	107¾	107¼	107¼	— 1
109½	106¾	5	Danish s f 8s, 1946, B..	108	107¼	108	..
90	75	214	Dept of Seine 7s, 1942....	87⅝	86	86½	..
91	84	21	Dom Rep 5½s, 1942, ctfs.	86½	86¼	86½	— ⅛
102	99¼	6	Do 5s, 1958	100½	100	100	— ¼
101	99	80	Dom of Cana 5s, '26.....	99¾	99¼	99¼	— ⅛
102½	100	93	Do 5½s, 1929	101¼	100¾	100¾	— ⅛
101	99¼	28	Do 5s, 1931	100	99½	99½	— ⅛
99⅝	97¼	185	Do 5s, 1952	98¾	98⅛	98⅛	+ ⅛
98¼	97½	92	Dutch East Indies 6s, '47.	97	96¼	96¾	— ⅛
97¾	92¼	249½	Do 6s, 1962	96¼	96¼	96¼	— ⅛
94½	87¾	51	Do 5½s, '53, tr rcts....	92	91⅝	91¾	— ⅛
93¾	83¼	45	FRAMERICAN I D 7s, 1942, tem ctfs	89¾	89	89	+ ⅝
101	88¼	518½	French Govt 8s, 1945...	100⅝	98½	98¼	— 1⅝
96¾	85	541	Do 7½s, 1941	96	94⅝	94¾	— 1
92	78¾	25	HOLLAND-AMER s f 6s, 1947, receipts	83½	82½	83½	— ¼
93¾	90¼	62	JAPANESE 4½s, 1925...	92½	91¾	92⅜	+ ⅛
93⅝	90¼	61	Do 4½s, 2d ser, 1925...	91½	91	91⅜	+ ⅛
83	75⅝	65	Do 4s, sterling loan,'31	78½	77¾	78	— ⅛
84½	74	25	Jurgens(A) Un Margarine Wks 6s. 1947, int ctfs.	78	77½	77¾	+ ⅛
98¾	93¼	92	KING OF BELG 6s, '25.	96¾	96	96¾	— ¼
103½	93	169	Do 7½s, 1945.....	101¾	100¼	100¼	— ¾
103¼	91	174	Do 8s, 1941	102⅝	101½	101¾	+ ⅜
110⅝	107⅜	47	King of Denmark 8s, '45.	108	108	108½	— ½
99	93	48	Do 6s, 1942	96¼	95¾	96	..
97	92½	148	King of Italy 6½s, 1925...	96	95⅝	95⅝	+ ⅛
102½	96¾	52	King of Neth 6s, 1972...	97¾	97	97	— ½
96⅝	96¼	75	King of Norways,'43,ctfs	96¾	96¼	96½	..
112⅜	109	34	Do 8s, 1940	110½	110	110	..
100	98	96	Do 6s, 1952, ctfs.....	95½	95	95⅝	— ⅜
78¾	53½	124	King of Serbs, Croats and Slovenes 8s, 1962	67½	66¼	66½	— ½
106	103½	24	King of Sweden 6s, '39..105		104⅜	104⅝	— ⅛
93½	88¼	47	ORIENT DEV deb 6s, '53, certificates	91¼	89	89	— 1¾
97⅞	96	9	PAULISTA RY ref 7s, '42.	96	95⅝	95⅝	— 1
78¾	63¼	236	Paris-L-M R R 6s, 1958..	74¾	72¾	72⅞	— 1⅜
94	86	95	REP OF BOLIVIA 8s, '47	88	87½	88	+ ⅛
97	93½	61½	Rep of Chile 7s, 1942....	94½	94	94½	+ ⅛
103⅜	100½	15	Do 8s, 1926	103½	102¾	102¾	..
104½	100¾	77	Do 8s, 1941	104¾	103⅞	104¼	+ ⅛
103½	103½	1	Do 8s, 1941, reg	103½	103½	103½	..
104½	100½	27	Do 8s, 1946	103⅜	103	103½	— ½
95	90	16	Rep of Colombia 6½s, '27.	92	91½	92	+ ½
92½	87	2	Rep of Cuba 5s, 1949....	91	91	91	..
99⅞	93	61	Do 5s, 1944	98¼	98	98	— ⅛
99½	90½	857½	Do 5½s, 1953, ctfs.....	91⅜	90½	90½	— ⅞
86	81¼	6	Do 4½s, 1949	83½	83¼	83½	+ 2
98	89¾	10	Rep of Haiti 6s, '22.. A..	91	90¾	91	..
97⅝	95¼	6	Rep of Pan 6½s, '53, rcts.	96¾	96	96	— ⅜
107	101½	23	Rep of Uruguay 8s, '46..102		101¼	101½	— ½
102⅜	100	27	STATE QNSLD 6s, '47...	101¼	100½	100¾	— ⅛
103½	103½	17	Do 7s, 1941	107	106	106⅞	+ 1⅜
100	93	8	State of Rio Grande do Sul 8s, 1946	96	96	96	— 1
100¾	95½	10	State of Sao Paulo 8s,'36	98¾	98½	98¾	+ ⅛
119½	112	62	Swiss Confed s f 8s, '40.	112⅝	112	112	— 1
116	103⅝	155	UK of GT BRIT & IRE 5½s, 1928	111⅝	111¼	111¼	+ ⅜
104½	100¾	212	Do 5½s, 1937	101¼	101¼	101¼	— ⅜
104½	96¾	32	U S of Brazil 7½s, 1952..	101¾	100⅝	101⅜	+ ⅜
104	96¾	17½	Do Large	101¼	101	101	+ 1
99	91¾	104	Do 8s, 1941	95¼	94	94	— 1
93¾	93¾	6	Do 8s, 1941, reg	93¾	93¾	93¾	..
87	78	111½	Do Cent Ry El 7s, 1952	79¾	78	78¼	— ⅛
58½	49	50	U S of Mexico 5s, 1945..	53	52½	52½	..
41¾	30	18	Do 4s, 1954	32½	30½	30½	— 2⅜
52	50	2	Do 5s, rerdjustment of debt deposit rcts....	50¾	50	50¾	— 1¼
93	87	10	United S S of Copenhagen 6s, 1937.....	89½	89	89	..
Total sales							$6,856,500

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

107¼	102¼	2	4½s, May, 1957.....	102¼	102¼	102¼	— 2⅝
107¼	102⅜	1	4½s, 1963	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜	— 1½
Total sales							$3,000

CORPORATION ISSUES.

99½	92¾	8	AJAX RUBBER 8s, 1936	93½	92¾	93¼	+ 1
8	5	6	Alaska G M cv 6s, A, '25	5	5	5	..
6½	5	24	Do cv 6s, B, '26.....	5	5	5	..
104⅝	96	82	Am Ag Chem 7½s, 1941..	99	98¾	99	..
100½	98	5	Do 5s, 1928.....	99⅜	97⅞	98	— 1
97¾	92	13½	Am Chain s f 6s, 1933..	92¾	92	92¾	+ ⅛
80½	59	8	Am Cotton Oil 5s, 1931..	70	68	68	— 1½
90⅞	85	7	Am Republic deb 6s, 1937	86	86	86	+ 1
95¾	80⅝	75	Am Smelt & Ref 5s, 1947	90¼	90¼	90¼	— ⅛
102	99⅝	78	Do 6s, 1947, ctfs.....	100⅞	100¼	100⅞	+ ⅝
104	100½	53	Am Sugar Ref 6s, 1937, temp ctfs	101⅞	101¼	101⅞	+ ⅛
93¼	91	129	Am T & T col 4s, 1929..	92¼	92	92¼	— ⅛
96⅝	95	168	Do col 5s, 1946.....	97¾	97⅛	97½	+ ⅛
103½	100	11	Do cv 4½s, 1933.....	102¾	102	102½	+ ⅛
90	86	2	Do gold 4s, 1936.....	89¼	89	89¼	— ⅜
117¼	113½	17	Do cv 6s, 1925.....	116⅝	115¼	116¼	+ ⅜
86	82	12	Am W W Elec col 5s, '34	85⅞	83½	83½	— ½
86¼	85	32	Am Writing Paper 6s, '39	60	57	57	..
98⅞	95¾	202	Anaconda Cop 6s, 1953..	96¾	96½	96¾	— ⅛
104⅝	98½	202	Do cv deb 7s, 1938....	100	99¾	99⅞	+ ⅛
65⅝	55	12	Ann Arbor 4s, 1995.....	55¾	55½	55½	— ⅜
89½	82	42	Armour & Co 4½s, 1939..	84	83¾	83½	+ ⅛
91½	84¼	115	A, T & S F gen 4s, 1995.	85¼	87⅛	87½	+ ⅛
82½	75¼	3	Do adj 4s, 1995.....	79	79	79	+ ½
82⅞	76⅜	38	Do adj 4s, 1995, stpd..	79⅝	78¼	78¼	— 2½
84	77½	2	Do cv 4s, 1905-55.....	81¾	81¾	81¾	..
84	77	1	Do cv 4s, 1909-55.....	82¼	82¼	82¼	..
86¾	72⅞	3	Do Trans S La 4s, 1958	83	83	83	..
83	77½	2	Do Rky Mtn div 4s, '65	79⅝	79¾	79⅝	— ⅜
69⅞	65	4	Atl & Birm 4s, 1933....	68¾	68¼	68¼	..
100	96	11	Atl & C Air L 5s, '44, B.	97½	97¼	97¼	..
88	85⅝	18	Atl Coast Line 1st 4s, '52	85¾	85¼	84½	— 1½
88⅝	82	8	Do unified 4½s, 1964..	83	83	83	— ½
108	106	14	Do 7s, 1930.....	106¾	106	106	..
83	77	9	Do L & N col 4s, 1952..	81¼	80⅝	80⅝	+ ⅛
39¼	23	19	Atl Fruit 7s, 1934, ctfs.	25	23	23	— ½
44	22¼	4	Do 7s, 1934, ctfs, stpd.	25	23¾	23½	— 1½
99¾	96¼	56	Atl Refining deb 5s, 1937	97¾	97	97	— 1
78½	76⅝	3	Atl & Yadkin 4s, 1949...	78½	76⅝	76⅝	— ⅜
103	100¼	5	BALDWIN LOCO 5s, '40.	100½	100¼	100½	..
96	93¼	107½	Balt & O pr lien 3½s, '25	95¾	95¼	95⅝	+ ⅜
95¼	93½	3	Do prior lien 3½s, reg..	95¼	95¼	95¼	..
81½	74⅝	373	Do gold 4s, 1948.....	79	77⅜	78	..
82¾	77	469	Do cv 4½s, 1933.....	82¼	80⅝	81⅞	+ ⅜
85	78½	148	Do ref 5s, 1995.....	84	82⅝	83⅝	+ ⅜
101⅞	99⅜	102	Do 6s, 1929.....	100⅜	100¼	100¼	— ⅛
78⅝	72½	96	Do P,L E & WVa 4s,'41	76¾	75	76¼	+ ⅜
85	81¼	25	Do P. J & M 3½s, 1925.	94	94	94	+ ⅛
94⅞	91¾	24	Do S W Div 3½s, 1925.	94½	93⅝	94	+ ⅛
67⅝	61½	45	Do Tol, Cin 4s, 1959..	66	64¾	65	+ 1⅛
103½	94	28	Barnsdall s f 8s, 1931	97¼	96	96	— 1⅜
99¾	95¼	74	Bell Tel of Pa ref 5s, '48	97⅞	97½	97⅝	+ ⅜
97½	96⅜	36	Beth Steel ref 5s, 1942..	92	90¾	91¾	— ⅛
100	97⅞		Do ext 5s, 1926.....	99¼	99	99	— ⅛
93¾	87	12	Do 1st & ref 5s, 1936.	90	88	88	— 1¼
100¾	96	43	Do s f 6s, 1948.....	99	97	97¼	— ⅜
94	87⅝	42	Do 5½s, 1953, ctfs.....	89¾	87⅝	88¾	— ⅝
100¾	97¾	18	Braden Copper 6s, 1931..	99½	99	99	..
97¼	91⅝	50	Brier Hill Steel 5½s, '42.	94	93¼	94	..
69	61½	6	B'way & 7th Av con5s,'43	64	64	64	..
88	83	1	B'klyn City R R

...NDON USING LESS ...OF AMERICAN COTTON

...ings in Second Half of Past ... Season 614,000 Bales Below First.

...right, 1923, by The New York Times Company.
Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 30.—Some hope is expressed that the British cotton trade may revive before long. But with European conditions so disturbed, it is possible that improvement will be much delayed.

The cotton industry took particular interest in the statistics issued by the International Federation of Cotton Spinners last week, showing the world's consumption of American cotton for the season ended with July, to have been 12,710,000 bales, while mill stocks at the end of the season were 600,000 bales less than the year before. It is thought that the effect of high prices is apparent in the fact that 614,000 bales less of American cotton were used during the second half of the season than in the first half.

This reduction was entirely due to curtailment in Europe. Great Britain, for instance, used over one-quarter million bales less of American cotton in the second half than in the first, while the total season's consumption was under two million bales, or only one-third of the American consumption.

AVERAGE PRICES LOWER.

Week's "Index Number" 155; Was 168 in April, 153 in July.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Sept. 30.—Professor Irving Fisher's copyrighted weekly index number of American commodity prices, based on 100 as the average for 1913, is 155 for the past week, comparing with 156 in the two preceding weeks, and with 155 in the first week of September. The average for the month of September is stated as 155; the average for the quarter ending with September, 154.

The highest of the present year to date was 168 of April 7, the lowest 153 of July 14. The highest point reached since the war was 247 in May, 1920, and the lowest 138 in January, 1922.

BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE

Continued from Page 12.

Range, 1923 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
95½	94¾	9	Met Power 6s, '53, ctfs...	95½	95	95½	+ ¼
103¾	103½	23	Mex Petrol s f 8s, 1936	103¾	103	103	— ¼
89½	89	3	Mich Cent 4s, 1940.....	89	87¾	89	— 2
93	91¼	12	Do deb 4s, 1929.....	91½	91¼	91¼	..
100¾	99¾	11	Mich State Tel 5s, 1924.	99¾	99¾	99¾	..
91½	89¾	59	Midvale Steel col tr 5s,'36	89½	89⅞	89⅞	— ¼
92¼	89¾	32	Mil El R y & Lt 5s, 1951..	89½	89¾	89½	— ⅛
89¼	81	31	Do 1st tem 5s, g, 1961.	84⅜	81	81	— ⅜
99¼	96	1	Do con 5s, 1926.....	99½	99½	99½	+ ⅝
90	88⅜	3	Do ref and ext 4½s,'31.	89	88⅜	89	+ ⅛
94¾	93¾	3	Milwaukee Gas 4s, 1927..	94½	93¾	94½	+ ½
40	16	11	Minn & St L 1st&ref4s,'49	19⅝	18½	19⅝	..
78	58	3	Do con 5s, 1934.....	60	60	60	..
97	14	6	Do ref & ext 5s, 1962..	15⅝	15½	15½	— ½
107¾	98	2	M, St P&S S M con 5s,'38	99½	98⅜	98⅜	— ⅝
103¼	98¾	1	Do ref 6s, 1946.....	100	100	100	+ 1
50¾	34¾	3	Do con 4s, 1938.....	36⅝	36¼	36¼	— ½
103	101¼	17	Do 6½s, 1934.....	102½	101¾	101⅞	— ⅛
80¼	73½	24	Mo, Kan & T 1st 4s, 1990	74¼	73½	73⅝	— ⅝
82⅝	74¾	111	Do 5s, A, 1962.....	77½	77	77⅛	..
67½	61¼	50	Do 4s, B, 1962.....	65½	62⅞	63⅛	— ⅝
95¾	90	38	Do 6s, C, 1932.....	94⅛	93⅝	94	+ ⅛
63	49¾	365	Do adj 5s, 1967.....	55⅝	52	52	— 1¼
99	89¾	27	Mo Pac con 6s, 1949....	90	89¾	89¾	..
63¼	50	189	Do gen 4s, 1975.....	51	50¼	50¼	+ ¼
86⅞	76½	1	Do 1st ref 5s, 1965....	77	77	77	..
97	94⅝	1	Do ref 5s, 1926.....	94⅝	94⅝	94⅝	— ⅜
90	87	1	M & O, St L & C 4s,'31	89	89	89	..
95¾	94	5	Do St L Div 5s, 1927..	94	94	94	..
104¾	100	15	Mobile & Ohio new 6s,'27	103	102	103	+ ½
104¾	99¾	3	Do ext 6s, 1927.....	99½	99¼	99¼	— ⅜
73¾	72⅝	2	Do gen 4s, 1938.....	74	73⅞	74	..
98⅝	93	12	Montana Power 5s, 1943.	95⅜	95	95¼	+ ⅛
91	88	14	Mont Tram 1st ref 5s,'41	89	88½	88⅝	+ ⅛
78¼	74	4	Morris & Essex 3½s, 2000.	74	74	74	..
87¾	73¾	25	Morris & Co 4½s, 1939..	79¾	78½	79¼	+ ⅜
93½	91½	1	Mortgage Bond 5s, 1932..	92½	92½	92½	..
101	96¾	2	NASH, C & ST L 5s,'28.	99	99	99	..
67¾	55½	3	Nassau Elec Ry 4s, 1951.	62½	61	61	..
90¾	83	6	Nat Acme 7¼s, 1931....	95¼	93	93	— ¼
32¾	25½	2	Nat Rys of Mex p l 4½s, '57, July 14 coupon on.	26¼	25¼	26¼	..
101¼	98	6	Nat Tube 5s, 1952.....	100	99	99	— 1
100	95½	59	New Eng T & T 1st 5s,'52	97⅝	97½	97⅝	+ ⅜
51½	47	2	New Orleans & N. E. ref. & imp. 4½s, 1952.....	78	78	78	— 1
78¾	73¾	9	New Orleans Term 4s, '53	74	73⅝	73⅝	— ⅞
84	72⅝	16	N O, Tex & M incs 5s, '35	77	75⅞	76	— 1¼
101¼	100	16	Do 6s, A, 1925.....	101	100⅝	100⅝	— ⅛
104	100	1	N Y Air Brake 1st 6s,'28	103	103	103	+ ½
85⅞	84¼	1	NYC ref & imp 4½s, 2013	84⅜	84⅜	84⅜	..
77⅜	72¼	16	Do gen 3½s, 1997.....	73½	73	73¼	+ ¼
106⅜	101¾	431	Do deb 6s, 1935.....	104⅛	103⅝	104	..
91⅛	86¼	35	Do deb 4s, 1934.....	86	86	86	..
94⅝	89⅝	6	Do deb 4s, 1942.....	89⅝	84⅝	84⅝	— ⅜
96¼	92¼	194	Do ref & imp 5s, 2013..	95	94⅝	95⅛	— ⅛
83¼	76⅛	19	Do con 4s, 1998.....	80¼	79⅛	79¼	— ⅛
78	68¼	25	Do Lake Sh col 3½s,'98	72¾	72	72	— ⅜
75	69¾	1	N Y C,M C col 3½s,'98,reg	69¾	69¾	69¾	— ¼
90¾	89¾	9	N Y C & St L 1st 4s, '37.	89¾	89	89¼	— ¼
101	98	54	Do 6s, A, 1931.....	100¼	99⅜	100	..
85⅞	83⅜	2	Do deb 4s, 1931.....	87	87	87	..
79	74⅞	2	N Y Dock 4s, 1951.....	78	78	78	..
113	109⅝	30	N Y Ed 1st & ref 6½s,'41	110⅝	109	110¼	— ¼
88	81	1	N Y & Erie ext 4s, 1947..	81	81	81	— 7
94¾	93¼	2	Do 4th ext 5s, 1920....	94⅜	94⅜	94⅜	..
85⅝	78½	10	N Y G, E L, H & P 4s,'49	82⅜	82⅜	82⅜	..
100	98¼	13	Do 5s, 1948.....	98¼	97	97½	— ⅝
99⅝	96	4	N Y & Jersey 1st 5s, '32.	96	96	96	..
72¾	52	34	N Y, N H & H deb 6s, '48	58½	55⅝	56	+ ¼
63¾	54¼	27	Do 7s, 1925.....	62½	62½	62½	— 1
71⅞	53	53	Do 7s, 1923, francs....	60⅝	59	59¼	..
37	35	3	Do non-conv deb 3½s,'54	35¼	35¼	35¼	— ⅛
48	34	15	Do conv 3½s, 1956.....	35½	35	35	..
51¼	37	1	Do non-conv deb 4s, '56.	40	40	40	..
70¾	60	15	N Y, O & W ref 4s, 1992.	60⅞	60	60½	— 1⅜
6¼	1¾	9	N Y Rys adj 5s, c of d...	2⅜	2	2	— ⅛
3	2⅛	9	Do adj 5s, 1942.....	2¼	2⅛	2¼	..
33½	28¼	18	Do ref 4s, 1942.....	29¼	28¾	28¾	— ⅝
37½	27¾	13	Do ref 4s, '42, c of dep.	28½	27⅞	28½	+ ¼
91	83	20	N Y & Richmond Gas 1st 6s, 1952..	86	84⅞	85½	— 1⅞
60	59	3	N Y State Rys 4½s, 1962.	62¼	62	62	..
98	92	19	N Y Steam 1st 6s, 1947...	94	93	94	..
49¾	42	4	N Y, Susq & W 2d 4½s,'37	45	45	45	..
40	39	2	Do gen 5s, 1940.....	39	39	39	..
107	102¾	53	N Y Tel ref 6s, 1941....	104⅞	104¼	104½	— ¼
108¾	103¾	41	Do s f deb 6s, 1949....	106½	105	105¼	— ¾
36¾	32¼	45	Do 4½s, 1939.....	34	33⅞	33⅞	— ⅛
101	97¼	13	Niagara Falls Pow 5s,'32.	100	99¾	99¾	..
105¾	101¾	10	Do 6s, 1932.....	103⅞	103¼	103¼	..
100	97¼	1	Niagara, L&O Pow 5s,'54.	100	100	100	+ 1
71	61¼	4	Norf & So 1st ref 5s,'61	63¾	63	63½	+ ⅛
89¼	85¼	58	Norf & W con 4s, 1996...	90⅝	89¾	90	..
117¾	107	6	Do conv 6s, 1929.....	108¾	107¾	107¾	— ⅜
89	82⅜	5	Do div 4s, 1944.....	87	87	87	— ⅛
88¾	84¾	28	Do Poca C & C 4s, '41...	85¾	85¾	85½	— ½
91	87¾	1	N Am Edison s f 6s,A,'52	92	91¼	91¼	+ ⅛
94	90	18	N O, T & Lex ref 6s, 1947	93	93	93	..
62½	59	16	Northern Pacific 3s, 2047.	59½	59	59¼	— ⅛
87	81¾	69	Do 4s, 1997.....	83⅞	82½	82⅝	— 1⅛
97¾	85¾	1	Do ref & imp 4½s, 2047.	84	84	84	..
100	97	31	Do ref & imp 5s, C, 2047	93¾	92¾	92¾	— ⅛
99¼	96⅞	31	Do new 5s, D, 2047....	93¼	92⅝	93¼	— ⅛
104¾	100¼	56	Do ref & imp 6s, 2047..	104⅜	103¼	103⅞	— ⅛
102	96½	93	Nor States Pow ref 5s,'41	100¼	99¾	99⅞	+ ⅛
93	87¾	3	Do 1st ref 5s, 1941....	90¼	90	90	..
108¾	101	47	N W Bell Tel 7s, 1941..	107¾	107½	107¾	+ ⅛
108	102¼	4	OHIO PUB SER 7½s,A,'46.	104½	104	104	— ½
98¾	92⅜	7	Ont Pow Co 1st s f 5s,'43	95¾	95	95	— ⅜
101¾	98½	6	Ore Ry & Nav 4s, 1946...	86	86	86	— ¼
98	92¼	2	Ont Transmiss 5s, 1945..	97½	97½	97½	..
100	98⅝	7	Ore & Cal 1st 5s, 1927..	99⅝	99¼	99⅜	+ ⅛
104¾	99¾	4	Ore S Line gtd con 5s,'46.	101	100¼	100½	..
93¾	90⅝	62	Do ref 4s, 1929.....	92¼	91⅞	92¼	+ ⅛
104½	100	2	Do 1st con 5s, 1940....	100¾	100¾	100¾	+ ⅜
82	75½	87	Ore-Wash R & N 1st 4s,'61	78¾	78¾	78¾	..
107	98	7	Otis Steel s r 8s, 1941..	97	97	97	..
95	90½	19	Do 7½s, 1947.....	92½	91½	91½	— ⅜
79¾	75	5	PAC COAST 5s, 1946...	75	75	75	..
93¼	88	25	Pac Gas & Elec 5s, '42...	90¾	89	89	— 1¼
94	80¾	9	Pac Pow & Lt ref 5s, '30	92¾	92¼	92¾	+ ⅜
92¼	88	55	Pac Tel & Tel 5s, 1952.	90⅞	90¼	90⅞	+ ⅛
94	94¼	4	Do 5s, 1937.....	96¼	95⅝	95⅝	— ⅛
94¾	92¾	4	Pan Amer G&E 5s,'49	93¾	93¾	93¾	— ⅛
104	102	26	Pan-Am P & Tel 7s, '20.	103½	102¾	102⅞	— ⅛
98¾	92½	11	Penn R R con 4½s, 1960.	95⅝	95⅜	95⅜	+ ⅛
92⅞	88	83	Do gen 4½s, 1965.....	90	89¼	89½	— ¾
100¾	94¼	69	Do gen 5s, 1968.....	99¼	98¾	99¼	— ⅛
94¾	89¼	5	Penn 4½s, 1958.....	91¾	91¼	91¾	— ⅛
93¼	88½	2	Penn 4s, 1943.....	88½	88½	88½	..
83¾	81¾	1	Penn Co 3½s, B, 1941...	82	82	82	— ¼
111¾	106¾	51	Do 6½s, 1936.....	108¾	107¼	107¾	— ¼
100¾	96¼	60	Do 7s, 1930.....	100	100	100⅛	— ⅛
87¾	87	8	People's Gas Lt & Coke ref 5s, 1947.....	89¾	89	89½	— ⅜
108	104¾	6	Do 6s, 1943.....	104¾	104¾	104⅜	..
93¾	92⅜	53	Do 1st 5s, 1936.....	93⅝	93¼	93¼	— ⅜
91½	88¼	28	Phila Co 5½s, 1938....	90½	89⅝	90⅜	— ⅛
101¾	98½	23	Do ref 6s, 1944.....	100¾	99⅝	99⅝	— ⅜
103¾	100	1	Philippine Ry 5s, 1937..	102¾	102¾	102¾	..
67¾	65¼	37	Pierce-Ar s f 8s, 43....	74¼	72¾	72¾	— ⅜
98	69¾	4	Pierce Oil 8s, 1931.....	80	80	80	+ 1
96¾	93⅜	18	P C C & St L gen 5s, A, 1944.....	94⅝	94½	94½	— ⅛
93	89¾	10	Do gtd 4s, D, 1945....	92⅜	91¼	91¼	— 1⅞
94	92¼	2	Do ser E.....	90⅝	90⅜	90⅜	— ⅜
64	62½	2	Do gtd 4½s, J, 1964....	63	63	63	— ¼
97¾	94	2	Do gtd 4½s, H, 1942...	94¼	94¼	94¼	— ⅛
94¾	90¼	2	Pocahontas Con Col s f 7s, 1957.....	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝	— 1⅝
79	77	9	Portland Ry 5s, 1930..	77¾	77½	77½	— ⅜
86	82	11	Port Ry L & P c* 5s, '42 83			82½	— 1¼
107¾	103¾	8	Port Ry, 1st, 1946....	107¾	107¾	107¾	— ¼
106	101¾	8	Porto Rico Am Tob 8s,'31	105	105	105	..
88¾	87¼	10	Pressed Stl Car cv 5s,'33	90	90	90	+ 1

Range, 1923 High	Low	Sales		High	Low	Last	Net Ch'ge
106½	100	3	Prod & Ref 8s, 1931....	102	101¾	102	+ 1
133½	108	5	Do with warrants....	110	109	109	..
38¾	27	25	Prov Sec Corp deb 4s, '57	27	27	27	— 8
80	80	12	Pub Service 5s, 1959....	80¾	80	80	— ⅛
124¾	105	67	Punta A Sug ten 7s,'37.	110¼	109	110	+ ¼
74¾	63¼	678	RAP TRAN SEC s f 6s, 1968, A, w i.....	67½	65½	65⅝	— 2⅜
88	82⅞	69	Reading gen 4s, 1997....	87	86⅝	87	..
88	77¼	16	Do gen 4s, '97, cfs of d	86⅝	86⅝	86⅝	..
86	80	2	Read Jersey Cen col 5s,'51	81⅛	81¼	81¼	— ⅝
96¾	90⅞	5	Rem Arms 6s, '37, ctfs..	94	93½	93¼	— ½
94¾	87	20	Rep Iron & Stl ref & gen 5¼s, 1953.....	87½	87	87¼	— ½
98¼	97¾	5	Rich & Dan deb 5s, 1927..	97⅝	97¾	97⅝	..
68½	60¼	4	Rio Gr W col tr 4s, '49..	63⅞	62	62	— 2
78¾	72	1	Do 1st 4s, 1939.....	74⅛	74½	74⅛	..
99	96¼	1	Robbins & Myers s f 7s,'42	96½	96½	96½	..
81	71¾	23	R I, Ark & L 4½s, 1934..	72¾	72	72	+ ¼
93	80	18	Rogers-Brown 7s, '42 ctfs.	81	80	80	— 2½
98¼	95¾	1	ST L & ADIR 2d 6s, '96	97½	97½	97½	— 1
99½	98⅛	3	St L & M S gen 5s, '31..	94	94	94	..
89⅝	82⅜	12	Do unif & ref 4s, 1929..	83	82⅜	83	..
86	74⅛	81	Do Riv & Gulf 4s, '33..	74¾	74½	74¾	— ⅝
85	73¼	3	St L, Rocky Mt&Pac 5s,'55	81	81	81	+ 5⅛
99¾	93⅝	3	St L & S F gen 5s, '31...	97	97	97	— ⅝
70⅝	65	129	Do pr ln 4s, 1950.....	66¾	65½	65¾	— ⅝
85⅞	80	16	Do pr ln 5s, 1950.....	82	81	81	— ½
100¾	97¼	25	Do pr ln 6s, 1928.....	99	98½	99	+ ⅛
98⅝	58	700	Do income 6s, 1960....	64¾	62½	62½	— 1⅜
92¾	87½	2	Do 5½s, D, 1942.....	89½	89¼	89¼	— 1¼
90¾	71	83	Do adj 5s, 1955.....	74	72¾	72¾	— ⅝
87¼	86½	11	St Louis So 1st 4s, 1931.	87½	87½	87½	+ ⅛
78¼	73½	5	St L So W con 4s, 1932.	75½	75½	75½	— ⅝
82½	73¼	3	Do 1st term 5s, 1952...	74	74	74	— ⅛
78¾	72⅞	20	Do 1st 4s, 1989.....	74½	74	74	— 1⅛
62	57½	1	St Louis Tran 5s, 1924...	57¾	57¾	57¼	+ ⅛
81½	74	6	St P&K C Sh Ln 4½s,'41	74½	74	74	..
99½	95¾	1	St P, M & M 4½s, 1933..	96¼	96¼	96¼	..
75¾	70⅝	21	San An & A P 4s, '43....	72	71⅝	72	..
94¾	90	9	San An Pub Svc ref 6s,'52	91¼	91¼	91¼	— ⅛
87½	84¾	1	Scioto Val & N E 4s,'89.	85½	85½	85½	— ½
98	53	2	Seab A L gold 4s,'50...	56	55¾	55¾	— ¼
58	52¼	11	Do stamped	55¾	54¾	55¼	— ⅝
46¼	39⅞	146	Do ref 4s, 1959.....	44	44	44⅛	+ ⅛
32½	22⅜	85	Do adj 5s, 1949.....	30⅞	29⅝	30⅞	+ ⅞
68	58¾	76	Do con 6s, 1943.....	63⅝	64	64½	— ½
91¾	83¾	9	Seab & Roanoke 1st 5s,'26	96	96	96	— 1¼
104	98	18	Sharon Steel Hoop 8s,'41.	99¼	99	99	— ¼
101½	99¼	7	Sheff Farms ref 6½s,'42.	101⅞	101¼	101⅞	+ 1⅛
101½	92¼	112	Sinclair Oil 7s, 1937.....	93¾	92⅜	93¾	+ 1¼
95	85½	188	Do 6½s, 1938, temp....	86½	85¾	85⅞	— ⅛
98⅞	94	115	Sinclair Crude Oil 5½s,'25	95½	94⅝	95¼	— ⅛
99½	93⅝	30	Do pur g 6s, B, 1926...	94⅝	94¼	94½	+ ⅛
88½	80	74	Sinclair P L 5s, '42, cfs.	81½	80	81¼	..
95¾	90¾	18	So Bell T & T 1st 5s, '41.	94⅞	93¾	94⅞	+ 1
99	99	1	Sodus Bay & So 5s, '24...	99	99	99	..
98¾	96¾	2	So Car & Ga ext 5½s,'29	98¼	98¼	98½	..
92	87½	12	Sou Col Pr 1st 6s, 1942..	91	90	90	..
85	77½	97	So Pacific col 4s, 1949.	82½	81¼	81½	— ⅝
92¾	90¼	96	Do cv 4s, 1920.....	92¾	91¾	92	..
88½	83¼	113	Do ref 4s, 1955.....	85⅞	84⅝	84⅜	— ⅝
102½	98¼	4	Do cv 5s, 1934.....	100	99¼	99½	..
103⅞	101	3	So Pac Calif con 5s, 1937.	103⅞	103⅜	103⅜	+ 2⅛
83¼	79	6	So Pas S F term 4s, '50.	81	80½	80½	— ½
102½	98¼	6	So Porto Rico Sug 5s,'41.	100¼	100	100¼	+ ¼
98¾	92¾	61	So Ry 1st 5s, 1994.....	94¾	94	94	..
69½	66¼	121	Do gen 4s, 1956.....	67⅝	68	68	+ ⅜
102¼	100	198	Do dev 6½s, 1956.....	101	100¼	100⅝	— ⅜
81	75¼	2	Do St Louis Div 4s,'51.	78	77⅜	78	— 1
98	95¾	2	Standard Milling 5s, 1930	96½	96½	96½	+ ⅝
99⅞	97¾	16	Std Gas & Elec cv 6s,'26.	99¾	99¾	99¾	+ ⅝
107	100	52	Stcel & Tube 7s, 1951...	105¾	104¾	104¾	— ⅛
99¾	95½	3	Sug Est of Oriente 7s, '42	96	95½	95½	— 1¼
86⅜	83⅝	1	Syrac L & P col tr 5s, '54	83¾	83¾	83¾	— ⅛
95	92¼	20	TENN ELEC ref 8s, '47.	93½	92⅞	93½	+ ½
92	84	4	T & P, La Div B L 5s,'31	88	88	88	..
63¼	45	147	Third Av adj 5s, 1960....	50½	48¼	48¾	— 2
62¾	54	6	Do ref 4s, 1960.....	56	55¼	56	+ ⅜
103¾	101½	19	Tide Water Oil 6½s,'31.	102¼	102	102¼	+ ⅛
105¾	102¾	37	Tob Prod s f 7s, 1931...	105	104⅝	105	+ ⅛
107¾	105½	5	Toledo Edison 7s, 1941...	106⅝	105⅝	105⅝	— ⅜
98¾	96	3	Tol & O Cent 1st 5s,'35..	97	97	97	..
92	87¾	5	Do ren 5s, 1935.....	92	90½	90½	+ ½
94	92¼	1	Do West Div 5s, 1935..	94	94	94	+ ½
96¼	93¾	4	Tol, St L & W 3½s, 1925.	94¾	94¾	94¾	..
75	68¼	10	Do 4s, 1950.....	68¾	68⅝	68⅝	— ⅜
90¼	87½	2	Tol Trac L & P 6s, '25..	98½	98	98	..
89	78	2	UND EL RYS LONDON inc 6s, 1948.....	88	88	88	..
99	95	3	Union Bag & P 6s, '42...	97	96¾	97	— ½
92	88¼	18	Un El Lt & Pw 5s, '33..	91½	91½	91½	+ ⅜
97½	95	1	Do 5s, 1932.....	95½	95½	95½	— 1¼
94⅝	88¼	75	Un Pac 1st 4s, 1947.....	91⅜	90½	90⅝	— ⅜
88	80¼	33	Do 1st & ref 4s, 2008..	81⅜	81	81	..
96¾	94½	26	Do cv 4s, 1927.....	95⅞	95⅝	95¾	— ⅛
105⅞	102¼	21	Do 6s, 1928.....	103⅝	103	103	— ⅛
105	102¼	12	Un Tank Car eq 7s, 1930.	103½	103¼	103¼	— ⅛
113½	110	6	Un Drug cv 5s, 1941....	112	111¾	112	..
98	92	4	Un Fuel Gas 6s, 1936...	94¾	94	94½	+ ⅜
92¼	91	2	Un Rys Inv 5s, '26, Pitts	92½	92½	92½	..
91½	91	8	Do stamped	91½	91½	91¼	— ⅛
98⅛	87½	1	Do 5s, '26, Pitts issue.	92¾	92¾	92¾	+ ⅛
63⅛	58½	69	Un Rys of St L 4s, '34..	61	60½	60¾	+ ⅜
103½	100⅛	6	U S Hoffman Mach deb 8s, 1932.....	102	101½	102	+ ¼
99	96	9	VERT SUG s f 7s, 1942.	97	96½	96¾	— ⅛
98	75	69	Va-Car Ch s f 7s, A, '47.	90	88½	88½	— ¾
100¾	100¼	4	Do 5s, 1923.....	100¾	100¼	100¼	— ⅛
98¾	54¾	92	Do cv 7½s, 1937, w w..	70¾	70	70¾	+ 1½
97½	92	1	Va Iron C & C 5s, 1949..	92	92	92	..
98¾	98¼	2	Va Midland 5s, E, 1926..	98¼	98¼	98¼	..
87	84	6	Va Ry & Pow 5s, 1934..	86	85⅝	85⅝	+ ⅜
98	90½	25	Virginian Ry 1st 5s, 1962.	93½	93	93	+ ¼
99¼	93¾	29	WABASH 1st 5s, 1939...	94⅝	94½	94¾	+ 1
92¼	83	1	Do 2d 5s, 1939.....	85⅝	85⅝	85⅝	+ ⅛
106	103	23	Warner Sug s f 7s, 1941..	105	102¾	102¾	— ⅛
99⅝	98¼	2	Wash Wat Pow 5s,'39	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	..
99	97½	2	Wash O W 4s, 1924.....	99	99	99	..
80	76½	2	Wash Term 3½s, 1945...	79	79	79	..
67¾	58	53	Western Maryland 4s, '52	59½	58	58¼	— 1½
97¾	94	1	Westchest'r Light 5s, 1950	95½	95½	95½	— 1⅛
83½	78	33	West Pacific 5s, 1946...	79¼	78	78	— 1½
106	103	3	West Pa Pow 1st 7s, '46.	104¾	104¾	104½	..
93	88	12	Do 5s, A, 1946.....	91¾	90⅝	91	..
89½	87	28	Do temp 5s, E, 1963....	89	88	88	..
108	103⅛	14	Do 6s, 1958.....	101	100¾	101	+ ⅛
83⅞	77	20	West Shore 4s, 2361.....	78⅝	77	77⅜	— ⅛
82	75	12	Do registered	77	76¼	76½	..
100	98	10	West Un Tel col tr 5s,'38.	98¼	97	98¼	+ ⅛
94	89	19	Do 4½s, 1950.....	92⅝	92⅜	92⅝	+ ⅛
111¾	106	6	Do 6½s, 1936.....	109	108⅝	109	+ ⅛
108¾	108¼	1	Do registered	108¼	108¼	108¼	..
108¾	105

JAPAN'S NEED FOR BUILDING MATERIALS

Three Times Greater Than U. S. Cantonment Requirements, Says the Dow Service.

8,703,000 SHIP TONS

American Building Material Industry Feels Tension as Architects Show Clients the Trend.

Japan's urgent requirement for vast quantities of basic building material is responsible for the sudden revival of prospective, but heretofore deferred, construction projects in this country, says the current Dow Service Daily Building Reports.

When Dr. Charles A. Beard, formerly of Columbia University, who was called to Japan immediately after the earthquake and fire to direct the reconstruction of the capital city of Tokio, estimated that, of the 326,000 wooden buildings in that city standing Jan. 1 at least one-third had been destroyed, architects at once recalled the course of basic building material prices in this country during the late war when, on short notice, the Government ordered the erection of sixteen cantonments and four embarkation camps, and counseled their clients not to wait longer for basic building material prices to drop lower.

Hardware, for instance, between October, 1916, and Oct. 26, 1917, advanced 33.4 per cent.; glass and glazing, 125; fireproofing, 53; heating, 132; masonry, 22; plumbing, 41; plumbing fixtures, 35; roofing and sheet metal, 31.5; electric wiring, 25.4; steel erection, 25; steel fabrication, 172.7; waterproofing, 5; kalamein windows and doors, 50.7; &c.

This increase met the United States Government entering domestic markets for building materials with which to meet a national emergency. Japan comes into a foreign market with nearly four times America's requisition in the hour of great distress, and at a time when basic building manufacture is being crowded to its utmost capacity to meet demands at home.

In the year between October, 1916, and October, 1917, construction cost increased in New York, for example, 30.7 per cent. Prospective building projectors awaiting lower material and equipment costs weigh what appears to be coming in the building material market for some years to come with past price performances.

It is too early to much more than approximate Japan's requirements for basic building materials. Major T. E. Rhoades, President of T. E. Rhoades Company, building engineering officer in charge of construction at Camp Chillicothe, Ohio, one of the largest, said that, based upon his camp's requirements and counting twenty such structures in the Governments wartime program, America furnished a billion feet of lumber—sufficient to cover 20 square miles—18,000,000 square yards of building paper; 764 miles of skeleton pipe; $7,000,000 worth of plumbing fixtures; 293,000 running feet of drain tile; 4,928,000 barrels of cement; 31,160,000 feet of electrical wiring to serve 104,000 incandescent lamps; 500,000 kegs of nails; 780,000 boxes of glass of various kinds, not to mention hundreds of thousands of square yards of fencing, wire and metal lath, approximately 65,000 tons of hardware.

Japan's requirements, discounting the reconstruction requirements of Yokohama and other communities razed by earthquake and fire, on the ground that native sources will be able to supply their demands for building materials, appliances and equipments, represent for the destroyed section of the City of Tokio alone 168,000 temporary habitation structures. The United States cantonment construction program called for 32,000.

One of the primary causes of the high cost of basic building materials in recent years centres in the fact that this vast cantonment requirement came at a time when the basic building material manufacturers had only normal stocks on hand. Today American basic building material manufacturers have only normal stocks on hand, due to their inability to keep up with demand, although plant capacities have been worked beyond the usual point. A third of the building material industries are far behind their orders.

In order to handle the basic building materials alone for the United States cantonment program 58,020 freight cars were required, which at an average of 50 tons per car represented 2,901,000 tons, Japan's basic building material requirements alone being at least three times that ship capacity as well as cars in which to get the materials to the Pacific seaboard.

Japan's reconstruction problem differs from Europe's post-war rehabilitation problem in that its credit is such as to commend itself to loans sufficient to adequately meet its emergency at once. It is significant in connection with the observations here made that lumber, structural steel, cement, paper, electrical appliance and similar industries are reporting, through Government departments, a market stimulation in production and orders and that even the local New York mason material dealers feel the symptoms of what evidently is to be one of the industry's most active construction Winters.

FRAME RULES TO CHECK MAIL IMPORT FRAUDS

WASHINGTON, Sept. 30.—The Treasury and Post Office Departments announced tonight drastic new joint regulations governing importation of merchandise through the mails, designed to prevent such packages from escaping tariff duties.

Among the rules, which will become effective Nov. 1, is a provision that all sealed packages will be returned to the country of origin unless they bear endorsement that the seal may be broken for customs examination. Shipments "tainted with fraud" are to be confiscated.

Packages must contain accurate invoices of the contents, and if the articles are intended for resale, definite statements of their value must be included.

Revision of the regulations was made necessary, a statement said, by the "enormous increase" in imports coming by mail, and particularly by parcels post, and consequent delays under the present rules at important ports.

To reduce congestion, the number of customs officers stationed at interior points authorized to make examinations will be increased. Mail parcels are dispatched to these officers from the ports in sealed Post Office equipment, and this method is designed to bring the customs officers and addressee closer together, meeting some measure of criticism against the old regulations.

Revenue collected from mail importations amounts to several million dollars annually.

SHOW WINDOW CONTEST.

Advertising Exposition Will Offer Prizes for Artistic Displays.

A contest in show window dressing will be held for New York merchants and storekeepers at the Advertising Exposition to be held at the Seventy-first Regiment Armory from Nov. 12 to 17. Each contestant's window display will be photographed and the pictures will go before a jury of award, upon whose report prizes will be distributed at the exposition. The displays will be made throughout the city a week before the opening of the show.

There will also be an advertising critic contest, in which readers will be asked to vote on the attractiveness of 100 advertisements. A prize will be awarded for the most popular choice. Another prize will be awarded for advertising copy, plan, thesis or central idea submitted by New Yorkers to supply any deficiency in the city.

Educational classes will be conducted every morning and afternoon. All young persons interested in advertising will be invited to attend.

BUYERS' WANTS—OFFERINGS TO BUYERS

BUYERS' WANTS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

ASTRACHAN Wanted—All shades; quantity; cash. Neumann, 137 West 27th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted — All makes; better grades at a time, price; cash. Davidson & Vorck, 25 West 26th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Raritan 1605, 996, all shades; quantity no object. Lipschansky Bros., Watkins 2832.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Stevens, 4440, black, navy, at a price. Benjamin Heidt, 141 West 36th.

BOLIVIA Wanted—Raritan 996, all colors; also Goff's 1000, brown or similar. Watkins 0970.

BOLIVIA, Polaire Wanted—Plaids, stripes; Ormadale 1315, 1316, 1005, 996. Fitzroy 3566.

BOLIVIA Wanted—American 1,353, brown and navy; also 00219 navy. Watkins 7994.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—Lustrosa, Ormandale, velverette, black, kit fox. Ashland 7585.

BOLIVIA Wanted — 21371, 18209, 1353. Rosenberg Bros., 40 West 25th.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—18209 Brown, 0599, 1316, 1369, 0628. Lackawanna 5272.

BOLIVIAS Wanted—4440 brown, sorrento, kit fox, for cash. Watkins 7593.

CHECKED Cloth Wanted—Quantity. M. Kirschner & Sons, 242 West 36th.

CHIFFON Velvet Wanted—Cash if necessary. Herman Landeh, 31 East 31st.

CHINCHILLA Wanted—Red, copen, pekin, any makes; also broadcloth, all colors, for cash. Hanauer & Arnstein, 136 Madison Av.

CHINCHILLA Wanted—Red mostly. Lackawanna 4660.

CLOTHS Wanted—Curry qualities, color 6-8, 36-inch plaid; quality 14, color 25, Curry, 36-inch; plain, reindeer, polaire. Rosenheim, Chelsea 5494.

CLOTH Wanted—12086 American Boucley, 11126 double-faced herringbone, American 17005 chinchilla, 15149 colors 1 and 8 Madison Square 10083.

CLOTHS Wanted — Parker-Wilder broadcloth, quality 333, color 318, 220, 978, 313. Rosenheim, Chelsea 5494.

CLOTH Wanted—Plaids and plain polaires; any quantity. Ace High Sportswear, 92 Bleecker St.

CLOTHS Wanted—Frankenberg 1152-10 gray plaid. Rosenheim, Chelsea 5494.

CLOTHS Wanted—Stevens 1238, color 6 and 7. Watkins 7984.

COATINGS Wanted — Stoney and Starkey stripes. L. Miller, 71 East Broadway. Orchard 3385.

COATS, Dresses Wanted—For our new quarters; spot cash for 10,000, large or small lots, entire stocks, jobs. Emanuel, 1,261 Broadway, Longacre 2784.

COATS Wanted—Jobber buying fur-trimmed Bolivia coats; all prices; large and small lots; will pay cash. First floor, 45 West 29th.

COATS Wanted—Buying children's, juniors, ladies' velours, snappy styles. 135 West 27th, first floor.

COATS Wanted—All kinds; open for jobs, any quantity. Samuel Cohen, 22 West 27th.

COATS Wanted—Jobs; large, small quantities for cash. Schachna, 43 West 27th.

COATS Wanted — Jobs, also discarded samples; cash. Progress, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES Wanted—Open for large quantity of evening and party dresses; snappy styles. Call with samples all week. Barnet Schwartz, 39 West 33d, Room 1002, or Pennsylvania 2516.

DRESSES Wanted—Large jobber placing orders on better grade poiret twill and serges. See Mr. Kramer, 36 West 32d, 5th floor.

DRESSES Wanted—Jobber placing large orders on poiret twill and crepe dresses. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

DRESSES Wanted—Placing large orders; new styles. Rosefield Dress, 110 West 32d.

FLAMINGO Wanted—All styles, all shades. Hatt, 1,333 Broadway.

FLANNELS Wanted—27 or 36 inch navy blue. Finkelberg, 17 East 31st.

FUR Coats Wanted—Open for jobs, sealine, marmot and muskrat coats, cash. 12 West 32d, 7th floor.

FUR Collars Wanted—For coats and suits; quantity; will pay cash. Samuel Cohen, 22 West 27th.

FUR Collars Wanted—Any quantity viatka, cooney's dog; cash. Progress, 1,204 Broadway.

FURS Wanted—Open to buy large quantity of selected Manchurian beaver squirrel and platinum wolf; call with samples. Bloomfield Garment, 38 West 32d.

FURS Wanted — Squirrel, viatka, beaver, wolf; quantity orders placed. Hammer Freedman & Heiss, 142 West 36th.

FURS Wanted—Caracul jaquettes, opossum, squirrel chokers, Coney and natural rabbit coats. Room 601, 30 East 20th.

FURS Wanted—Will buy beaver collars in large quantities for cash. Zelenko & Moskowitz, 498 7th Av.

FURS Wanted—Viatka Coney collars, cuffs; large quantity. Lipschansky Bros., 22 West 26th.

FURS Wanted—Baumarten opossum collars, large quantity. Benjamin Heidt, 141 West 36th.

FURS Wanted—Beaverette squirrel collars; quantity; cash. Neumann, 137 W. 27th.

FURS Wanted—Viatka, viconas, in large quantities. Henry Leavy, 213 West 30th.

FURS Wanted—Korean foxes, all colors; quantity. Brous Bros., 16 West 25th.

FURS Wanted—Dog and mouffion collars. Expert Cloak, Pennsylvania 2545.

FURS Wanted—Beaver and squirrel. Cohen & Slater, 22 West 26th St.

FURS Wanted—Muffions and blue opossum. H. Drusin, 137 West 25th.

FURS Wanted—Badger collars and cuffs, quality. Watkins 2072.

GRANADA Wanted—0628, very large quantity; cash must be cheap. H. Zalobern & Kashman, 122 West 27th. Lackawanna 3090.

JAP Silk Wanted—4¾ to 5½ mme.; small and large quantities; cash. S. Phillips, 14 East 32d.

JERSEY Wanted—Navy, brown and black, crepe weights; will pay cash. Hugo H. Levy & Bro., 498 7th Av.

JERSEY Wanted—Interested in white, tan, gray Jersey; good quality. Rainbow Shirt Co., 583 Broadway.

JERSEYS Wanted—All qualities, odd pieces or quantities; also seconds; cash. Orchard 2749.

JERSEY Wanted — Between 8 and 10 oz. fur quantities for cash. Louis Baum, 22 West 30th.

JERSEY Wanted—8-ounce, French spun, all colors. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

JERSEY Wanted—8 oz.; cash if necessary. Herman Landes, 31 East 31st.

MUFFLONS Wanted—Sets and collars. Philip Shlansky Co., 138 West 25th St.

NORMANDIE Wanted—0628, all colors; will pay cash. Phone Stuyvesant 3179.

PLUSHES Wanted—Crushed plush, salts hind, Harreson, Blumenthal, Dobsons' Ashland 7585.

POIRET Twill Wanted—00164, or similar. Goldberg & Rosenblatt, 137 West 25th.

POIRET Twills Wanted—American 09164. B. H. Simon Co., 24 West 30th.

POIRET Twill Wanted—Price must be right. Rosefield Dress, 110 West 32d.

POIRET Twill Wanted—00164. Henry Leavy & Son, 213 West 35th St.

POIRETS Wanted—00164, 5272, 5318. Ashland 7585.

SERGE Wanted—Brown S, F. L. or similar. Gerla, 8 West 30th.

SILKS Wanted—Taffetas and Japs; can use any color; large or small lots; must be cheap; spot cash. 17 West 20th, top floor.

SILKS Wanted—Black and navy messaline and satin. Gotham Undergarment, 17 East 22d.

SILKS Wanted—Messalines, charmeuse, crepe satins, at a price. Maybelle, 43 East 31st.

SILK Taffetas Wanted—In plaids. B. H. Simon Co., 24 West 30th.

TRICOTINE, Serges Wanted—Navies, black, cash. Madison Square 1540.

TWILL Wanted—Navy 54319, or similar. Davidson & Vorck, 25 West 26th.

VELOUR Wanted—Duvet de laine, yalama or similar; dark colors; also Stevens's 6905, color 589 tan. Rosenheim, Chelsea 5494.

VELOURS Wanted—American 1316, 1369, 1370, 16062, Wilson 1192 brown. A. Feinman & Son, 133 West 31st.

VELOURS Wanted—Brown, reindeer and suedine. Edelson & Hand, 16 West 22d.

VELOURS Wanted—American 1316; black only. Lackawanna 2300.

WOOL Crepes Wanted—Plaid and plaid and plain, jerseys, also charmain, rosewood and navy; spot cash. Pennsylvania 2516.

WOOL Crepes and Jerseys Wanted—All colors, spot cash. Madison Square 3745.

WOOLENS Wanted—Mill ends of astrakhans, jerseys, bolivias, brytonias, marvellas, broadcloth, velours, poirets, trices, serges; also full pieces in seconds; odd lots or quantities; cash. Orchard 2749.

OFFERINGS TO BUYERS.

Fifteen cents per word each insertion.

APRONS, women's $1.75 doz.; sweaters, 1,200 doz. sample sweaters, men's, ladies', misses', children's, valued up to $36, at $9 doz.; women's flannelette gowns, $6.50 doz.; black sateen bloomers, $2.25 doz.; boys' blue serge suits, $12 doz.; women's heather hose, $1.20 doz.; bathrobes, "Lawrence" blanket cloth, $8 doz.; manufacturer's $150,000 stock of knit goods, 25% to 50% below market price; towels, dresses, hosiery, underwear, knee pants, bloomers, shirts, &c.; big reductions during great merchandise sale now in progress. Washington Mills, 503 Broadway, New York.

APRONS—At 85c and $3 dozen; bungalow aprons, $4.25, $5.60 dozen; lots of house dresses, bloomers, at $4.10 and $2.25 dozen; women's flannelette gowns, $3.50, $6.75 and $8 dozen; children's at $4; women's cotton hosiery, 77½c and $1 dozen; silk hosiery, $1.85 and $2.25; women's heather stockings, $1.75, clocked heather, $3.25 dozen; women's silk and wool, $4.25, men's cotton hose, 87½c, men's heather, $1.75 dozen; lots of huck and Turkish towels, 77½c, $1 and $1.50 dozen, and all kinds of jobs of men's, boys' and women's Winter weight underwear, sweaters. Simon Kahn Co., headquarters of special sale merchandise, 909-911 Broadway, near 20th St.

ASTRAKHAN Jaquettes, plain and fur trimmed, $6.75 to $11.75; on racks for immediate delivery. Rudinsky, 115 West 27th.

ASTRACHAN jackettes and sport coats for immediate delivery. Accurate Cloak, 18 West 27th.

BELLONA, Belmara and Arabia for sale. Watkins 3118.

BLANKETS, first quality, 33 cents pair. Washington Mills, 503 Broadway, New York.

BOLIVIAS, plushes, crushed; Kerami, molequilt, velverette 15140; ormadale 0599, 1369, 09164, 13909. Fitzroy 3567.

BOLIVIA—Velveirettes, 21,371, 0599, 1353, 18209, 15140; velours, 16052, 1316. Watkins 1804.

BOLIVIAS—21371, 21384, 18209, 15140, 1353, 0599, velours 1316, 1370. Gramercy 1312.

BOLIVIA, Wyandottes 444, all colors. Streiser, Gramercy 2795.

CHIFFONS—Beautiful assortment colors; exceptionally cheap. Oberfelder, Mohawk Building, 160 5th Av.

CHINCHILLA, overplaid, 17003; 17005. American Woolen, Longacre 4372.

CLOTH—Garfield 5420, poiret twill, 50 pieces at $2.75, less 7; navy, brown, rosewood. Madison Square 2370.

CLOTH—Striped polaires. Henry Samson, 111 East 23d. Gramercy 4885.

COATS—Misses' better grade, latest creations; finest materials; trimmed with fine furs; immediate delivery; also a large selection discarded samples, fur trimmed, coats, sport coats and suits closing out. Milner & Greenstein, 29 West 30th.

COATS, fur trimmed jaquettes, sport coats, dressy bolivia coats, also stylish velour and plush coats at manufacturers' rock bottom prices you can't beat. J. Korostoff & Sons, 28 West 27th.

COATS—5,000 children's, intermediates' and infants'; all desirable styles and materials; large variety sport and stripe; immediate delivery. Scharf, Gelfond & Popper, 147 West 25th.

COATS—Astrakhan and caracul jaquettes, striped and plaid sport coats, fur trimmed and plain for immediate delivery, right prices. Epstein & Feldman, 141 West 26th.

COATS, jacquettes, chinco, near fur and astrachan; also sport coats, plain and overplaid; bolivias on the racks at low prices. Jacob Feldman, 134 West 26th.

COATS, jobs, Astrakhan jaquettes; also sport coats. Everywoman's Garments Co., 133 West 25th.

COATS—Lipschansky Brothers, 22 West 26th; youthful, lustrous bolivias, $14.75 up; Manchurian collars.

COATS—Sport, in the most wanted striped materials; 4 styles at $9.75. David Rose, 38 West 32d.

COATS, Capes—Brytonias, Astrakan jacquettes, fur trimmed; sacrifice Rubin, 52 West 21.

COATS—Children's, juniors', flappers'; also astrakhans, jacquettes. Thishman, 25 West 26th.

COATS—Bolivias, velours, fur trimmed, for special sales. Progress, 23 West 32d St.

COATS, jobs, fur trimmed, also children's coats cheap. Isaac Prager, 5 West 31st.

DRESSES—8,000 poirets, serges, charmeuse, crepes, canton, velvet and Spanish lace; prices $13.75 up; in stock. Criterion, 12 West 21st.

DRESSES—Hit of the season; wool jersey dresses, $6.75 to $9.75; racks full, ready for immediate delivery. Kahn Dress, 36 West 32d.

DRESSES—5,000, this week only, heavy knitted crepes, $3.75; cantons, $6.75; all wool poiret, $4.75, $5.75, $6.75 net. Belmore, 31 West 31st.

DRESSES—Attention to jobbers: Chiffon velvet, excellent sellers; on the racks. Call and be convinced. Dee Dee Dress, 133 West 37th.

DRESSES—Velvet, silks and poirets, styles that reorder; popular prices; immediate delivery. Armaid Dresses, 17 West 30th.

DRESSES—10,000 canton crepes and poiret twill, 16 to 46, close out; immediate sale. Caplin Dress, 142 West 36th.

DRESSES—Entire stocks, high-grade satin cantons, poiret twills; sacrifice for cash only. Emil Schwartz, 121 West 33d.

DRESSES—Poiret twill and satin cantons; better kind to close out. Silverman, Schlesinger, 155 West 29th St.

DRESSES—Closing out 500 silk dresses; it will pay you to see them. David Lassman, 26 West 31st.

DRESSES—Contractor closing out; poiret twills at sacrifice. Hoffman, 133 West 24th.

DRESSES—Poiret twill, newest styles; $4.75 to $7.75; cantons cheap. Progress, 23 West 32d.

DRESSES—Better grade women's, stouts; stylish; unusual value. Deutsch, 22 West 32d.

DRESSES—1,000 latest styles at close-out prices. Winthrop Dress, 123 West 33d.

DRESSES—Sacrificing quantity; poiret twill dresses; 5th floor rear, 110 West 32d.

FURS—Manchurian wolves (dog) collars and cuffs, taupe and black; mouffion in all wanted shades; immediate delivery. Nobby Fur Co., 131 West 28th. Longacre 7681.

FURS—Viatka squirrel skins, fine quality. Benjamin Heidt, 141 West 36th.

FURS—1,000 dog collars for sale cheap. Parness. Spring 4743.

GERONAS, Tarquinas, Marvellas, Orionas, Velonas and Arabias; reasonable. Pennsylvania 0738.

GERONAS, black, 56, 262, 253, 373, navy; large quantity; reasonable. Caledonia 9070.

JACQUETTES—Astrakhan and fancy plushes, quick deliveries, Samuel Neumann, 137 West 27th.

JUILLIARDS—2185 black and white checked velour, 430 yards, blue and white checked velours, 80 yards, $1.60; also Juilliards 2346, blue and tan, brown and tan, red and black, 800 yards assorted at $1.35; Juilliards 2350, green and tan, brown and tan, blue and tan, 800 yards assorted at $1.35; terms, net, cash 10 days, o. b. Baltimore. Call Madison Square 0946.

LININGS — Susquehannas, embossed crepe lustre in kit fox, gray, brown and reindeer. Phone Fitzroy 0094.

POIRETS—F. H. twill cord, Andrews, Lorraines, Whitmans, American, botany; Juilliards, camel's hair, bolivias, arabia, velesia, arabella; also fan coatings Albert Rifkin, Chickering 4250.

POIRETS—Also brown, amoskeag, Cleveland, gera, Whitman, others. Henry Samson, 111 East 23d. Gramercy 4885.

POIRET twill, Garfield's 5420, navy. Longacre 1047.

POLAIRES, velour, 11016; plain, plaid, 1315; reindeer; brown, black, 1369. Madison Square 8910.

PONGEE—12 silk pongee, finest quality, large quantity; below market. Madison Square 7482.

PONGEE—Natural 12 Mme., first quality; immediate delivery. Telephone Spring 8550.

SATEENS, shadow striped, black, navy and brown; 3,500 yards to close, 36c, less 3%. Ashland 2825.

SERGES—7614, 8614, 7301, 6002, 7002, 7120, 8850, 7750, 87, 1209, 1210, 123, 4002. Henry Samson, 111 East 23d. Gramercy 4885.

SILKS, crepe, 3 thread 80 pick, $1.30 regular; also silk and cotton canton. Lenbro Silks, 242 4th Av. Stuyvesant 9400.

SKIRTINGS—Carnel's hair plaids. Henry Samson, 111 East 23d. Gramercy 4885.

SUITS, jobs, high grade fur trimmed; cheap. Lester Prager, 5 West 31st.

SUITS—100 Fall suits to close out cheap. Isidore Levy & Co., 142 West 36th.

SUITS—To close out. Eisenberg & Sommerfield, 12 West 32d.

TRICOTINES — Very fine quality navy, brown. Henry Samson, 111 East 23d. Gramercy 4885.

TWILL back velveteens—Navy and brown; reasonable. Novelty, 58 West 15th, Watkins 6091.

VELOURS—Polaires, 1369-1310; brown only; 11014; shade 3, plain gray; also 0628-16061. Dove Woolen, 145 West 24th. Watkins 7265-8700.

VELOURS, 1316, 1315, 1369, 1310, bolivias, overplaids, Poirets, Acorn, Madison Square 2056.

VELOURS—16052, 1315, 1316, 1370; velverettes, 21871, 0599, 18206, 1353. Watkins 1805.

VELOURS—1368, also American poirets 09164 and 0592. Hiller Bros., Chelsea 4397.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

ADJUSTERS.

Young women to adjust complaints in our mail order division; must be qualified in making their own analysis and preparing work for correspondent; department store experience preferred.

BELLAS HESS & CO.,
Morton, Barrow, Washington Sts., N. Y.

ARTIST-DESIGNER, with creative power, on fine lace curtains and decorative lace work; unusual opportunity for willing, conscientious workers; apply, fully stating salary desired. Box 635, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

ARTIST—Experience woodwork and fashion; Whitcomb Studios, 2,677 Marion Av., New York.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT, by sweater concern; thoroughly experienced at figures, posting, trial balances and office details; state salary and experience in full. W 411 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, must be expert, to take full charge of complete set of books; those with manufacturing experience only; $25-$30. Box 194 Realservice, 15 East 40th.

BOOKKEEPER and stenographer; permanent position exists in publishing office for young lady experienced in bookkeeping and stenography. E 964 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER'S ASSISTANT — Experienced Elliott-Fisher billing operator; permanent position; opportunity for advancement; state age, experience and salary. T 226 Times.

BOOKKEEPER, experienced, familiar with silk jobbing trade preferred. Box 684, 2501 World Tower Building.

BOOKKEEPER and typist, experienced, for cloak house; excellent opportunity. Milner & Greenstein, 29 West 30th.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry, experienced. Call Monday morning, Sherman & Mait, 133 West 25th St.

BOOKKEEPER - STENOGRAPHER, experienced. Henry Roserzweig, 333 7th Av.

CLERKS AND TYPISTS WANTED.
No experience necessary; permanent positions; hours 9 to 4:30 o'clock; Saturdays 9 to 12 o'clock; luncheons served free; free classes conducted in typewriting, stenography and dictaphone operating. Apply in person between 9 and 4:30 o'clock, Metropolitan Life Insurance Co., Room 1, 1 Madison Av., at 23d St., New York City.

CLERK
for bank work; high school graduate without previous experience preferred; salary about $60 a month and lunch; state age and education. V. C., 649 Times Downtown.

COLLECTION correspondent, young lady who can handle overdue instalment accounts; salary to start, $75 month; state age, education; experience and religion. Box 640, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

CORRESPONDENTS
bright young high school graduates, 18-20, wishing to learn the mail order business as correspondents; splendid opportunity, with proper instructors to teach you in handling complaint, adjusting and corresponding work.

BELLAS HESS & CO.,
Morton, Barrow, Washington Sts., N. Y.

CULTURED WOMAN, good social standing, earn substantial income representing exclusive furniture firm amongst friends; commission, E 367 Times.

DEMONSTRATOR, experienced, good appearance. Call Pollock Pen Co., 501 5th Av., city.

DESIGNER-ARTIST, with creative power, on fine lace curtains and decorative lace work; unusual opportunity for willing, conscientious worker; apply, fully stating salary desired, Box 636, 206 Fitzgerald Building.

DICTAPHONE OPERATOR, first class, wanted by large wholesale organization; good salary; give full details in your reply. R. P., 816 Times.

ELLIOT-FISHER BILLING CLERK, large manufacturing and importing house; must be thoroughly competent; state age, experience and salary desired. Box 173 Realservice, 15 East 40th.

FILING Clerk and typist, wholesale ribbon house; good opportunity; in reply state full experience, &c. Write Box 649, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

GIRLS
and Young Women,
AN OPPORTUNITY
to secure
permanent positions
as telephone operators.
No experience necessary.
$65.00 DURING THE
FIRST MONTH;
AN INCREASE IN SALARY
AT THE BEGINNING
OF THE SECOND MONTH;
FURTHER INCREASES IN SALARY
AT FREQUENT INTERVALS
and
ADVANCEMENT IN
POSITION ASSURED.
Apply:
1,158 Broadway, cor. 27th St.,
38 West Houston St.,
New York.
370 East 150th St.,
Bronx.
81 Willoughby St.,
Brooklyn.
6 Hardenbrook Av. (163d St.)
Jamaica, N. Y.
NEW YORK TELEPHONE COMPANY.

GIRL to assist in clerical work in office of dressmaking house. Farquharson & Wheelock, 20 West 36th.

HEADS of STOCK—R. H. Macy & Co., Inc., have vacancies for HSADS OF STOCK in the following departments: NEGLIGEES, WOMEN'S APRONS, WOMEN'S PETTICOATS, SILK UNDERWEAR. Apply any time during the day at Employment Office, 2d balcony, rear, 34th St. entrance.

MILLINERY DESIGNER,
one having had experience in wholesale popular priced trimmed hat house. Wonderful opportunity to right party.
CANNON HATS, 5 EAST 37TH ST.

MILLINERY DESIGNER,
one capable of producing practical $6 and $7.50 hats; splendid opportunity. Box 179 Realservice, 15 East 40th.

MODELS, STOUT
tall stylish models, size 42½
large dress house.
BRAMBIR-HENDRICKS,
105 MADISON AV.

MODELS,
TALL, ATTRACTIVE
YOUNG LADIES,
SIZES 16 AND 18.
PERMANENT ALL-YEAR POSITIONS TO THOSE WITH QUALIFY.
MAURICE RENTNER,
498 7TH AV., 7TH FLOOR.

MODEL, size 16, for dresses; must have knowledge of stenography. Call 6 West 32d St., 10th floor.

MODEL, SIZE 36,
for dressmaking establishment. 43 W. 56th.

MODEL, good appearance, large 16; permanent position. Rosenstein, 44 West 56th.

MODELS, size 16, tall, stylish, fine dresses. Bruck Wollner, 205 West 39th.

MOTHER'S HELPER, white; sleep home; references required. Phone Billings 2529 before 1 P. M.

NURSE, intelligent experienced American woman; knowledge French or German, two children; good reference necessary. Apply J. Davis & Co., 500 7th Av.

NURSE, white and young, for infant and 4-year girl; experienced, city; references. Call 306 West 80th St. Apt. 4W.

SALESLADIES, experience unnecessary; must be over 16 years of age; salary $12 and commission. Welsbecker, 270 West 125th.

SALESWOMEN—Can you sell successfully? A nationally prominent woman's magazine has three openings on its salaried subscription sales force for women who have had two years or more of successful selling experience; the positions open require the initiative, sound judgment and energy possessed by the capable woman of 25 to 35 years; successful applicants will have the opportunity to spend part of the year in various cities; if you feel you can meet the above requirements and are looking for a permanent connection, write at once giving full experience and education; your letter will be kept strictly confidential. W. E., 297 Times.

SALESWOMEN,
MUSIC ROLLS.
Must be thoroughly experienced; permanent positions for those who qualify.
Apply Employment Office,
5th floor, 9 to 5:30,
GIMBEL BROTHERS,
33d St. and Broadway.

SALESWOMEN,
experienced on high-class dresses, for showroom of large dress firm in garment centre. Box 182 Realservice, 15 East 40th.

STENOGRAPHER-BOOKKEEPER,
young lady, with thorough knowledge of stenography and bookkeeping, for office of woman's neckwear manufacturer; write, stating age, experience, &c.

TIMOTHY F. CROWLEY,
40 EAST 22D.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly experienced, knowledge of bookkeeping; must be familiar with all office details; must be with ready-to-wear experience need apply; permanent position. M. Stern & Co., 38 East 33d.

STENOGRAPHER—Position open in large direct mail advertising house for one possessing high school education and sincere initiative; beginners considered; salary $16. S, T., 729 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER with knowledge of bookkeeping. Write, stating age, experience, salary expected, Box 683, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

STENOGRAPHER, bright, capable girl, refined and energetic, for advertising department. Box 186 Realservice, 15 East 40th.

STENOGRAPHER, good salary; experienced in collection work preferred. Call Brooklyn Alway Branch, 6 Lafayette Av., Bklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, one with little experience; steady position. Apply after 10, Jeanette Doll, 684 Broadway.

TYPIST
for downtown bank; good opportunity for an earnest worker; salary $70-$75 and lunches; state age, education and experience. O. T., 646 Times Downtown.

TYPIST, experienced shorthand, required by uptown firm; must have knowledge of bookkeeping. Filing, follow ups. E 364 Times.

TYPIST—Must understand Monitor switchboard; salary $17. Knickerbocker, 1,604 Broadway (65th-66th).

TYPIST, experienced on shorter work, 12 West 44th St.

FEMALE HELP WANTED.

TYPISTS.

Christian publishing house requires the services of several refined young ladies to address envelopes; must be experienced at this work; pleasant surroundings; salary to start, $18 per week. Apply Prentice Hall, Inc., 70 5th Av.

WAITRESS, sleep in. Apply Woman's Hospital, 141 West 109th.

YOUNG LADY, neat appearance, try on hats and take care of showroom; steady position. Kanrich Bros., 601 Broadway.

YOUNG WOMAN,
estimate clerk; must be high school graduate; experience unnecessary; accuracy in figures required; salary $20. Write Box 633, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

YOUNG, attractive contraltos, sopranos, read music, solo quartets; immediate engagements; good salary; 12-6. 1,520 Broadway, Room 9.

SPANISH and Portuguese young lady, typist, who can read both languages; American preferred; state particulars, salary, &c. V 922 Times Downtown.

MALE HELP WANTED.

ARTIST-DESIGNER, with creative power, on fine lace curtains and decorative lace work; unusual opportunity for willing, conscientious worker. Apply, fully stating salary desired, Box 635, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

BOOKKEEPER, fast and accurate worker, all meals; $100 monthly; long hours. Lehanon Hospital, Jackson Av. subway station, Bronx.

BOOKKEEPER, double entry; state experience, qualifications, references and salary expected, by letters only. M. S., 1,500 Boston Road.

BOYS WANTED.
A large financial institution has openings for a few boys, 17 years of age and over; high school training preferred; all advanced positions in the company are filled by promotion and there is opportunity for a good future for any boy who is selected for one of these positions who will show himself to be earnest and industrious. Apply in person between 9 and 4:30 o'clock. Room 1, Metropolitan Building, 1 Madison Av., New York City.

BOY, 15-16; there is a splendid opening in a Christian publishing house for a boy who has finished grammar school and who is looking for a good position with a future; salary to start $14 per week. Apply A. H. Alexander, Room 622, 70 5th Av.

BOY, over 16 years old, to begin as messenger in bank, where advancements are made from the ranks. Write, stating age, education and salary desired, Box 30, 2,119 3d Av.

BOYS, BOYS
FOR OFFICE AND STOCK.
Fine opportunity to advance. Campbell, Metzger & Jacobson, 8 East 23d St.

BOYS—Page and office boys, 16 to 17 years of age. Apply Mr. Smith, employment manager, Hotel Pennsylvania, entrance on 33d St. between 6th and 7th Avs.

BOY for photographer's laboratory and run errands; excellent opportunity for American boy over 16. Hilton Photo, 70 5th Av.

BOY wanted, about 14 years old, for general office work in large flour concern. S 933 Times Downtown.

BOY for advertising agency; salary to start $12; good opportunity for advancement. Room 2110, 111 Broadway.

BOYS, age 16, to make themselves generally useful. Apply 8:30 A. M. Youngs Hats, 905 Broadway.

BOY—By advertising agency for errands. Apply Room 1602, 120 West 32d.

BURNISHER ON HOLLOWWARE WORK IN GOLD. APPLY BENZIGER BROS., ROCKWELL PLACE AND DEKALB AV., BROOKLYN.

BUTTON MAN.
Large wholesale house wants man to handle button department; one who has had experience in wholesale house. Reply, stating experience, references and salary expected to start; all replies treated confidential. Box 945, 2501 World Tower Building.

BUYER for hosiery department in large wholesale house; excellent opportunity; state full particulars in confidence. Write Box 647, 2501 World Tower Bldg.

CHECKERS,
experienced in notions, fancy goods and leather goods; splendid opportunity for right parties.
SAMSTAG & HILDER BROS.,
1,200 BROADWAY, 29TH ST. ENTRANCE.

CLEANERS, hotel experience, $17 per week. Apply Housekeeper, Alamac Hotel, 71st St. and Broadway.

CLERKS.
Exceptional positions in office of old established mecantile house; applicants must write legibly, be competent at figures and possess either high school education or business experience; some knowledge of bookkeeping will be an asset, no matter what position you have been holding; write us a letter stating age, education, experience in detail and salary desired. A. S., 126 Times.

COST CLERK, must read blue prints of machinery parts, must understand cost record fundamentals; write, stating age, experience and wages expected, W. L., 501 Times.

COUPLE wanted by bachelor in apartment in city; man must be experienced butler-valet; woman excellent cook and do housework; write for appointment, giving full details; personal city references essential. S 1064 Times Annex.

DENTAL MECHANIC, expert on cast work; one capable of handling best class work. Philadelphia Dental Laboratory, 1,600 Chestnut St., Philadelphia, Pa.

DESIGNER-ARTIST, with creative power, on fine lace curtains and decorative lace work; unusual opportunity for willing, conscientious worker. Apply, fully stating salary desired, Box 636, 206 Fitzgerald Bldg.

FOREMAN FOR MEN'S CLOTHING ALTERATION ROOM.
We require the services of a foreman to take full charge of our men's clothing alteration room; must be experienced in high-grade work and have occupied similar position as foreman elsewhere; others will not be considered. Apply at Employment Office, 58 Bank St., between 9 A. M. and 1 P. M.
L. BAMBERGER & CO.,
"One of America's Great Stores,"
Newark, N. J.

GUARD wanted in a bank for day duty from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. daily, including Sundays and holidays; must be

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

APARTMENTS

345 West 86th St.
Situated on a Park Street
Bet. West End Ave. and Riverside Drive.
New 15-Story Building
5 & 6 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
ATTRACTIVE RENTALS

Courtney
55 Central Park West
ADJOINING 65TH ST.
10 Rooms, 3 Baths, $4,000

The Cheptow
215 West 101st St.
CORNER BROADWAY
12-Story Fireproof Building
8 Rooms, 3 Baths, $3,500

Rockledge Hall
COR. RIVERSIDE DRIVE.
330 West 102d St.
7 Rooms, 3 Baths, $3,500

Gramont
215 West 98th St.
CORNER BROADWAY.
4 and 6 Rooms
1 and 2 Baths.
12 Story Fireproof Elevator Bldg.
All Apartments Newly Decorated.
Rental $2,000 Upward

1 & 2 Room Apartments with all modern improvements offered for rent at following addresses:
174 West 72d St.
18 West 82d St.
117 West 72d St.
42 West 88th St.
180 Riverside Drive
245 Central Park West

Corinseca
209 West 97th St.
8 Rooms and 2 Baths
Rent $2,300

The Broadway
6201 Broadway
AT 251ST STREET
3, 4 and 5 Rooms and Bath
All Modern Improvements
Rents $720 Upward

150 West 80th St.
8-Story Fireproof Elevator Bldg.
NEAR MANHATTAN SQ. PARK
5 and 6 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths
Rents $2,500 Upward

Albea
325 West 93d St.
ADJ. COR. RIVERSIDE DRIVE
7 Rooms and Bath, $2,100

The Dorchester
131 Riverside Drive
6 & 10 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
Rents $2,600 to $5,000

Dorothea
331 West 101st St.
ADJ. COR. RIVERSIDE DRIVE
7 & 8 Rooms and Bath
Rent $1,800 Upward

Victor Hall
622 West 113th St.
ADJ. COR. RIVERSIDE DRIVE
8 Story Fireproof Building
6-7 Rooms, $1,800 Up

Livingston
261 Central Park West
COR. 86TH ST.
9 Rooms, 3 Baths, $4,200
All Improvements. Fireproof Bldg.

Hadrian
225 West 80th St.
COR. BROADWAY.
2-4-5-6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
Rents $1,500 Upward

Avonel
172 West 79th St.
8 Rooms & Bath, $2,400
Extra Lavatory. Park Street.

Forres
251 West 81st St.
CORNER BROADWAY.
6 & 7 Rooms and Bath
Rental $2,000 Upward

53 West 72d St.
1, 2 & 3 Rooms
All Modern Improvements
Elevator and Electric Lights.
$660 Upward

Tuileries
251 West 95th St.
COR. BROADWAY
7 Rooms and Bath, $2,400

Lancaster
605 West 141st St.
6-7 Rooms and Bath
Rent $1,260 Upward

Ponchartrain
312 West 109th St.
ADJ. RIVERSIDE DRIVE
7 Rooms & Bath, $2,100

WOOD, DOLSON CO., Inc.
Broadway, Bet. 72d and 73d Sts. Tel. Endicott 8900.

The DUNCAN

DUNCAN AVENUE AND BOULEVARD, JERSEY CITY, N. J.

Jersey City's Finest Apartment

NEW 10-STORY 100 FAMILY STRUCTURE

3 TO 9 ROOMS · $1200 TO $4000 RENTALS

Immediate Occupancy

IN construction, appointment and service, comparable with New York's best. Walking distance of Tube to New York—10 minutes downtown, 20 minutes uptown. Sound-proof, fire-proof.

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES

JAS. F. GANNON & SON
RENTAL AGENTS · *Telephone* BERGEN 7300
Lerner Building at Summit Tube Station, Jersey City Heights

OWNERSHIP MANAGEMENT
APARTMENTS FOR RENT
Immediate or October 1st.
High Class Elevator Apartments

317 WEST END AVENUE
S. W. COR. 100TH ST.
12-story fireproof.
6 & 7 Rooms
2 & 3 Baths. Rent $2,000 up.
Also 6 & 7 Room Physicians' Apts.

THE BRUNSWICK
S. W. COR. MADISON AVE. & 89TH ST.
2-3-4 & 6 rooms, $1,000 upward.
Also 2 & 5 Room Physicians' Apts.

GRAMERCY COURT
152-156 EAST 22D ST.
Gramercy Park Section.
3 to 7 rooms, $800 upward.

TRINITY COURT
513 W. 111TH ST.
Near B'way.
3-5 & 6 rooms, $1,300 upward.

DAWSON ARMS
225 West 110th St. (facing Central Park)
2 & 3 Rooms and Bath, with Kitchenette also 5-6 rooms and bath, $800 upward.
Also 3 Room & Kitchenette Physician's Apartment.

WALK UPS.
557-563 WEST 150TH ST.
2-3-4-5 Rooms
Rent $600 upward.
SUPT. ON PREMISES OR
S. D. DAVIS
225 West 110th St. Tel. Cathedral 9542

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850 7th Ave.
at 55th Street
One, 8 Rooms 3 Baths
EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE ROOMS AND FOYER

64 East 86th St.
One, 6 Rooms 2 Baths

255 West End Ave.
at 72d Street
One, 4 Rooms & Bath
Highest Class Fireproof Apartment Houses.
Apply on Premises or
Samuel A. Herzog
309 Madison Ave. Murray Hill 7453

FOREST HILLS GARDENS, L. I.
25 MINUTES FROM PENNA. STA.
83 TRAINS DAILY.
New Apartment Homes
For Lease
3 & 6 ROOMS—$2050 and up
2 & 3 Baths
Cross ventilation in all apartments; Otis elevators.
Restricted to approved tenants.
FOREST ARMS
Phone Boulevard 8812.
Open for Inspection.
Near Church-in-the-Gardens.

FIREPROOF
APARTMENTS
FOR RENT
Immediate and Oct. Occupancy

Allendale
808 West End Ave.
AT 99TH ST.
8, 9 & 10 Rooms, 3 Baths

The Clifden
AT 99TH ST.
264 Riverside Drive
7, 8 & 9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths

640-644 Riverside Drive
AT 141ST ST.
4, 5, 6 & 7 Rooms, 1, 2 & 3 Baths
Immediate and October Occupancy
Also Special 8 Room Apartment
3 BATHS AND EXTRA LAVATORY

3569 Broadway
AT 146TH ST.
SPECIAL 4-ROOM APARTMENT
Occupied 9 Years by Dentist

350 West 85th St.
9 Rooms & 3 Baths

350 West 71st St.
8 Rooms

Newmark, Jacobs & Newmark
3,410 BROADWAY. AUD. 1729.

WASHINGTON SQUARE

26 West 9th St.
Situated in the finest residential section in the city.
New 9-Story Fireproof Apartment

3 & 4 Rooms
REAL KITCHENS.
WOOD-BURNING FIREPLACES.
Day and Night Telephone, Hall and Elevator Service.
And All Modern Appointments.
VERY ATTRACTIVE RENTAL.
APPLY
J. Irving Walch, 73 West 11th St. Tel. Chelsea 5580.
26 W. 9th St. Corp., Jacob S. Kahn, Pres., Owners-Builders, Stuyvesant 6040.
Rep. on Premises Daily and Sunday.

Bachelor Apartments
THE
ROYALTON
44 West 44th St.
Unfurnished Suites
$125 Per Month
HOTEL SERVICE.

Furnished—West Side.

A Magnificent Double Apartment
Two large light sunny apartments, made into one, making mammoth rooms.
Beautifully furnished and decorated including private roof garden and lake, to lease at great sacrifice, way under value. Call BROWNING, 15 West 81st St. Tel. Schuyler 4878.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

160 Riverside Drive
Corner of 88th Street
New 15-Story Apartment Building
5-6-7-8
Exceptionally Light and Sunny Rooms
1 to 3 Baths
Open for Inspection
Immediate Occupancy
Managing Agents
Slawson & Hobbs
162 West 72nd St. Telephone Endicott 7240

THE ADMASTON
251 W. 89th St.
N. W. Corner Broadway
5, 7 Rooms
$2,000 to $3,300

THE DE SOTA
215 W. 91st St.
N. E. Corner Broadway
4, 5, 6 Rooms
$2,000 to $3,000

HENDRIK HUDSON ANNEX
601 W. 110 St.
N. W. Corner Broadway
5, 6, 7, 8, 9 Rooms
$2,200 to $3,600

THE MARION
2612 B'dway
Between 98th-99th Sts.
6 Rooms
$1,700 to $1,800

THE WYOMING
853 SEVENTH AVE. Corner 55th St.
12 Rooms, 3 Baths
Unfurnished $6,000, Furnished $7,500

Immediate Possession
Apply Supt. on Premises or
Byrne & Bowman
30 East 42nd Street Tel. Vanderbilt 2371

Choice Elevator Apartments
—IN—
NEW & RECENTLY CONSTRUCTED BUILDINGS

3 and 5 Rooms—105 W. 73rd St.
(Bet. B'way & Col. Ave.)
A 9-Story New Building
RENTAL $1700 UP

6 & 8 Rooms—307 W. 79th St.
(Near West End Ave.)
A 10-Story Building
RENTAL $2400 UP

8 Rooms and 3 baths—302 W. 87th St.
(Near West End Ave.)
A 9-Story Building
RENTAL $3600 UP

APARTMENTS MAY BE INSPECTED EVENINGS
INQUIRE AT BUILDINGS OR
MANVER-EARL COMPANY, Incorporated
FISK BLDG., 250 WEST 57TH ST., AT BROADWAY.

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507 MADISON AVENUE
(S. E. Corner 53d St.)
9-story Building
Non-housekeeping unfurnished apartments. Maid service free.
Restaurant service to apartments.
1-2-3 Rooms and Bath
Select neighborhood—refined surroundings, high class tenants.
Apply Superintendent on premises, or Owner, 565 Fifth Ave., Room 810.

Furnished—East Side.

Netherland Hotel
Fifth Av. & Central Park Plaza at 59th St.
NOW OFFERS ON YEARLY LEASE
Parlor, Bedroom & Bath
$2,600 to $5,000.
3-room suites, 1 or 2 baths
$4,500 to $7,000.
4-room suites, 2 baths
$6,000 to $9,000.
5-room suites, 2 or 3 baths
$7,500 & Up.
Special Attention Given to Transient Guests.
Daily, Weekly or Monthly Rates on application. Phone Plaza 3700.

Unfurnished—East Side.

16 East 96th St.
S. W. Corner Madison Ave.
SUPERIOR HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
8-9 and 10 Rooms
2 and 3 Baths
$3,800 to $4,200
2 Suites for Physicians
3 Rooms each, $2,000
APPLY ON PREMISES OR TO
Edgar A. Levy Leasing Co.
505 FIFTH AVENUE
Murray Hill 6960

135 East 65th St.
Corner Lexington Ave.
Most Attractive
Two & Three Rooms
with Kitchenette
Modern in every detail, including *Elevator and Telephone.*
Now Ready for Occupancy.
Renting Agent at Building.

121 MADISON AVE.
DUPLEX
8 AND 9 ROOMS, 2 BATHS
Light and Spacious.
Reasonable Rent.
HERKA REALTY CO.
INC.
121 Madison Ave. Mad. Sq. 9173.

120 East 31st St.
8 Rooms & Bath—Murray Hill
Fireproof Elevator Apartment.
Unequaled Service—Moderate Rent.
Apply on premises or
Brown, Wheelock-Harris Vought & Co.,
30 East 42d St. Vanderbilt 0031

Unfurnished—East Side.

In New York's Most Exclusive District
A SPECIAL FLOOR OF SINGLE ROOMS
NEWLY FURNISHED
at from $14 per week.
HOTEL
NEW WESTON
Madison Ave. at 49th St.
PLAZA 0890

22 East 69th St.
COR. MADISON AVENUE
2 and 4 Rooms, 1 and 2 Baths
Rents $2,500—$3,800
POSSESSION OCTOBER 1st
1047 Madison Av.
COR. 80TH STREET
2 Rooms and Bath, $1,600
IMMEDIATE POSSESSION
5 East 84th St.
OFF 5TH AVENUE
6 Rooms and Bath, $2,800
Wm. B. May & Co.
570 Madison Ave. Phone 0270 Plaza

121 MADISON AVE.
2—9 ROOMS
High Class Elevator Apartments
Rents Reasonable
HERKA REALTY CO.
INC.
121 MADISON AVE.
MADISON SQUARE 9172.

Unfurnished—West Side.

124 West 72d Street
NEAR BROADWAY
Very attractive light 4 and 5 Rooms
Inquire on premises or
Park Ave. Operating Co., Inc.
Owners, 512 Fifth Ave.

Haven Av. and 173d St.
OVERLOOKING HUDSON RIVER
4 ROOM APARTMENTS
2 Blocks West of Broadway

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

120 WEST 58th St.
A new fireproof apartment house.
Two minutes from Broadway, situated in a quiet residential section away from the noise.
Unexcelled transit facilities.
Unusually Large, Light Rooms in Suites of
3 & 4 Rooms and Bath
With Real Kitchens; Extra Maids' Lavatory in 4 rooms.
Immediate possession—Leases Now Being Arranged.

158 WEST 58th St.
HIGH-CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
4 & 7 Very Large Rooms
1 & 2 MASTER BATHS, EXTRA MAIDS' LAVATORY. IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

THE LUXONIA
305 West 72d St.
Near Riverside Drive.
Beautiful light.
4, 5 & 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths.
Immediate possession—Moderate Rentals.
For information apply on premises.

30 West 59th St.
APARTMENT HOTEL.
Large, light rooms; overlooking park.
Manager on Premises.
2 Rooms & Bath, Dressing Room, Kitchenette.
4 Rooms, 2 Baths, 2 Dressing Rooms and Kitchenette.

Also for lease a number of High-Class Apartments, all sizes.
Send us your requirements.
SPOTTS & STARR, Inc.
TIMES BUILDING. BRYANT 4000.

Congress Apartments
N. E. Cor. 54th St. & 7th Ave.
Just Completed
HIGH-CLASS APARTMENTS OF
3, 4 & 5 Rooms
One and two baths
Rental $1,800 to $3,900
Complete kitchens and dining alcove
Rooms of unusual large size. Abundance of closet space
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES DAILY AND SUNDAY
GIARA REALTY CORPORATION, Marcus Brown, President

The Riviera
790 Riverside Drive
156th to 157th Street
The Premier Apartment House on the Drive
Unexcelled Service—Moderate Rentals
Available Immediately and October 1st
5-7-8-9-10 Rooms
Manager on Premises Tel. Billings 2900

Lewis Morris
New High-Class Fireproof Apartments
GRAND CONCOURSE AND CLIFFORD PLACE
One Block North of 174th St.
Within Several Blocks of 6th and 9th Ave. "L," Jerome or Lexington Ave. Subway at Mt. Eden Station.
13 STORIES ON GRAND CONCOURSE. 17 STORIES ON WALTON AVE.
REASONABLE RENTALS.
Two Rooms With Bath; White Door Bed and Dining Bay Adjacent to Kitchen. Also Suites of
3-4-5-6 ROOMS AND BATH. 7 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.
4 OTIS ELEVATORS.
Exceptional Light Sunny Rooms; Unexcelled Panorama.
View on Four Sides. Renting Manager on Premises Daily.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Beautiful Riverdale Section
Convenient to
Van Cortlandt Park
Golf and Tennis Courts
Godwin Court Apartments
N.W. Cor. 230th St. & Godwin Terrace
Two Blocks From Subway *One Block West of Broadway*
New Four Room Apartments
Now available at the
Moderate Rental of **$75** Monthly and up
All outside rooms, facing on either the street or a beautiful garden court. Highest type of construction throughout; spacious rooms, convenient housekeeping arrangements and attractively decorated.
Agent on premises
Brown, Wheelock, Harris: Vought & Co., Inc.
14 Wall St. Rector 9040. 20 E. 48th St. Vanderbilt 0031.

The Nevada
69th-Broadway-70th St.
2 Rooms, Bath
and kitchenette from $1,400
6 Rooms
Kitchen and Bath from $2,400
SUPT. ON PREMISES.
TEL. ENDICOTT 0686.

New Building
15 WEST 97th ST.
JUST COMPLETED.
EVERY IMPROVEMENT.
INCLUDING KITCHEN & BATH.
3 Rooms, $85-$105
PER MONTH.
Inquire premises or Tel. Columbus 2422.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Apartments

39 Fifth Ave.
At 11th Street
3 ROOMS

129 East 82d St.
Cor. Lexington Ave.
6 ROOMS

1000 Park Ave.
Cor. 84th St.
4-6 ROOMS

840 Seventh Ave.
Cor. 54th St.
3-4-5 ROOMS

350 West 55th St.
Block West of Bway.
1-2-3 ROOMS

300 Central Park West
Cor. 90th St.
1-2-3 ROOMS

434 West 120th St.
Cor. Amsterdam Ave.
2-3-4 ROOMS

45 Tiemann Place
Block So. of 125th St. and B'way Sub. Station.
2-3 ROOMS

Apply on Premises or
Bing & Bing, Inc.
179 West 40th St. Tel. 4180 Pennsylvania

La Rochelle
57 West 75th St.
Select spacious 7 room apartments for select tenants.
Immediate Occupancy.
Moderate Rentals.
Superintendent on premises.

New Building
HIGH CLASS NON-ELEVATOR.
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
560 WEST 171ST ST.
S. W. Corner Audubon Ave.
3-4 ROOMS, $75 to $100
Inquire on premises or
NEHRING BROTHERS
St. Nicholas Ave., Corner 182d St.

APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET. | APARTMENTS FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Apartments

1148 Fifth Avenue
Corner 96th Street
8 to 10 Rooms—3 to 4 Baths
$4400 to $7200

952 Fifth Avenue
Bet. 76th and 77th Street
10 & 12 Rooms, 3 & 4 Baths
$8000 to $14000
Special Duplex Apartment
16 Rooms—5 Baths—$23000

981 Park Avenue
Corner 83rd Street
9 Rooms, 2 Baths—$3800

911 Park Avenue
Corner 80th Street
8 Rooms, 2 Baths—$3600

850 Park Avenue
Corner 77th Street
7 and 9 Rooms, 3 Baths
$5750 to $7000

570 Park Avenue
S. W. Cor. 63rd Street
6 Rooms, 2 Baths,—$4500
Roof Studio, $3000

56 West 11th Street
3 and 4 Rooms, 1 Bath
$1500 to $1800

146 East 49th Street
3 and 4 Rooms, 1 Bath
$1300 to $2500

150 East 52nd Street
5 to 6 Rooms, 1 & 3 Baths
Doctor's Suites 2 & 3 rooms & Bath

156 East 52nd Street
3 & 4 Rooms—1 Bath
Doctor's Suites 2 & 3 rooms & Bath

27 West 55th Street
Near 5th Avenue
3 to 4 Rooms, 1 Bath
$1900 to $3600

152 West 58th Street
Near 7th Avenue
3, 4, 5 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
$1800 to $2800

24 West 59th Street
Near Fifth Avenue
2 to 6 Rooms, 1 & 2 Baths
$1500 to $4500

23 East 63rd Street
Corner Madison Avenue
2 Rooms, 1 Bath
All Outside Rooms—$1000

139 East 66th Street
6 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths
$3400 to $4500

11 East 68th Street
Corner Madison Avenue
6 to 12 Rooms, 2 to 4 Baths
$4500 to $10,000

30 East 68th Street
Corner Madison Avenue
Studio Apartment $1400

145 East 74th Street
N. E. Cor. Lexington Avenue
6 to 7 Rooms—3 Baths
$3400 to $4500

17 East 84th Street
Near Fifth Avenue
6 Rooms, 2 Baths
$3100 to $3900 *Also*
Doctor's Suites — $1600 to $3000

115 East 90th Street
Near Park Avenue
3, 4, 5 Rooms, 1 Bath
$1650 to $2700

4 East 95th Street
Adjoining Cor. Fifth Avenue
6 & 7 Rooms—2 & 3 Baths
$2500 to $4000

Floor plans will be mailed on request.

PEASE & ELLIMAN
340 Madison Avenue, N.Y.-Tel. Murray Hill 6200

***The* Old Colony Apartments**
124 East Fortieth Street
Southwest Corner Lexington Avenue
Housekeeping Apartments
3 and 4 Rooms—$1800 to $3600
Desirable Doctors' Offices
Occupancy This Month
New 11 story fireproof structure—Large, light Rooms—Modern Kitchens. Unusual Arrangements.
S. W. Bishop Construction Co., *builders*
Brown-Wheelock: Harris, Vought & Co., Inc.
20 East 48th Street Phone—Vanderbilt 0031

THE SCHERMERHORN
Exclusive High-Class Apartments
Madison Avenue, 82nd to 83rd Street.
9 large rooms, 3 baths
ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS.
Doctor's Apt., 2 Rooms and Bath
APPLY SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE RHINELANDER
14 Washington Square, Cor. 5th Ave.
Situated in the Finest Residential Section of the City.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY
HIGH CLASS APARTMENTS
6 ROOMS & 2 BATHS
RHINELANDER REAL ESTATE CO.
31 Nassau St. Phone Rector 4371
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

Unfurnished—West Side.

17 WEST 71 ST.
5 Rooms & 2 Baths
8 Rooms & 3 Baths
Adjacent to Central Park
Ownership Management
New Nine Story Apartment House ready for Immediate Occupancy.
Open Evenings.
For Floor Plans
J. Axelrod & Son
234 West 74th St.
Tel. Endicott 0485.

5TH AVENUE APARTMENTS
1 WEST 30th ST.
(Corner Fifth Av.)
Apartments of
2-4 ROOMS
or More
Very large, light rooms, abundance of closet space; maid, valet (meals) and laundry if desired. Superintendent on premises.
Rental $90 upwards
Fred'k Fox & Co., Inc.
297 Madison Av. Vanderbilt 0340

Modern High Class
Fireproof Apartments
226 W. 70th St.
Between Broadway & West End Ave.
3-4-5-6 Rooms
With 2 Baths
REASONABLE RENTALS
Apply Superintendent on premises.

Unfurnished—West Side.

Attractive Apartment Homes

245 W. 75TH ST.
Near West End Avenue

22 W. 77TH ST.
Opp. Natural History Museum
1, 2, 3, 4 Rooms,
$780-$2,600
Four room apartments have two baths

Superintendent at either house or
FRENCH & FRENCH
INC.
350 Madison Ave. at 45th St.
Vanderbilt 3237

Unfurnished—Queens.

LIVE IN QUEENS
CRYSTAL GARDENS
4, 5, 6 Rooms—$68—$90
Why waste an hour a day traveling home when it is unnecessary. You can also live in a healthier apartment. Ready for immediate occupancy.
Take Astoria Train from Queensboro Plaza to HOYT Avenue Station.
Walk 2 blocks west (left).

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

Bank and business references required under this classification.

CAPITAL WANTED.

PUBLISHING HOUSE, CORPORATION, whose business tripled within 2 years under limited conditions, will admit as active member man with vision, energy and capability to assume departmental office management; equitable interest; minimum investment $5,000; advertising and office experience advantageous; exceedingly fine opening for some young man; opportunity; fullest investigation given. Write for appointment, stating telephone. Box 562, 219 7th Av.

GROWING advertising agency clientele, contract basis, offers interest to experienced direct advertising or printing salesman; $5,000 investment required to take care of new business; rare opportunity to right party; only replies stating experience will be considered. A 37 Times.

WHOLESALE import business of unlimited possibilities now organizing, handling raw products, wants associate with office experience and $12,000; large profits made on merchandise; principal only. F 259 Times.

WANTED—To borrow $14,000, from private party; collateral nearly double the loan; will pay good interest; only private parties considered; write for appointment, giving phone. C 334 Times.

PARTNER wanted for established printing with $5,000 to $10,000 capital; exceptional opportunity; will stand closest investigation. Apply B. 41 N. Y. Times Brooklyn Branch.

ESTABLISHED manufacturing business requires $5,000 for expansion. Suite 111, 800 Eighth Av.

RECOGNIZED firm of theatrical producers require $30,000 to produce additional plays; principals only; will stand strictest investigation. X. O., 49 Times.

MODERATE investment and services, in old established chemical business; now doing about $1,000,000 yearly. P 221 Times.

CAPITAL TO INVEST.

LIVE WIRE, 27, will invest $500 with services; state particulars. G 273 Times.

YOUNG hustler will invest $2,000, services. Write R, 1,228 55d St.

BUSINESS CONNECTIONS.

DISTRIBUTORS wanted for Hyatt Glare Killer; makes night driving safe; can be attached to any automobile; retail price $1.50; good commission to dealers; exclusive agency; small capital will finance you; write, wire or call in person. Hyatt Glare Killer, Suite 611, 1,674 Broadway, N. Y. City.

YOU DO WANT A BUSINESS of your own! $125 upward invested in a universally used article will establish you; substantial profits, both wholesale and retail. Call and let us prove it. Perry & Schoyer, 1008 Knickerbocker Building.

WE have clients with cash to buy entire business, control or partnership. Call or send your particulars to Beresoff Nibur Raphel, 30 East 42d.

WANTED—Brass steel article for manufacturing. Waterhouse, Newark.

FOR SALE.

ALL or part real estate development must be sold; partners wish to separate. If you have $7,500 and want sound investment with big returns, write Z 2240 Times Annex.

GARAGES- Manhattan, 15,000 square feet; one floor filled, $25 average; $8,000 security required. West 90s, established, 85 cars; $10,000. West 70s, established, 250 cars, $45 average; long lease; $30,000 security required. Park Av., 50s, established, capacity 175 cars; 2 floors, runway; $13,000 security. Washington Heights, established, 100x100; 3 floors filled; 2 elevators; security only. Bronx, 185 cars; low rent; $15,000. Other garages under construction or established. Garage Realty Co., 1,457 Broadway.

OTHER interests compel our sacrificing successful direct-by-mail radio circular and jobbing business at bargain price of $3,000; business on hand; quick action essential; open fullest investigation; wonderful opportunity. S 959 Times Downtown.

GARAGE—Chelsea district; 52,500 square feet; 2 elevators; 53 cents square feet gross; 155 cars now average $20 per month; 15,000 gallons gasoline; long lease; $8,000 security only. A. Wolfson Co., 1,328 Broadway. Fitzroy 6459.

READY-TO-WEAR Shop—Established seven years; carrying full line of women's, misses' and girls' apparel; located in good shopping centre; will sacrifice to quick purchaser. W. D., 294 Times.

BEAUTY PARLOR—Four booths, furnished, permanent waving machine, school attached; $800. Loretta Beauty Shop, 1,493 Broadway, Room 313.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity, sporting goods store, Brooklyn; established 20 years; owner retiring; about $25,000 required. W 897 Times.

LONG-ESTABLISHED cleaning and dyeing store in New York City; long lease; reasonable price. Wohl, 542 8th Av., Long Island City.

RETIRING FOM BUSINESS—Will sell modern cleaning and dyeing plant; reasonable terms. Wohl, 542 8th Av., Long Island City.

GARAGE — Bronx; capacity 140; practically filled; $8,000, including $3,000 security; terms. Francis J. Phillips, 47 West 42d.

HAIRDRESSING establishment, upper Broadway; excellent opportunity; also many others. A. Bechter, 47 West 42d.

ESTABLISHED mail order; equipped showroom; sacrifice; worth investigating. Fischer, 33 Union Square.

LATHES, millers, &c.; 26 machines; entire equipment, $1,500. G 697 Times Downtown.

MISCELLANEOUS.

MILLINERY space to let with well established high-class gown shop; best location on Broadway. Z 2266 Times Annex.

SEES GOOD TRADE OUTLOOK.

Turn for the Better in Farm Situation, Credit Men's Official Reports.

J. H. Tregoe, secretary and treasurer of the National Association of Credit Men, in his monthly letter to commercial and banking concerns, issued yesterday, says that the outlook is good for better business and that the outstanding feature of the present price situation is the narrowing of the spread between general commodity prices and the prices for farm products.

General commodity prices were 8 per cent. above farm product prices in August, compared to 18 per cent. above in August a year ago. "In other words," Mr. Tregoe says, "the position of the farmer as a whole has improved vastly over his position a year ago. The farm situation as a whole has shown a decided turn for the better."

Reviewing 180 answers to a nation-wide questionnaire, Mr. Tregoe says the credit men of the country report that "they look for better business for September, October and November of 1923 as compared with the same months of 1922. The petroleum group does not share in these optimistic conclusions. The agricultural implements group is somewhat less optimistic than the other groups."

$100,000 Fire in Auburn, Me.

AUBURN, Me., Sept. 30.—Damage estimated at $100,000 was caused last night by fire which destroyed the Woodrowe five-story wooden storehouse and auction rooms and two dwellings here and threatened several shoe factories and a score of tenement houses until the combined efforts of the Lewiston and Auburn Fire Departments brought the flames under control. The Woodrowe building was used as a tabernacle by the Rev. Frank W. Sanford of the Holy Ghost and Us Society of Shiloh when he first held meetings in this part of Maine.

Fire Record.

A. M.		Loss.
2:45	524 West 49 St.; John Bellewetsky	Not given
6:45	67St. and 5 Av.; auto; L. Pickchao	Slight
8:45	872 Columbus Av.; Michael McMeany	Not given
10:10	301 Broome St.; Fanny Rosenthal	Not given
11:20	2,146 Decatur Av., The Bronx; Margaret Houghton,	Not given
P. M.		
12:05	233 West 142 St.; not given.	Trifling
12:10	411 West 16 St.; not given.	Not given
12:10	2,092 Madison Av.; Max Goldmich	Not given
1:30	367 East 62 St.; Jennie Rosenthal	Not given
4:20	309 St. Anns Av., The Bronx; William Cantor	Not given
5:15	225 5 Av.; Frank Jacowitz	Not given
5:15	1,335 Grand Concourse, The Bronx; not given	Not given
6:25	35 Amsterdam Av.; not given,	Not given
7:50	722 11 Av.; George Bickelhaupt	Not given
8:50	225 St. and Broadway; Van Buren Co.	Slight
9:15	225 East 103 St.; not given.	Slight
9:30	161 St. and Morris Av., The Bronx; not given	None

JOHN DAVID

STEIN-BLOCH SMART CLOTHES MEN'S FURNISHINGS AND HATS

Exclusive, But Not Expensive

ANNOUNCING

The Opening Of Our New Shop

Exchange Place At New St.

IN THE CENTRE OF THE FINANCIAL DISTRICT
ONE BLOCK FROM WALL STREET

OUR New Establishment, Exchange Place At New Street, Situated In The Heart Of The Financial District, Enables Us To Render A Really Unexampled Service To Downtown New York In Supplying Clothing, As Well As Haberdashery And Hats.

¶ The Wall Street Man Has The Reputation Of Being The Best-Dressed Man In The United States. His Fashions Are Nationally Quoted And Copied. We Know What He Wants And Wears, And We Are Ready To Purvey It On The Basis That Even If Moderate Price Is Not Always An Object, Neither Is It Ever An Objection.

¶ The Golf School In This Establishment, Paralleling In Equipment And Efficiency That Of Our Madison Avenue Shop And Soon, We Believe, To Parallel Its Unparalleled Success, Will Be Under The Direction Of Mr. Sandy Armour, A Distinguished "Pro".

¶ Again And Always—*"Exclusive, But Not Expensive,"* And Don't Forget To *"Compare!"*

The Five Easily Reached JOHN DAVID *Shops Roundabout New York*

BROADWAY, AT 32nd STREET, Facing Greeley Square
EXCHANGE PLACE AT NEW STREET, One Block From Wall
338 MADISON AVENUE 125 AND 127 WEST 42nd
62 BROADWAY, Below Wall COURT ST., At Montague, B'KLYN

524 A

Service Plates in the Sale of China

Not place plates alone, but many other charming examples of good china are lessened in price during September.

SOME luxurious souls would like to own as many sets of service plates as there are dinners in a winter's calendar. Certainly every hostess who entertains at all, must have one good set. And here comes September, giving the former a chance to gratify their extravagant idea less extravagantly, and the hostess of more moderate inclination to possess a worthier service at a very small cost.

Many of the exquisite, hand-done plates are laid low by discounts so that their prices approximate the prices of ordinary china. Renowned patterns from the most famous makers are marked but little higher than you would expect to pay for the ordinary china of commerce.

OVINGTON'S

"The Gift Shop of Fifth Avenue"

FIFTH AVENUE AT 39TH STREET

Hart Schaffner & Marx

TOPCOATS

in likable British styles

$50

In a drizzle, cool snap or gale these Topcoats comport themselves both efficiently and smartly—besides finding plenty of between-time employment as a good looking Topcoat always does. A rich silk lining is only an added reminder that $50 is an underestimate of their worth. Other good ones at $35 and up.

A handsome collection of Hart Schaffner & Marx Suits is attractively priced at $40

Other Fine Suit Values at $50 and up

Wallach Bros

Broadway, below Chambers
Broadway, cor. 29th

246-248 West 125th
3d Ave., cor. 122d

NEW—
For Evening Wear!

No. 1164—*Imported Colt-skin, with calf instep*—$7.50

A shoe that you just "slip" into actually as well as literally! It's a brand new LONDON innovation.

No struggling with buttons, no lacing! The elastic inserts do it! The buttons are a matter of adornment, rather than annoyance, in this remarkably good-looking LONDON evening pump.

See it—and you'll buy it—because the price is the only common-place thing about it! Seven-fifty!

London CHARACTER SHOES

Four Convenient New York Stores

—If every man knew, there'd be but one shoe.

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Peerless

REBUILT EIGHTS

Important Price Reductions

Recent Price Cut Increases New Car Sales Necessitating Clearing Out Used Cars

Every Peerless Car Offered Has Been Rebuilt and Repainted By Us and Is Sold With Our New Car Factory Guarantee

LOOK AT THESE SACRIFICE PRICES:

YEAR	TYPE OF BODY	COST PRICE	SELLING PRICE	SLASHED PRICE	YEAR	TYPE OF BODY	COST PRICE	SELLING PRICE	SLASHED PRICE
1919	Coupe & Sedan	$3500	$1200	$ 800	1922	4 Pass. Coupe	$3300	$2800	$2400
1920	7 Pass. Sedan	4140	1700	1200	1922	7 Pass. Sedan-Limo.	4140	2900	2500
1921	7 Pass. Touring	2900	1700	1200	1923	4 & 7 Pass. Touring	2990	2700	2350
1921	4 Pass. Coupe & Sedan	3600	2000	1500	1923	4 Pass. Coupe	3550	3000	2750
1922	7 Pass. Touring	2990	2000	1650	1923	7 Pass. Sub-Sedan	4140	3750	3500

OTHER MAKES

1918	Cunningham Brough	$ 500	1923	Standard 8 Tour	$1200
1918	Packard 7 Pass. Sedan	700	1921	Stutz 4 Sport	700
1921	Hudson 7 Pass. Sedan	1200	1918	Overland 5 Pass. Sedan	350
1922	Wills St. Claire Tour	1500	1919	Cadillac Limo	800
1922	Marmon Tour	1700	1920	Mercer 4 Pass. Sport	1000

TIME PAYMENTS YOUR CAR IN TRADE

PEERLESS
BROADWAY & 62nd ST. NEW YORK

Columbus 8763 *OPEN EVENINGS*

MARMON

Reduced to $2785

The fact that the Marmon now sells for $2785 needs no comment.

The Marmon organization has always had one aim—to place in the hands of the owner a piece of mechanism which would render the lowest operating and maintenance costs for a given standard of comfort and performance.

Marmon has never strayed from this original purpose. *Nine years of unrelenting concentration on one type* have produced a car which beyond all doubt delivers the finest transportation at the lowest cost per mile.

The growing success of Marmon which has been so apparent for more than a year made it inevitable that the Marmon could be made an even finer car and sell at an even lower price.

The owest priced car to operate and maintain now becomes the lowest in first cost, in its quality class.

No greater motor car and surely no greater value were ever offered to the motor car investors of America.

New prices effective September 24, 1923. Seven-Passenger Phaeton $2785, (former price $3185) f. o. b. factory; government tax additional. Corresponding reductions on all other models.

FOUR-WHEEL BRAKES Optional Equipment at Moderate Additional Cost

It is characteristic of Marmon engineering that the four-wheel brakes now available on the Marmon should follow a design of the utmost simplicity. In producing brakes of tremendous power and safety Marmon engineers have avoided, with unusual success, the complications common to many types.

MARMON AUTOMOBILE CO. of N.Y., Inc.

1880 BROADWAY—624 STREET, N.Y. Telephone, Columbus 5090

BREWSTER & CO., Fifth Avenue, New York City

CHARLES BERGER CO. . . 160 Bedford Ave., Brooklyn
F. P. BRAND DIST. CO. . . . Flushing, L. I.
GEO. B. SAMSEL CO. . . . New Rochelle, N.Y.
MINERVA GARAGE, INC. . . West Hoboken, N.J.
CONCOURSE GARAGE . 167th St. and Rver Ave., Bronx
VAN MOTORS CORP. . . . . Kingston, N.Y.
CLIFTON MOTORS CORP. . . . . Paterson, N.J.
MILTON SANDMAN . . . 561 Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn
CHELSEA-BROWN CORP. . . 261 Broad St., Newark, N.J.
WHITE PLAINS MOTOR SERVICE . White Plains, N.Y.
WORCESTER GARAGE CO. . . . Middletown, N.Y.
NASH QUEENS MOTORS CORP. Jamica, L. I.

Nordyke & Marmon Company - *Established 1851* Indianapolis - Indiana

The New
HIGH POWERED REO "SIXES"

6 Cylinder Touring $1335

AT THE

New Phaeton Reo $1545

CLOSED CAR SHOW

4 Pass. Coupe $1875

—

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE

5 Pass. Sedan $1985

4 Door Brougham $2235

All prices f. o. b. Lansing plus Federal tax

Double frame mounting of power units,—low hung chassis,—greatly oversized brakes,—new rear axle,—modish body lines,—generous equipment. Designed and manufactured in the big Reo shops,—not assembled!

Reo Motor Car Company of N. Y., Inc.

NEW YORK: B'way at 54th St. BROOKLYN: 1530 Bedford Ave.
NEWARK: 520 Broad St. NEW ROCHELLE: 462 Main St.

Of Bread

FANNY HURST wrote to the author, CHARLES G. NORRIS

"I can't tell you with what sincerity, Charles, I accuse you of being a powerful novelist. 'Bread' is a domicile between cloth-bound book-covers, and in it dwell real, moving, throbbing, hating, loving, human beings. I don't know a man writing today whose people have the dimension yours have."

$2, postage extra, at any bookstore. E. P. Dutton & Co., 681 5th Ave., N.Y.

Coffee

Hotel Blend 35¢ lb

Delicious! To You Direct, in 5 lb. Lots or More, Bean or Ground, at Wholesale Price!

Delivered Within 200 Miles of 26c Per Pound.

GILLIES COFFEE CO.

235 Washington St. at Park Pl., N. Y. C.
Phone Barclay 9857. —EST. 33 YRS.

SAVE 30%

TUNGSTEN LAMPS

Watts.	Reg.	Our Price
10 to 50	.32	.22
60	.40	.26

NITROGEN LAMPS

All SIZES in Stock	.75	.55	.38
	100	.70	.49
	200	1.15	.80

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Full Line Everything Electrical
SUBSTANTIAL SAVINGS
ELECTRICAL & ENGINEERING CO.
716 Eighth Ave. (45th St.) Lac'wana 6860
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New Building
15 W. 97th St.
3 ATTRACTIVE ROOMS

with full sized kitchen, bath and every modern improvement.

RENTS FROM $85—$105

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